Far Eastern New Century Corporation

Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 and Independent Auditors' Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and the Stockholders Far Eastern New Century Corporation

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Far Eastern New Century Corporation (the "Company") as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the related statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Far Eastern New Century Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Rules Governing the Audit of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those rules and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Far Eastern New Century Corporation as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The accompanying schedules of major accounting items of Far Eastern New Century Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 are presented for the purpose of additional analysis. Such schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures described in the second paragraph. In our opinion, such schedules are consistent, in all material respects, with the financial statements required to in the first paragraph.

March 24, 2014

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

BALANCE SHEETS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Par Value)

	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012		January 1, 20	012
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
CURRENT AGGETG						
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 9,542,173	5	\$ 4,381,262	2	\$ 2,444,308	2
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4, 5 and 7)	46,516	-	25,345	_	48,308	_
Bond investments with no active market - current (Note 8)	145,947	_	23,3 13	-	-	_
Notes and accounts receivable, net (Notes 4, 5 and 9)	7,788,958	4	8,716,108	5	10,079,388	6
Notes and accounts receivable from related parties (Notes 4 and 26)	1,060,411	1	789,766	1	470,140	-
Other receivables	220,365	-	210,325	-	188,667	-
Other receivables from related parties (Note 26)	4,401,485	2	338,194	-	282,919	-
Current tax assets	2,314	- 2	45,593 6,363,829	3	27,722 7,597,423	4
Inventories (Notes 4, 5 and 10) Prepayments	6,605,481 467,163	3	275,259	3	7,397,423 226,754	4
Other current assets	352,909	_	188,733	_	404,662	_
Total current assets	30,633,722	15	21,334,414	11	21,770,291	12
NONCURRENT ASSETS					<u> </u>	
Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 12)	902,112	1	804,484	_	737,481	1
Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent (Notes 4 and 13)	-	-	53,667	-	53,667	-
Investments accounted for using equity method (Notes 4, 11 and 27)	147,078,649	73	142,834,850	77	138,930,049	77
Property, plant and equipment, net (Notes 4, 5 and 14)	21,969,289	11	19,962,782	11	18,879,533	10
Investment properties, net (Notes 4 and 15)	822,587	-	816,604	1	231,699	-
Other intangible assets (Note 4)	16,392 291,062	-	20,332 344,910	-	21,965 241,552	-
Deferred tax assets (Notes 4, 5 and 23) Prepayments for equipment (Note 14)	291,062 327,575	-	298,135	-	505,097	-
Guarantee deposits	62,792	-	67,515	-	53,517	_
Other financial assets - noncurrent (Note 27)	34,381	_	34,381	_	34,381	_
Other noncurrent assets	86,981		186,048		112,579	
Total noncurrent assets	171,591,820	85	165,423,708	89	159,801,520	
TOTAL	\$ 202,225,542	100	\$ 186,758,122	100	\$ 181,571,811	100
TOTAL	<u> </u>	<u> 100</u>	<u>Ψ 100,730,122</u>	<u> 100</u>	<u>Ψ 101,571,011</u>	<u></u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Short-term borrowings (Note 16)	\$ 6,260,388	3	\$ 6,116,442	3	\$ 5,472,199	3
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - current (Notes 4 and 7)	272	-	619	-	4,708	-
Notes and accounts payable	4,145,447	2	3,449,797	2	3,970,075	2
Notes and accounts payable to related parties (Note 26)	948,175	-	933,977	1	1,108,388	1
Payables to suppliers of machinery and equipment	1,173	2	790 3,783,002	2	5,143 3,396,188	2
Other payable Provisions - current (Note 18)	3,644,611 12,171	2	2,581		3,390,188 44,795	_
Receipts in advance	328,753	_	374,931	_	364,251	_
Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 17)	7,246,540	4	2,380,000	1	1,878,631	1
Other current liabilities	754,607		677,080		688,837	
Total current liabilities	23,342,137	<u>11</u>	17,719,219	9	16,933,215	9
NONCHIDE ENTER A LA DIVITE I						
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	24 700 061	17	22 242 570	10	21 244 014	10
Bonds payable (Note 17) Long-term borrowings (Note 17)	34,790,061 27,961,684	17 14	32,343,579 22,860,463	18 12	21,344,014 28,450,000	12 16
Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4, 5 and 23)	2,000,684	14	2,015,496	1.2	2,143,414	10
Accrued pension liabilities (Notes 4, 5 and 19)	1,245,392	1	1,777,425	1	1,441,042	1
Guarantee deposits received (Note 25)	3,059	-	2,259	-	615	-
Deferred credit - gain on inter-related parties accounts (Note 26)	50,795		55,850		55,886	
Total noncurrent liabilities	66,051,675	33	59,055,072	32	53,434,971	30
Total liabilities	89,393,812	44	76,774,291	41	70,368,186	<u>39</u>
EQUITY						
Capital stock						
Common stock	51,450,165	<u>26</u>	50,441,338	<u>27</u>	48,972,173	<u>27</u>
Capital surplus	4,681,042	2	4,744,045	3	940,486	
Retained earnings	10 (07 500		11 000 700		10.710.600	
Legal reserve Special reserve	12,687,509 25,448,036	6 13	11,820,720 25,471,594	6 14	10,710,699 25,472,605	6 14
Unappropriated earnings	13,955,940	13 7	15,100,772	8	23,472,603 21,637,279	14 12
Total retained earnings	52,091,485	26	52,393,086	28	57,820,583	32
Other equity	4,634,101	2	2,430,425	1	3,495,446	2
Treasury shares	(25,063)		(25,063)		(25,063)	
Total equity	112,831,730	<u>56</u>	109,983,831	59	111,203,625	61
TOTAL	<u>\$ 202,225,542</u>	100	<u>\$ 186,758,122</u>	100	<u>\$ 181,571,811</u>	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements. $\,$

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Years Ended December 31			
	2013		2012	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OPERATING REVENUE (Notes 4 and 26)				
Net sales	\$ 61,905,623	100	\$ 60,669,847	100
Other operating revenue	13,459	-	12,648	-
1 0	<u> </u>			
Total operating revenue	61,919,082	100	60,682,495	<u>100</u>
OPERATING COSTS (Notes 22 and 26)				
Cost of goods sold	57,691,879	93	55,713,636	92
Other operating cost	12,609		10,312	
Total operating costs	57,704,488	93	55,723,948	92
GROSS PROFIT	4,214,594		4,958,547	8
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 22 and 26)				
Selling and marketing	2,786,486	5	3,049,602	5
General and administrative	1,204,129	2	1,258,164	2
Research and development	664,283	1	622,731	1
Total operating expenses	4,654,898	8	4,930,497	8
PROFIT (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	(440,304)	(1)	28,050	
NONOPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES				
Share of profit of associates (Note 11)	8,012,097	13	6,014,527	10
Interest income	82,448	_	8,828	_
Rental income	21,954	_	11,820	_
Dividend income	15,883	-	19,549	-
Other income - other	580,288	1	232,823	-
Gain on disposal of property plant and equipment	20,181	-	31,680	-
Gain on disposal of investment	5,626	-	36	-
Gain on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value				
through profit or loss, net (Note 7)	189,620	-	78,728	-
Interest expense	(860,591)	(1)	(801,151)	(1)
Other expense	(248,823)	(1)	(340,250)	(1)
Exchange loss, net (Note 4)	(89,281)	-	(281,737)	-
Impairment loss on assets	(8,546)		(164,960)	
Total nonoperating income and expenses	7,720,856	12	4,809,893	8
			(Cor	ntinued)

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Years Ended December 31				
	2013		2012		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	\$ 7,280,552	11	\$ 4,837,943	8	
INCOME TAX (EXPENSE) BENEFIT (Notes 4, 5 and 23)	(73,471)	-	<u>79,625</u>		
NET INCOME	7,207,081	_11	4,917,568	8	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets Actuarial gain (loss) arising from defined benefit	97,628	-	66,179	-	
plans Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of	60,778	-	(576,948)	(1)	
associates Income tax (loss) gain relating to components of	2,185,201	4	(1,160,461)	(2)	
other comprehensive income	(10,332)		98,081	1	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of income tax	2,333,275	4	(1,573,149)	<u>(2</u>)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	\$ 9,540,356	<u>15</u>	\$ 3,344,419	<u>6</u>	
EARNINGS PER SHARE (NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS; Note 21)					
Basic Diluted	\$ 1.50 \$ 1.49		\$ 1.02 \$ 1.02		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Concluded)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars; Except Dividend Per Share)

		g 14.1g 1		g. IID	Unappropriated	Exchange Differences on Translating	Other Equity Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Available-for- sale	Unrealized Loss on	m	
	Common Stock (Note 20)	Capital Surplus (Notes 4 and 20)	Legal Reserve (Note 20)	Special Reserve (Note 20)	Earnings (Note 20)	Foreign Operations (Notes 4 and 20)	Financial Assets (Notes 4 and 20)	Cash Flow Hedge (Notes 4 and 20)	Treasury Stocks (Note 20)	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2012	\$ 48,972,173	\$ 940,486	\$ 10,710,699	\$ 25,472,605	\$ 21,637,279	\$ -	\$ 3,500,409	\$ (4,963)	\$ (25,063)	\$ 111,203,625
Appropriation of the 2011 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends - NT\$1.7 per share Stock dividends - NT\$0.3 per share	- - 1,469,165	- - -	1,110,021	- - -	(1,110,021) (8,325,270) (1,469,165)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(8,325,270)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2012	-	-	-	-	4,917,568	-	-	-	-	4,917,568
Other comprehensive loss for the year ended December 31, 2012			-		(508,128)	(2,534,967)	1,538,270	(68,324)		(1,573,149)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2012	_	_	_	_	4,409,440	(2,534,967)	1,538,270	(68,324)	_	3,344,419
Change in equity in associates	-	3,679,776	-	(17)	(42,322)	-	-	-	-	3,637,437
Partial acquisition of interests in subsidiaries	-	122,571	-	(163)	-	-	-	-	-	122,408
Change in capital surplus from dividends distributed to subsidiaries	-	1,212	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,212
Reversal of special reserve	_	_	_	(831)	831		_	_	_	_
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2012	50,441,338	4,744,045	11,820,720	25,471,594	15,100,772	(2,534,967)	5,038,679	(73,287)	(25,063)	109,983,831
Appropriation of the 2012 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends - NT\$1.3 per share Stock dividends - NT\$0.2 per share	1,008,827	- - -	866,789 - -	- - -	(866,789) (6,557,374) (1,008,827)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(6,557,374)
Net income for the year ended December 31, 2013	-	-	-	-	7,207,081	-	-	-	-	7,207,081
Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2013	_	_	_	_	129,599	2,814,699	(565,947)	(45,076)	_	2,333,275
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2013	_	_	_	_	7,336,680	2,814,699	(565,947)	(45,076)	_	9,540,356
Change in equity in associates	-	(63,958)	-	(9,952)	(62,128)	-	-	-	-	(136,038)
Change in capital surplus from dividends distributed to subsidiaries	-	955	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	955
Reversal of special reserve	_		_	(13,606)	13,606		_	<u> </u>	-	_
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2013	<u>\$ 51,450,165</u>	<u>\$ 4,681,042</u>	<u>\$ 12,687,509</u>	<u>\$ 25,448,036</u>	<u>\$ 13,955,940</u>	\$ 279,732	<u>\$ 4,472,732</u>	<u>\$ (118,363)</u>	\$ (25,063)	<u>\$ 112,831,730</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Years Ended December 31			
		2013		2012
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax	\$	7,280,552	\$	4,837,943
Adjustments for:		, ,		, ,
Depreciation		1,618,620		1,414,029
Amortization		9,223		8,910
Interest expenses		860,591		801,151
Interest income		(82,448)		(8,828)
Dividend income		(15,883)		(19,549)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(20,181)		(31,680)
Share of the profit of associates		(8,012,097)		(6,014,527)
Gain on disposal of investment		(5,626)		(36)
Impairment loss on assets		8,546		164,960
Casualty loss		-		9,350
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		(01.171)		22.062
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(21,171)		22,963
Notes and accounts receivable		927,150		1,363,280
Notes and accounts receivable from related parties Other receivables		(270,645)		(319,626)
		(10,040)		(23,240)
Other receivables from related parties Inventories		(97,288) (241,652)		(55,275) 1,233,594
Prepayments		(191,904)		(48,505)
Other current assets		(164,176)		215,929
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(347)		(4,089)
Notes and accounts payable		695,650		(520,278)
Notes and accounts payable to related parties		14,198		(174,411)
Other payables		(178,426)		250,863
Receipts in advance		(46,178)		10,680
Other current liabilities		77,527		(11,757)
Accrued pension liabilities		(471,255)		(240,565)
Cash generated from operations		1,662,740		2,861,286
Interest received		15,445		8,828
Dividend received		9,900,829		7,380,414
Interest paid		(791,918)		(674,016)
Income tax paid		(1,488)		(25,092)
Net cash generated from operating activities		10,785,608		9,551,420
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Increase in bond investments with no active market		(145,947)		-
Proceeds of the disposal of financial assets carried at cost		36,953		-
Proceeds of capital reduction from financial assets carried at cost		17,285		-
Acquisition of investments accounted for using the equity-method		(4,066,530)		(3,547,717) (Continued)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31		
	2013	2012	
Proceeds of the disposal of investments accounted for using the equity-method	\$ -	\$ 235,491 616,092	
Proceeds of capital reduction on equity-method investments Acquisition of property, plant, equipment and prepayment for	-	010,092	
equipment	(3,688,496)	(3,058,937)	
Proceeds of the disposal of property, plant and equipment	48,510	48,334	
(Increase) decrease in guarantee deposits	4,723	(13,998)	
Increase in other receivable from related parties	(3,899,000)	-	
Acquisition of intangible assets	(5,283)	(7,277)	
Decrease (increase) in other noncurrent assets	90,521	(85,070)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,607,264)	(5,813,082)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in short-term borrowings	143,946	644,243	
Proceeds of the issue of bonds	9,673,938	13,366,500	
Repayments of bonds payable	(2,380,000)	(1,899,000)	
Proceeds of long-term borrowings	132,077,235	112,528,296	
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(126,976,014)	(118,117,833)	
Increase in guarantee deposits received	800	1,644	
Dividends paid	(6,557,338)	(8,325,234)	
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities	5,982,567	(1,801,384)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5,160,911	1,936,954	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,381,262	2,444,308	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 9,542,173	<u>\$ 4,381,262</u>	

For the Years Ended

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Far Eastern New Century Corporation (FENC or the "Company"), which was incorporated in 1954, manufactures and sells polyester materials, semifinished products and finished goods such as cotton, synthetic or blended fabrics, towels and bedsheets, and woven and knitted garments; PET (polyethylene terephthalate) bottles and PET sheets; and natural, synthetic or blended yarns and polyester textured yarns. It also does yarn, silk and cloth printing and dyeing as well as manufactures wide-view film, antiglare film, antireflection film and other optical films. The Company's stock is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange. On October 19, 1999, the Company issued global depositary receipts (GDRs), which became listed on the Luxembourg Stock Exchange.

On October 13, 2009, the stockholders resolved to change their Group name of Far Eastern Textile Ltd. to Far Eastern New Century Corporation; thus, the original stock symbol of FETL was changed to FENC.

The financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar. For greater comparability and consistency of financial reporting, the financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorized for issue on March 19, 2014.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. New, amended and revised standards and interpretations (the "New IFRSs") in issue but not yet effective

The Company and entities controlled by the Company have not applied the following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), Interpretations of IFRS (IFRIC), and Interpretations of IAS (SIC) issued by the IASB. (As of the date that the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Financial Supervisory Commission (the "FSC") has not announced the effective dates for the following new, amended and revised standards and interpretations (the "New IFRSs"). On January 28, 2014, the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) announced the framework for the adoption of updated IFRSs version in the ROC. Under this framework, starting January 1, 2015, the previous version of IFRSs endorsed by the FSC (the 2010 IFRSs version) currently applied by companies with shares listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or traded on the Taiwan GreTai Securities Market or Emerging Stock Market will be replaced by the updated IFRSs without IFRS 9 (the 2013 IFRSs version). However, as of the date that the financial statements were authorized for issue, the FSC has not endorsed the following new, amended and revised standards and interpretations issued by the IASB (the "New IFRSs") included in the 2013 IFRSs version.

The New IFRSs Included in the 2013 IFRSs Version Not Yet Endorsed by the FSC	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Improvements to IFRSs (2009) - amendment to IAS 39	January 1, 2009 and January 1, 2010, as appropriate
Amendment to IAS 39 "Embedded Derivatives"	Effective for annual periods ending on or after June 30, 2009
Improvements to IFRSs (2010)	July 1, 2010 and January 1, 2011, as appropriate
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle	January 1, 2013
Amendment to IFRS 1 "Limited Exemption from Comparative IFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters"	July 1, 2010
Amendment to IFRS 1 "Severe Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed Dates for First-time Adopters"	July 1, 2011
Amendment to IFRS 1 "Government Loans"	January 1, 2013
Amendment to IFRS 7 "Disclosure - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"	January 1, 2013
Amendment to IFRS 7 "Disclosure - Transfer of Financial Assets"	July 1, 2011
IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial statements"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements"	January 1, 2013
IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities"	January 1, 2013
Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 "Consolidated Financial statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transition Guidance"	January 1, 2013
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IFRS 12 and IAS 27 "Investment Entities"	January 1, 2014
IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"	January 1, 2013
Amendment to IAS 1 "Presentation of Other Comprehensive Income"	July 1, 2012
Amendment to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets"	January 1, 2012
IAS 19 (Revised 2011) "Employee Benefits"	January 1, 2013
IAS 27 (Revised 2011) "Separate Financial Statements"	January 1, 2013
IAS 28 (Revised 2011) "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"	January 1, 2013
Amendment to IAS 32 "Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 20 "Stripping Costs in Production Phase of a Surface Mine"	January 1, 2013
The New IFRSs Not Included in the 2013 IFRSs Version	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle	July 1, 2014 (Note 2)
Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle	July 1, 2014 (Note 2)
IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"	Note 3
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 "Mandatory Effective Date of IFRS 9 and Transition Disclosures"	Note 3
IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts"	January 1, 2016
Amendment to IAS 19 "Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions"	July 1, 2014
Amendment to IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"	January 1, 2014
Amendment to IAS 39 "Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting"	January 1, 2014
IFRIC 21 "Levies"	January 1, 2014

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above New IFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after the respective effective dates.
- Note 2: The amendment to IFRS 2 applies to share-based payment transactions for which the grant date is on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 3 applies to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after July 1, 2014; the amendment to IFRS 13 is effective immediately; the remaining amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.
- Note 3: IASB tentatively decided that an entity should apply IFRS 9 for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.
- b. Significant impending changes in accounting policy resulted from New IFRSs in issue but not yet effective

Except for the following, the initial application of the above New IFRSs has not had any material impact on the Company's accounting policies:

1) IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

Recognition and measurement of financial assets

With regards to financial assets, all recognized financial assets that are within the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value. Specifically, financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows, and that have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. All other financial assets are measured at their fair values at the end of reporting period. However, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of an equity investment (that is not held for trading) in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income generally recognized in profit or loss.

- 2) New and revised standards on consolidation, joint arrangement, and associates and disclosure
 - a) IFRS 10 "Financial statements"

IFRS 10 replaces IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" and SIC 12 "Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities". The Company considers whether it has control over other entities for consolidation. The Company has control over an investee if and only if it has i) power over the investee; ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of its returns. Additional guidance has been included in IFRS 10 to explain when an investor has control over an investee.

b) Revision to IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures"

Revised IAS 28 requires when a portion of an investment in an associate meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, that portion is classified as held for sale. Any retained portion that has not been classified as held for sale is accounted for using the equity method. Under current IAS 28, when a portion of an investment in associates meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, the entire investment is classified as held for sale and ceases to apply the equity method.

Under revised IAS 28, when a portion of an investment in an associate is held by, or is held indirectly through, an entity that is a venture capital organization, the Company elects to measure the investment at fair value through profit or loss. Any remaining portion of its investment in that associate that is not held through a venture capital organization is accounted for using the equity method. Under current IAS 28, the entire investment in the associate is accounted for using equity method regardless of whether the investments are held by, or are held indirectly through, an entity that is a venture capital organization.

3) IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance for fair value measurements. It defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and requires disclosures about fair value measurements. The disclosure requirements in IFRS 13 are more extensive than those required in the current standards. For example, quantitative and qualitative disclosures based on the three-level fair value hierarchy currently required for financial instruments only will be extended by IFRS 13 to cover all assets and liabilities within its scope.

4) Amendment to IAS 1 "Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income"

The amendment to IAS 1 requires items of other comprehensive income to be grouped into those that (1) will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss; and (2) will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss when specific conditions are met. Income taxes on related items of other comprehensive income are grouped on the same basis. Under current IAS 1, there were no such requirements.

5) Revision to IAS 19 "Employee Benefits"

Revision in 2011

Revised IAS 19 requires the recognition of changes in defined benefit obligations and in the fair value of plan assets when they occur, and hence eliminate the "corridor approach" permitted under current IAS 19 and accelerate the recognition of past service costs. The revision requires all actuarial gains and losses to be recognized immediately through other comprehensive income in order for the net pension asset or liability to reflect the full value of the plan deficit or surplus. Furthermore, the interest cost and expected return on plan assets used in current IAS 19 are replaced with a "net interest" amount, which is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

In addition, revised IAS 19 changes the definition of short-term employee benefits. The revised definition is "employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service". The Company's unused annual leave, which can be carried forward within (24) months after the end of the annual period in which the employee renders service and which is currently classified as short-term employee benefits, will be classified as other long-term employee benefits under revised IAS 19. Related defined benefit obligation of such other long-term benefit is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method. However, this change does not affect unused annual leave to be presented as a current liability in the consolidated balance sheet.

6) Amendment to IAS 36 "Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets"

In issuing IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement", the IASB made consequential amendment to the disclosure requirements in IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", introducing a requirement to disclose in every reporting period the recoverable amount of an asset or each cash-generating unit. The amendment clarifies that such disclosure of recoverable amounts is required only when an impairment loss has been recognized or reversed during the period. Furthermore, the Company is required to disclose the discount rate used in measurements of the recoverable amount based on fair value less costs of disposal measured using a present value technique.

7) New issued IFRIC 21 "Levies"

IFRIC 21 provides guidance on when to recognize a liability for a levy imposed by a government. It addresses the accounting for a liability whose timing and amount is certain and the accounting for a provision whose timing or amount is not certain. The Company accrues related liability when the transaction or activity that triggers the payment of the levy occurs. Therefore, if the obligating event occurs over a period of time (such as generation of revenue over a period of time), the liability is recognized progressively. If an obligation to pay a levy is triggered upon reaching a minimum threshold (such as a minimum amount of revenue or sales generated), the liability is recognized when that minimum threshold is reached.

8) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2010-2012 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 2 "Share-Based Payment", IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" and IFRS 8 "Operating Segments" were amended in this annual improvement.

The amended IFRS 2 changes the definitions of 'vesting condition' and 'market condition' and adds definitions for 'performance condition' and 'service condition'. The amendment clarifies that a performance target can be based on the operations (i.e., a non-market condition) of the Company or another entity in the same Company or the market price of the equity instruments of the Company or another entity in the same Company (i.e., a market condition); that a performance target can relate either to the performance of the Company as a whole or to some part of it (e.g. a division); and that the period for achieving a performance condition must not extend beyond the end of the related service period. In addition, a share market index target is not a performance condition because it not only reflects the performance of the Company, but also of other entities outside the Company.

IFRS 3 was amended to clarify that contingent consideration should be measured at fair value, irrespective of whether the contingent consideration is a financial instrument within the scope of IFRS 9 or IAS 39. Changes in fair value should be recognized in profit or loss.

The amended IFRS 8 requires an entity to disclose the judgments made by management in applying the aggregation criteria to operating segments, including a description of the operating segments aggregated and the economic indicators assessed in determining whether the operating segments have 'similar economic characteristics'. The amendment also clarifies that a reconciliation of the total of the reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets should only be provided if the segments' assets are regularly provided to the chief operating decision-maker.

IFRS 13 was amended to clarify that the issuance of IFRS 13 did not remove the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at their invoice amounts without discounting, if the effect of not discounting is immaterial.

IAS 24 was amended to clarify that a management entity providing key management personnel services to the Company is a related party of the Company. Consequently, the Company is required to disclose as related party transactions the amounts incurred for the service paid or payable to the management entity for the provision of key management personnel services. However, disclosure of the components of such compensation is not required.

9) Annual Improvements to IFRSs: 2011-2013 Cycle

Several standards including IFRS 3, IFRS 13 and IAS 40 "Investment Property" were amended in this annual improvement.

IFRS 3 was amended to clarify that IFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of all types of joint arrangements in the financial statements of the joint arrangement itself.

The scope in IFRS 13 of the portfolio exception for measuring the fair value of a group of financial assets and financial liabilities on a net basis was amended to clarify that it includes all contracts that are within the scope of, and accounted for in accordance with, IAS 39 or IFRS 9, even if those contracts do not meet the definitions of financial assets or financial liabilities within IAS 32.

IAS 40 was amended to clarify that IAS 40 and IFRS 3 are not mutually exclusive and application of both standards may be required to determine whether the investment property acquired is acquisition of an asset or a business combination.

c. Significant impending changes in accounting policy resulted from the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers in issue but not yet effective

On December 30, 2013, FSC announced the amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers. One of the main amendments is to permit fair value model for subsequent measurement of investment properties. This amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2014. (For an entity that chooses to measure its investment property at fair value, a special reserve shall be appropriated according to Rule No. 1030006415 issued by the FSC.)

The amendment requires that the fair value of an investment property be measured using the income approach, except for undeveloped lands in respect of which are measured using a Land Development Analysis. If the investment property is measured using the income approach, the cash flows are determined by reference to any existing lease, local rents, or market rents for similar comparable subjects, adjusted to exclude those extreme lease subjects, plus the present value of property value at the end of the analysis period, if any. (For those investment properties with an indefinite income-generating period, the analysis period should be less than 10 years. For those investment properties with a finite income-generating period, the analysis period is based on the estimated remaining period.) The discount rate is determined by applying a risk premium approach, and is to be no less than the floating rate for the 2-year time savings deposits of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd plus 0.75% and any asset-specific risk premium. The amendment requires disclosures in addition to those required by IAS 40, including significant lease terms, cash flows, discount rate, etc.

d. The impact of the application of New IFRSs and the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (the "Regulations") in issue but not yet effective on the Company's financial statements is as follows:

As of the date the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuingly assessing the possible impact that the application of the above New IFRSs will have on the Company's financial position and operating result, and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is complete.

On March 19, 2014, the Company's board of directors resolved to change its accounting policy for investment properties effective January 1, 2014. Under the new accounting policy, investment properties are subsequently measured using the fair value model.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company is continuingly assessing the possible impact that the application of other standards and interpretations will have on the Company's financial position and operating result, and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is complete.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

On May 14, 2009, the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) announced the "Framework for the Adoption of IFRSs by the Companies in the ROC." In this framework, starting 2013, companies with shares listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange or traded on the Taiwan GreTai Securities Market or Emerging Stock Market should prepare their financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and the Interpretations approved by the FSC. The transition date to IFRSs was January 1, 2012. Refer to Note 41 for the impact of IFRS conversion on the financial statements.

a. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

When preparing its financial statements, the Company used the equity method to account for its investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities. In order for the amounts of the net profit for the year, other comprehensive income for the year and total equity in the parent Group only financial statements to be the same with the amounts attributable to the owner of the Company in its financial statements, adjustments arising from the differences in accounting treatment between parent Group only basis and consolidated basis were made to investments accounted for by equity method, share of profit or loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures and related equity items, as appropriate, in the parent Group only financial statements

c. Classification of current and noncurrent assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, even if an agreement to refinance, or to reschedule payments, on a long-term basis is completed after the reporting period and before the financial statements are authorized for issue; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as noncurrent.

d. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- 1) Exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;
- 2) Exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks; and
- 3) Exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investments.

Nonmonetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of nonmonetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of nonmonetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Nonmonetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations (including those of the subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures or branches operations in other countries or currencies that differ from that used by the Company) are translated into New Taiwan dollars using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising are recognized in other comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Company and noncontrolling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e., a disposal of the Company's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a jointly controlled entity that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences is re-attributed to noncontrolling interests of the subsidiary and is not recognized in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

e. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. Net realizable value is determined as normal market value minus predicted selling expenses. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method.

f. Investment in associates

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are accounted for by the equity method.

1) Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries (including special purpose entities) are the entities controlled by the Company.

Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognized at cost and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary after the date of acquisition. Besides, the Company also recognizes the Company's share of the change in other equity of the subsidiary.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company's loss of control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the carrying amounts of the investment and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

When the Company's share of losses of a subsidiary equals or exceeds its interest in that subsidiary (which includes any carrying amount of the investment in subsidiary accounted for by the equity method and long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the subsidiary), the Company continues recognizing its share of further losses.

The acquisition cost in excess of the acquisition-date fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. Goodwill is not amortized. The acquisition-date fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired in excess of the acquisition cost is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When the Company ceases to have control over a subsidiary, any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the difference between the previous carrying amount of the subsidiary attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss. Furthermore, the Company accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

Profits and losses from downstream transactions with a subsidiary are eliminated in full. Profits and losses from upstream with a subsidiary and sidestream transactions between subsidiaries are recognized in the Company's financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiary that are not related to the Company.

2) Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized at cost and is adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Company also recognizes the changes in the Company's share of equity of associates attributable to the Company.

When the Company subscribes for additional new shares of the associate, at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription of the new shares of associate, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate is reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the investee had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. When the adjustment should be debited to capital surplus, but the capital surplus recognized from investments accounted for by the equity method is insufficient, the shortage is debited to retained earnings.

When the Company's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any carrying amount of the investment accounted for by the equity method and long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the associate), the Company discontinues recognizing its share of further losses. Additional losses and liabilities are recognized only to the extent that the Company has incurred legal obligations, or constructive obligations, or made payments on behalf of that associate.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Company remeasured the retained carrying amount of the associate at fair value from the date on which it ceases to have significant influence. Any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. The Company accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Company transacts with its associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company' financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Company.

g. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment loss.

Properties in the course of construction are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such properties are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use.

The Company estimates and capitalizes the costs of dismantling and removing properties and restoring the dismantling site, recognizes these costs as property, plant and equipment, and accrues asset related provision.

An indefeasible right of use (IRU) is an irrevocable right to use a specified amount of capacity for a specific period. Costs of IRU acquired are included in property, plant and equipment and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of IRU.

Depreciation expense is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as that for owned assets. Assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives using the straight-line method.

Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

h. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation is recognized, using the straight-line method.

i. Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful life residual value, and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The residual value of an intangible asset with a finite useful life shall be assumed to be zero unless the Company expects to dispose of the intangible asset before the end of its economic life.

i. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement category

Financial assets are classified into: Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), held-to-maturity investments, available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets and loans and receivables.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

Investments in equity instruments under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity instruments are subsequently measured at cost less any identified impairment loss at the end of each reporting period and are presented in a separate line item as financial assets carried at cost. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of the financial assets can be reliably measured, the financial assets are remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount and the fair value is recognized in profit or loss.

ii. Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated as available-for-sale or are not classified as loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value. Changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale monetary financial assets relating to changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest income calculated using the effective interest method and dividends on available-for-sale equity investments are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of available-for-sale financial assets are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired.

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established.

Available-for-sale equity investments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured and derivatives that are linked to and must be settled by delivery of such unquoted equity investments are measured at cost less any identified impairment loss at the end of each reporting period and are presented in a separate line item as financial assets carried at cost. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of the financial assets can be reliably measured, the financial assets are remeasured at fair value. The difference between carrying amount and fair value is recognized in other comprehensive income on financial assets. Any impairment losses are recognized in profit and loss.

iii. Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables (including accounts receivable, cash and cash equivalent, debt investments with no active market, and other financial assets are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment, except for short-term receivables when the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Cash equivalent includes time deposits with original maturities within three months from the date of acquisition, highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and be subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

b) Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at FVTPL, are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, such as accounts receivable, assets are assessed for impairment on a collective basis even if they are assessed as not impaired individually. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include the Company's past experience of collecting payments, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

For financial assets carried at amortized cost, the amount of the impairment loss recognized is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

For available-for-sale equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered an objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, the objective evidence of impairment could includes significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty, breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, it becoming probable that the borrower will undergo bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, or the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

When an AFS financial asset is considered impaired, cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss in the period.

For an AFS financial asset, impairment loss previously recognized in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss is recognized in other comprehensive income.

For financial assets that are carried at cost, the amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods.

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of accounts receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When accounts receivable are considered uncollectible, they are written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss except for uncollectible trade receivables and other receivables that are written off against the allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and recognized in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

3) Financial liabilities

- a) Except the following situation, all the financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method:
 - Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or it is designated as at fair value through profit or loss. For the way that the Company elected to determine the fair value, refer to Note 7.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any noncash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

4) Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses a variety of derivative financial instruments to manage its exposure to interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, including cotton future contract, forward exchange contract and combined foreign exchange options.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship. When the fair value of derivative financial instruments is positive, the derivative is recognized as a financial asset; when the fair value of derivative financial instruments is negative, the derivative is recognized as a financial liability.

Derivatives embedded in non-derivative host contracts are treated as separate derivatives when they meet the definition of a derivative, their risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the contracts are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

k. Provisions

Provisions, including those arising from the contractual obligation specified in the service concession arrangement to maintain or restore the infrastructure before it is handed over to the grantor, are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

Onerous contracts

Where the Company has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract, the present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognized and measured as provisions.

1. Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Sales returns are recognized at the time of sale provided the seller can reliably estimate future returns and recognizes a liability for returns based on previous experience and other relevant factors.

1) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized when the goods are delivered and titles have passed, at which time all the following conditions are satisfied:

- a) The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- b) The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- c) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- d) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- e) The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

The Company does not recognize sales revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors because this delivery does not involve a transfer of risks and rewards of materials ownership.

2) Dividend and interest income

Dividend income from investments is recognized when the stockholder's right to receive payment has been established provided that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

m. Retirement benefit costs

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefits is determined using the projected unit credit m ethod. All actuarial gains and losses on the defined benefit obligation are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. Past service cost is recognized immediately to the extent that the benefits are already vested, and otherwise is amortized on a straight-line basis over the average period until the benefits become vested.

The retirement benefit obligation recognized in the consolidated balance sheets represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gains and losses and unrecognized past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of plan assets. Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to unrecognized actuarial losses and past service cost, plus the present value of available refunds and reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Curtailment or settlement gains or losses on the defined benefit plan are recognized when the curtailment or settlement occurs.

n. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

According to the Income Tax Law, an additional tax at 10% of unappropriated earnings is provided for as income tax in the year the stockholders approve the retention of earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current period's income tax expenses.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, unused loss carry forward and unused tax credits for purchases of machinery, equipment and technology, research and development expenditures, and personnel training expenditures to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with these investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to use the benefits of the temporary differences and are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Income Taxes

As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, the carrying amounts of the deferred tax assets in relation to unused tax losses were NT\$291,062 thousand, NT\$344,910 thousand and NT\$241,552 thousand, respectively. As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, no deferred tax asset has been recognized on the tax loss of NT\$305,889 thousand, NT\$427,185 thousand and NT\$457,592 thousand, respectively, because of the unpredictability of future profit streams. The reliability of the deferred tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. If the actual future profits generated are less than expected, a material reversal of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognized in profit or loss for the period in which the reversal takes place.

Estimated Impairment of Notes and Accounts Receivable

When there is objective evidence of impairment loss, the Company takes into consideration the estimation of future cash flows. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. If the actual future cash flows are less than expected, a material impairment loss may arise.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

As described in Note 25, the Company's management uses its judgment in selecting an appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments that do not have quoted market price in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. For derivative financial instruments, assumptions were based on quoted market rates adjusted for specific features of the instruments. Debt instruments were valued using a discounted cash flow analysis based on assumptions supported, where possible, by observable market prices or rates. Note 25 provides detailed information about the key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value of financial instruments. The Company's management believes that the chosen valuation techniques and assumptions used are appropriate in determining the fair value of financial instruments.

Useful Lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

As described in Note 4(g), the Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at each balance sheet date.

Write-down of Inventory

Net realizable value of inventory is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. The estimation of net realizable value was based on current market conditions and the historical experience of selling products of a similar nature. Changes in market conditions may have a material impact on the estimation of net realizable value.

Defined Benefit Plan

The pension cost and accrued pension liabilities recognized under a defined benefit plan are determined by actuarial valuations through the projected unit credit method. Under this method, the actuarial assumptions for pension plans are based on the estimation of appropriate discount rates for the plan obligation, employee turnover rates, and long-term average rates of salary increases. The expenses and liabilities recognized under the estimation of the defined benefit plan may be affected significantly by changes in the market and the economy.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Cash			
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$ 5,052	\$ 5,635	\$ 5,410
Demand and checking accounts	4,038,122 4,043,174	2,399,450 2,405,085	1,631,532 1,636,942
Cash equivalents			
Time deposits with original maturities of less than three months	1,499,701	637,670	807,366
Commercial paper purchased under resell agreements	3,999,298 5,498,999	1,338,507 1,976,177	807,366
	\$ 9,542,173	<u>\$ 4,381,262</u>	<u>\$ 2,444,308</u>

As of December 31, 2013, the deposits in foreign bank amounted to NT\$123,805 thousand (JPY439,180 thousand) in Japan and amounted to NT\$261 thousand (US\$9 thousand) in New York, USA.

The market rates for bank deposits as of the balance sheet date were as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Time deposits with original maturities of less than three months	0.4%-3.3%	0.718%	0.6%-1.314%
Commercial paper purchased under resell agreements	0.6%	0.693%- 0.6931%	-

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Financial assets held for trading			
Guarantee of cotton forwards contract Valuation adjustment	\$ 26,010 \(\frac{-}{26,010}\)	\$ 25,345 	\$ 53,644 (7,435) 46,209 (Continued)

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Forward exchange contracts Combined foreign exchange options	\$ 16,194 4,312	\$ - 	\$ 2,099
Financial liabilities held for trading	<u>\$ 46,516</u>	<u>\$ 25,345</u>	<u>\$ 48,308</u>
Foreign exchange options Forward exchange contracts Exchangeable bonds-exchange rights	\$ 272 - -	\$ - 619 	\$ - - 4,708
	<u>\$ 272</u>	<u>\$ 619</u>	\$ 4,708 (Concluded)

a. Cotton futures contracts

The Company entered into cotton futures contracts mainly to hedge against the adverse fluctuation of cotton prices for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. Since these transactions did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting, they were classified as held for trading.

The Company had no outstanding cotton future contracts as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

The outstanding cotton futures contracts as of January 1, 2012 were as follows:

	Maturity Date	Units	Contract Amount (Thousands)
<u>January 1, 2012</u>			
Cotton futures contracts	March 2012	60	USD3,000/NTD90,272

b. Forward exchange contracts

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 to hedge against the exchange risks on foreign currency assets and liabilities. Since these transactions did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting, they were classified as held for trading. The Company used non-hedging forward exchange contracts to profit from the pricing differences between exchange rate fluctuations for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, the Company had outstanding forward exchange contracts, as follows:

	Currency	Maturity	Contract Amount (Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2013</u>			
Sell Sell	USD/EUR JPY/USD	2014.1.6-2014.2.7 2014.1.27-2014.4.7	USD5,000/EUR6,708 JPY1,968,307/USD19,500
			(Continued)

	Currency	Maturity	Contract Amount (Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2012</u>			
Sell Sell Sell	EUR/USD USD/NTD JPY/USD	2013.1.30-2013.2.26 2013.1.28-2013.2.26 2013.1.30	EUR4,000/USD5,235 USD14,620/NTD424,992 JPY342,185/USD4,000
<u>January 1, 2012</u>			
Sell Sell	EUR/USD USD/NTD	2012.1.30-2012.2.24 2012.1.11-2012.1.30	EUR9,000/USD11,702 USD9,280/NTD280,967 (Concluded)

c. Option contracts

The Company sold option contracts to profit on royalties and the difference between exchange rate fluctuations for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

The Company had no outstanding option contracts as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012.

	Currency	Maturity	Contract Amount (Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2013</u>			
Sell EUR call options	EUR/USD	2014.1.27	EUR2,000/USD2,790

d. Exchangeable bonds

For the exchangeable bonds issued in 2007, the Company separately recognized the embedded derivatives and the host debt instruments. In addition, the derivatives were measured at fair value and recognized as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. The Company redeemed the bonds in September 2012.

e. Combined foreign exchange options

The Company entered into combined foreign exchange options for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 to hedge against the exchange risks on foreign currency assets and liabilities. As of December 31, 2013, the Company had outstanding combined foreign exchange options, as follows:

	Currency	Maturity	Contract Amount (Thousands)
<u>December 31, 2013</u>			
Buy JPY put options Sell JPY call options	JPY/USD JPY/USD	2013.1.2-2014.5.28 2013.1.2-2014.5.28	JPY1,385,356/USD14,000 JPY4,156,068/USD42,000

As of December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, the Company had no outstanding combined foreign exchange options.

8. BOND INVESTMENTS WITH NO ACTIVE MARKET

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Time deposits with original maturities more than			
3 months	<u>\$ 145,947</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>

As of December 31, 2013, the interest rates of time deposit with original maturities more than 3 months were from 3.1% to 3.42%.

9. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Notes and accounts receivable			
Notes and accounts receivable Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 7,844,577 (55,619)	\$ 8,771,727 (55,619)	\$ 10,135,007 (55,619)
	\$ 7,788,958	<u>\$ 8,716,108</u>	\$ 10,079,388

When deciding the recoverability of accounts receivable, the Company considers any change in the credit quality from the date credit was initially granted up to the end of the reporting period. Allowance for doubtful accounts is recognized against accounts receivable on the basis of estimated irrecoverable amounts determined by reference to past defaults by counter-parties and the analysis of its current financial position.

The concentration of credit risk is limited because the Company's customer base is wide and is not focused on certain customers and companies involved are unrelated.

10. INVENTORIES

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Finished goods	\$ 1,512,449	\$ 1,513,533	\$ 1,648,951
Work in progress	1,582,363	1,420,280	1,866,723
Raw materials in transit	652,066	657,692	1,062,303
Raw materials	2,413,037	2,495,141	2,687,168
Supplies	445,566	277,183	332,278
	<u>\$ 6,605,481</u>	\$ 6,363,829	<u>\$ 7,597,423</u>

The allowance for inventory devaluation as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 were NT\$304,053 thousand and NT\$273,275 thousand, respectively.

For the years ended 2013 and 2012, the costs of inventories sold and the costs of real estate sold were NT\$57,619,879 thousand and NT\$55,721,985 thousand, respectively. The costs of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold, which included inventory write-downs for the year ended December 31, 2013, were NT\$30,778 thousand. The costs of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold, which included reversal of inventory write-down for the year ended December, 2012 were NT\$195,166 thousand. Previous write-down were reversed as a result of increased selling prices in certain markets.

11. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Investments in subsidiaries	\$ 123,971,690	\$ 120,323,424	\$ 115,907,253
Investments in associates	\$ 23,106,959	\$ 22,511,426	\$ 23,022,796

a. Investments in subsidiaries

	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012		January 1, 2012	
	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship
Unlisted companies						
Yuan Ding Investment						
Co., Ltd.	\$ 39,521,606	99.40	\$ 37,021,867	99.40	\$ 36,786,347	99.40
Far Eastern Resources						
Development Co.	25,484,146	100.00	25,624,550	100.00	25,394,299	100.00
Far Eastern Polytex						
(Holding) Ltd.	8,298,825	100.00	7,842,893	100.00	6,828,759	100.00
Far Eastern Polychem						
Industries Ltd.	7,750,790	73.04	7,391,951	73.04	7,152,582	73.04
Yuan Tong Investment	5 5 01 2 00		5.051.054	100.00	< 000 2 <0	
Co., Ltd.	7,591,280	100.00	7,351,356	100.00	6,990,269	100.00
Kai Yuan International	5 025 622		6706006	100.00	4.500.610	
Investment Co., Ltd.	5,037,632	100.00	6,726,806	100.00	4,509,618	100.00
Far Eastern Investment	6.010.205	100.00	()75 ()7	100.00	())7 (75	100.00
(Holding) Ltd.	6,910,285	100.00	6,275,647	100.00	6,227,675	100.00
PET Far Eastern	5 705 026	00.25	4 027 479	86.73	5 126 250	05.07
(Holding) Ltd.	5,785,936	88.35	4,927,478	80.73	5,126,250	85.27
Oriental Petrochemical	6,609,736	75.56	4,528,217	75.56	6,019,523	75.56
(Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	0,009,730	75.56	4,320,217	75.50	0,019,323	75.56
Far Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	2,802,883	65.11	3,258,535	65.11	2,783,540	65.11
Yuan Ding Co., Ltd.	3,089,946	37.13	3,209,929	37.13	3,154,866	37.13
An Ho Garment Co., Ltd.	1,670,580	100.00	2,933,298	100.00	1,548,564	100.00
Ding Yuan International	1,070,300	100.00	2,733,270	100.00	1,540,504	100.00
Investment Co.	2,664,434	100.00	2,517,303	100.00	2,516,316	100.00
FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	432,711	50.43	566,154	50.43	724,900	50.43
Fu Kwok Garment	132,711	30.43	300,131	30.13	721,500	30.43
Manufacturing Co.,						
Ltd.	159,971	99.99	148,193	99.99	133,187	99.99
Ding Ding Hotel Co.,	,-,-	,,,,,	, - > 0		,,	,,,,,
Ltd.	159,694	19.00	(1,897)	19.00	9,582	19.00
Far Eastern Textile Ltd.	1,235	100.00	1,144	100.00	976	100.00
	\$ 123,971,690		\$ 120,323,424		\$ 115,907,253	

Investments in Ding Ding Hotel Co., Ltd. for the were accounted for by the equity method since the Company and its subsidiaries owned more than 20% of each investee's voting stock.

b. Investment in associates

	December 31	, 2013	December 31	December 31, 2012		January 1, 2012	
	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	Carrying Value	% of Owner- ship	
Listed companies							
Asia Cement Corp.	\$ 13,152,974	22.33	\$ 13,003,408	22.33	\$ 13,742,119	22.33	
Far Eastern Department							
Stores Co., Ltd.	4,669,823	16.80	4,511,140	16.80	4,397,142	16.80	
Oriental Union Chemical	4 440 704		4 400 4=0				
Corp.	1,468,586	9.17	1,400,279	9.17	1,455,138	9.17	
Everest Textile Co., Ltd.	1,417	0.03	1,334	0.03	1,165	0.03	
TT 11 . 1	19,292,800		<u> 18,916,161</u>		19,595,564		
Unlisted companies Oriental Securities Investment Adrisory	2,050,493	10.65	12,000,873	10.65	1,965,010	10.65	
Co., Ltd. Pacific Liu tong Investment	2,030,493	19.65	12,000,873	19.65	1,963,010	19.65	
Corporation	1,763,666 3,814,159	16.83	1,594,392 13,595,265	16.83	1,462,222 3,427,232	16.83	
	<u>\$ 23,106,959</u>		<u>\$ 22,511,426</u>		<u>\$ 23,022,796</u>		

The fair values of publicly traded investments accounted for using the equity method are NT\$38,014,461 thousand, NT\$36,708,620 thousand and NT\$\$34,518,125 thousand based on the closing prices of those investments as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012.

The combined equity of the Company and subsidiaries in some investee companies - Oriental Union Chemical Corp. (OUCC), Everest Textile Co., Ltd. (Everest Textile), Oriental Securities Co., Ltd., and Pacific Liu Tong Investment Co. (PLT) - exceeded 20% of their respective outstanding common shares. Thus, related investments were accounted for by the equity method.

The summarized financial information of the Company's associates is as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Total assets Total liabilities	\$ 387,066,894 \$ 201,220,116	\$ 367,766,731 \$ 190,294,002	\$ 366,681,070 \$ 189,117,110
		For the Year En	ded December 31
		2013	2012
Operating revenue Net income		\$ 141,821,422 \$ 14,281,667	\$ 133,790,644 \$ 11,026,956
Other comprehensive income		<u>\$ 3,096,341</u>	<u>\$ (220,162)</u>
The share of profit or loss of the Company's ass	sociates		
accounted for using equity method		\$ 1,890,214	<u>\$ 1,472,407</u>

The calculation of the investments accounted for by the equity method and the share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the investments were based on the associates' audited financial statements as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

If an investment acquisition cost exceeds the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired, and the source of this excess cannot be identified, this excess should be recorded as goodwill. As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, the goodwill were amounted to NT\$99, 821 thousands.

For the investments pledged or mortgaged by the Company as collaterals for borrowings, please refer to Note 27.

12. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Marketable equity securities			
Far Eastern International Bank Co.	\$ 902,112	<u>\$ 804,484</u>	<u>\$ 737,481</u>

13. HELD-TO-MATURITY FINANCIAL ASSETS

	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012		January 1, 2012	
	Carrying Amount	%	Carrying Amount	%	Carrying Amount	%
Domestic unlisted preference shares Han Tech Venture Capital						
Corp	<u>\$ -</u>	-	<u>\$ 53,667</u>	3.73	<u>\$ 53,667</u>	3.73

Management believed that the above unlisted equity investments held by the Company had fair value that could be reliably measured due to the range of reasonable fair value estimates was so significant; therefore they were measured at cost less impairment at the end of reporting period.

As of December 31, 2013, Han Tech Venture Capital Corp had a capital reduciton and returned to the Company 1,728 thousand shares amounting to NT\$17,285 thousand. In addition, in August 2013, the Company sold the shares of Han Tech Venture Capital Corp for NT\$36,953 thousand and recognized a disposal gain of NT\$571 thousand.

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Operating And Miscellaneous Equipment	Construction- in-progress and Prepayment for Equipment	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2012 Additions Disposals Adjustments and	\$ 6,372,277 - -	\$ 6,373,066 (69,604)	\$ 49,150,983 (1,818,809)	\$ 3,396,602 (204,510)	\$ 4,371,875 3,054,584	\$ 69,664,803 3,054,584 (2,092,923)
reclassification	21,574	574,268	3,146,881	343,436	(4,553,443)	(467,284)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 6,393,851	\$ 6,877,730	\$ 50,479,055	\$ 3,535,528	\$ 2,873,016	\$ 70,159,180
Balance at January 1, 2013 Additions Disposals Adjustments and	\$ 6,393,851 - -	\$ 6,877,730 - (28,997)	\$ 50,479,055 - (5,402,839)	\$ 3,535,528 (132,241)	\$ 2,873,016 3,688,879	\$ 70,159,180 3,688,879 (5,564,077)
reclassification	(13,437)	133,752	1,380,647	524,403	(2,043,329)	(17,964)
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 6,380,414</u>	\$ 6,982,485	<u>\$ 46,456,863</u>	\$ 3,927,690	<u>\$ 4,518,566</u>	\$ 68,266,018 (Continued)

		Land	Buildings	Machinery and Equipment	Operating And Miscellaneous Equipment	Construction- in-progress and Prepayment for Equipment	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment							
Balance at January 1, 2012 Disposals Depreciation expense Impairment loss Adjustments and reclassification	\$	- - - -	\$ (3,912,676) 65,263 (151,183) - (126,928)	\$ (43,410,319) 1,797,634 (1,074,957) (153,359) 2,363	\$ (2,957,178) 204,022 (179,338)	\$ - - - -	\$ (50,280,173) 2,066,919 (1,405,478) (153,359) (126,172)
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$		<u>\$ (4,125,524)</u>	<u>\$ (42,838,638</u>)	<u>\$ (2,934,101)</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ (49,898,263)</u>
Balance at January 1, 2013 Disposals Depreciation expense Adjustments and reclassification	\$	- - -	\$ (4,125,524) 24,800 (163,209) 4,774	\$ (42,838,638) 5,379,067 (1,152,084) 281	\$ (2,934,101) 131,881 (296,121) (280)	\$ - - -	\$ (49,898,263) 5,535,748 (1,611,414) 4,775
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ (4,259,159)</u>	<u>\$ (38,611,374</u>)	<u>\$ (3,098,621)</u>	\$ -	\$ (45,969,154) (Concluded)

The above items of property, plant and equipment were depreciated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building	3-55 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Operating and miscellaneous equipment	3-15 years

For the amount of property, plant and equipment that the Company pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for borrowings, please refer to Note 27.

As of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, farmland was reclassified to property, plant and equipment amounting to NT\$238,430 thousand and to investment properties amounting to NT\$38,231 thousand. The titles to the land are temporarily registered in the name of trustees who have either signed an agreement showing the farmlands belong to the Company or have pledged the land to the Company.

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Completed Investment Properties
Cost	
Balance at January 1, 2012 Adjustments and reclassifications	\$ 1,412,393 467,284
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 1,879,677 (Continued)

	Completed Investment Properties
Balance at January 1, 2013 Disposals Adjustments and reclassifications	\$ 1,879,677 (2,468) 17,964
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 1,895,173</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	
Balance at January 1, 2012 Additions Adjustments and reclassifications	\$ (1,180,694) (8,551) 126,172
Balance at December 31, 2012	<u>\$ (1,063,073</u>)
Balance at January 1, 2013 Disposals Additions Adjustments and reclassifications	\$ (1,063,073) 2,468 (7,206) (4,775)
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ (1,072,586) (Concluded)

The fair values of the Company's investment properties were NT\$1,267,813 thousand, NT\$1,211,820 thousand and NT\$258,646 thousand as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, respectively. The fair values of the Company's investment properties as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012, were based on an independent appraiser's valuations. The Company's management calculated the fair value of investment properties through the ratio of building spaces actually been rent out. In this calculation, the direct capitalization method was used.

16. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS AND SHORT-TERM BILLS PAYABLE

Short-term Borrowings

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Credit loans	<u>\$ 6,260,388</u>	\$ 6,116,442	\$ 5,472,199
Interest rate	0.67479%- 1.3096%	0.7499% <i>-</i> 1.52%	0.7172% - 1.8288%

17. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Bank loans	<u>\$ 27,961,684</u>	\$ 22,860,463	\$ 28,450,000
Nonconvertible bonds	\$ 42,099,000	\$ 34,780,000	\$ 22,040,000
Discount of nonconvertible bonds	(62,399)	(56,421)	(35,986)
	42,036,601	34,723,579	22,004,014
Exchangeable bonds	-	-	1,239,000
Discount of exchangeable bonds	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(20,369)
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,218,631
	42,036,601	34,723,579	23,222,645
Less: Current portion	7,246,540	2,380,000	1,878,631
	<u>\$ 34,790,061</u>	\$ 32,343,579	<u>\$ 21,344,014</u>

Bank Loans

The foregoing loans are repayable through a lump sum payment on maturity in New Taiwan dollars or U.S. dollars. The Company and its subsidiaries had been allowed to make loans within the credit line limit. The Company's loan as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and January 1, 2012 were due between Febuary 2015 and June 2017, January 2014 and December 2015 and January 2013 and May 2014, respectively. Bank interest rates were 0.80% to 1.67%, 0.916% to 1.5% and 0.895% to 1.87% as of December 31, 2013, December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

On September 12, 2008, the Company entered into a medium-term syndicated loan agreement with banks led by Hua Nan Commercial Bank. The total loan agreement amounted to NT\$5,700,000 thousand. Under this agreement, the Company should keep its current, liability, tangible asset-equity and interest cover within certain ranges.

The Company's was in compliance with these ratio requirements.

Bonds

On June 20, 2008, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the second tranche). The bonds had an aggregate face value of NT\$1,000,000 thousand, with each unit having a face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. These bonds were repayable at the end of the third, fourth, and fifth years from the issuance date at 30%, 30% and 40%, respectively, of the total issued amounts, with 2.83% interest payable annually. On June 30, 2013, the Company redeemed its bonds.

On July 18, 2008, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the third tranche). The bonds had an aggregate face value of NT\$1,200,000 thousand, with each unit having a face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. These bonds were repayable at the end of the third, fourth, and fifth years from the issuance date at 30%, 30% and 40%, respectively, of the total issued amounts, with 2.95% interest payable annually. On July 2013, the Company redeemed its bonds.

On October 29, 2009, the Company issued unsecured bonds (the first tranche) amounting to NT\$3,000,000 thousand, with a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. The five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the aggregate value at the end of the fourth and fifth years of bond issuance, and the simple interest of 1.85% is payable annually. As of December 31, the Company redeemed NT\$1,500,000 thousand bonds.

On May 27, 2010, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the first tranche) amounting to NT\$5,500,000 thousand at a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. The five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the total amount at the end of the fourth year and the other 50% at the end of the fifth year of bond issuance, with a 1.68% interest rate. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On September 16, 2010, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the second tranche) amounting to NT\$6,000,000 thousand at a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. These five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the total amount at the end of the fourth year and the other 50% at the end of the fifth year of bond issuance, with a 1.59% interest rate. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On May 27, 2011, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the first tranche) amounting to NT\$3,800,000 thousand at a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. The five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the total amount at the end of the fourth year and the other 50% at the end of the fifth year of bond issuance, with a 1.50% interest rate. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On September 29, 2011, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the second tranche) amounting to NT\$2,200,000 thousand at a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. These five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the total amount at the end of the fourth year and the other 50% at the end of the fifth year of bond issuance, with a 1.55% interest rate. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On February 15, 2012, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the third tranche) amounting to NT\$6,000,000 thousand at a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. These five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the total amount at the end of the fourth year and the other 50% at the end of the fifth year of bond issuance, with a 1.36% interest rate. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On June 7, 2012, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the first tranche) amounting to NT\$3,200,000 thousand at a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. These five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the total amount at the end of the fourth year and the other 50% at the end of the fifth year of bond issuance, with a 1.35% interest rate. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On November 26, 2012, the Company issued five-year unsecured bonds (the second tranche) amounting to NT\$4,200,000 thousand at a unit face value of NT\$1,000 thousand. These five-year bonds are repayable at 50% of the total amount at the end of the fourth year and the other 50% at the end of the fifth year of bond issuance, with a 1.3% interest rate. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On May 16, 2013, the Company issued three-year unsecured bonds (the first tranche) amounting to (a) RMB500,000 thousand and (b) JPY5,000,000 thousand with unit face values of RMB1,000 thousand and JPY10,000 thousand, respectively. These three-year bonds will be repaid in lump sum on maturity. The interest rate of (a) is 2.95% and that of (b) is defined as three month JPY LIBOR + 1.10%. The interest is calculated by the simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On August 28, 2013, the Company issued three-year and six-month unsecured bond (second tranche) amounting to NT\$3,000,000 thousand at a unit face of NT\$1,000 thousand. These three-year and six-month bonds will be repaid in lump sum on maturity with a 1.39% interest rate. The interest is calculated by simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

On December 23, 2013, the Company issued the five-year unsecured bond (third tranche) amounting to NT\$2,800,000 thousand at a unit face of NT\$1,000 thousand. These five-year bonds will be repaid in lump sum on maturity with a 1.45% interest rate. The interest is calculated by simple interest method (based on the outstanding balance) starting from the issuance date and is payable annually.

Exchangeable Bonds

On September 14, 2007, the Company issued five-year unsecured exchangeable bonds amounting to NT\$2,500,000 thousand, with 0% coupon rate and maturity on September 14, 2012. These bonds were repayable in lump sum on maturity, with a 2.512% interest. The Company recognized the call and put options of these exchangeable bonds as assets and liabilities, respectively (Note E).

Other bond issuance terms were as follows:

a. Exchangeable period:

Under the bond terms, the bondholders exchanged their bonds for Asia Cement Corporation's (ACC) common shares at any time between October 15, 2007, the 31st day after the issuance date, and September 4, 2012, the 10th day before the maturity date, except for the period starting from (a) the third day before the ex-dividend date of stock dividend issuance, (b) the third day before the ex-dividend date of new share issuance, and (d) the third day before the ex-dividend date of capital decrease to the effective date of dividend (or new share) distribution. In addition, bondholders were not allowed to convert the bonds into ACC's common shares in the period specified by the law.

b. Exchange price

- 1) The exchange price was NT\$57.88 per share on the issuance date.
- 2) After the issue of the exchangeable bonds, except for the convertible or exchangeable securities issued by ACC, the exchange price of the issued bonds were allowed to be adjusted in any one of these situations: (a) the number of ACC's common shares increased in the market (including capital increases through share issuance for cash; capitalization of earnings; capitalization of capital reserve; capitalization of employee bonus; enterprise mergers and acquisitions and stock splits; stock split and the issuance of global depositary receipts); (b) ACC issued new convertible or exchangeable securities at a price lower than the market conversion price; (c) the number of ACC's common shares decreased because of capital reduction (excluding the cancellation of ACC's treasury shares); or (d) the ratio of cash dividends to the market value of the common stock was higher than 1.5%.

c. Call option

If the closing price of ACC's shares on each of the 30 consecutive trading days on the Taiwan Stock Exchange reached more than 50% of the exchange price between October 15, 2007, one month after the issuance date of the exchangeable bonds, and August 5, 2012, the 40th day before the maturity date of the exchangeable bonds, the Company sent a bond redemption notice to the bondholders and redeemed the outstanding bonds at face value within 30 business days. In addition, if the total amount of the outstanding bonds was less than NT\$250,000 thousand (10% of the total amount of the bonds), the Company had the right to send a bond redemption notice to the bondholders and redeem the outstanding bonds at face value in cash at any time.

d. Put option

Bondholders had the option to request the Company to redeem their bond holdings at 100% of face value on September 14, 2010, three years after the issuance date. As of September 14, 2010, the put options of the bonds had expired.

e. On July, 2011, the bondholders exchanged NT\$300 thousand in bonds for 6,858 ACC common shares at the exchange price of NT\$43.74 per ACC share. As of September 2012, the Company had redeemed its exchangeable bonds.

18. PROVISION

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Current			
Onerous contracts	<u>\$ 12,171</u>	<u>\$ 2,581</u>	<u>\$ 44,795</u>
			Onerous Contracts
Balance at January 1, 2012 Reduction			\$ 44,795 (42,214)
Balance at December 31, 2012			\$ 2,581
Balance at December 31, 2012 Addition provisions recognized			\$ 2,581 9,590
Balance at December 31, 2013			<u>\$ 12,171</u>

19. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA) is a defined contribution plan. Based on the LPA, the rate of monthly contributions by the Company to the employees' individual pension fund accounts is at 6% of monthly wages and salaries.

b. Defined benefit plans

The Company and its subsidiaries established in Republic of China have defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Law, which provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six months before retirement. The Company contribute amounts equal to 4% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name.

The plan assets are invested in domestic (foreign) equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund the return generated by employees' pension contribution should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.

The actuarial valuation of plan assets and the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations at valuation dates were as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Discount rate used in determining present			
value	1.75%	1.75%	1.75%
Expected rate of return on plan assets	6%	6%	6%
Rate of future salary increase	2%	2%	1.5%

The assessment of the overall expected rate of return was based on historical return trend and analyst's predictions for the market for the asset over the life of related obligation, by reference to the aforementioned use of the plan assets and the impact of the related minimum return.

The pension expenses for defined benefit plans recognized in profit or loss were included in:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2013	2012	
Current service cost	\$ 86,749	\$ 78,762	
Interest cost	98,778	87,518	
Expected return on plan assets	(249,361)	(230,240)	
Past service cost	(22,449)	(22,449)	
Retirement benefit cost	22,292		
	<u>\$ (63,991)</u>	<u>\$ (86,409)</u>	
An analysis by function			
Operating cost	\$ (46,580)	\$ (63,052)	
Marketing expense	(5,121)	(6,823)	
Administration expense	(7,154)	(9,706)	
Research and development expense	(5,136)	(6,828)	
	<u>\$ (63,991)</u>	<u>\$ (86,409)</u>	

Actuarial gains and losses recognized in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 were NT\$50,446 thousand and NT\$478,867) thousand, respectively. The cumulative amounts of actuarial losses recognized in other comprehensive income as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 were NT\$428,421 thousand and NT\$478,867 thousand, respectively.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheet arising from the Company's obligation on its defined benefit plans were as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Present value of funded defined benefit			
obligation	\$ 5,405,828	\$ 5,780,151	\$ 5,038,771
Fair value of plan assets	(4,348,442)	(4,213,181)	(3,830,633)
Deficit	1,057,386	1,566,970	1,208,138
Past service cost not yet recognized	<u>188,006</u>	210,455	232,904
Accrued pension costs	<u>\$ 1,245,392</u>	\$ 1,777,425	<u>\$ 1,441,042</u>

Movements of the present value of the defined benefit obligations were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2013	2012
Opening defined benefit obligation	\$ 5,780,151	\$ 5,038,771
Current service cost	86,749	78,762
Interest cost	98,778	87,518
Actuarial (gains) losses	(177,682)	724,103
Benefits paid	(404,460)	(149,003)
Other (Note)	22,292	
Closing defined benefit obligation	\$ 5,405,828	\$ 5,780,151

Note: Effect retirement benefit cost.

Movements of the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2013	2012	
Opening fair value of plan assets	\$ 4,213,181	\$ 3,830,633	
Expected return on plan assets	249,361	230,240	
Actuarial losses/(gains)	(116,904)	147,155	
Contributions from the employer	406,785	153,961	
Benefits paid	(403,981)	(148,808)	
Closing fair value of plan assets	\$ 4,348,442	<u>\$ 4,213,181</u>	

The following major categories of plan assets at the end of the reporting period for each category were disclosed on the basis of the information announced by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Equity instrument Other (Note)	90.60% 9.40%	86.86% 13.14%	87.26% 12.74%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Note: Deposit in other financial institutions and pension account in the Bank of Taiwan.

The Company chose to disclose the history of experience adjustments for each accounting period prospectively from the date of transition to IFRSs:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Present value of defined benefit obligation	\$ 5,405,828	\$ 5,780,151	\$ 5,038,771
Fair value of plan assets	<u>\$ (4,348,442)</u>	<u>\$ (4,213,181)</u>	<u>\$ (3,830,633)</u>
Deficit	\$ 1,057,386	<u>\$ 1,566,970</u>	<u>\$ 1,208,138</u>
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	<u>\$ 66,665</u>	<u>\$ 257,656</u>	<u>\$</u>
Experience adjustments on plan assets	<u>\$ 116,904</u>	<u>\$ (147,155)</u>	<u>\$</u>

20. EQUITY

a. Share capital

Common shares

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Numbers of shares authorized (in thousands) Shares authorized Number of shares issued and fully paid (in	<u>6,000,000</u>	6,000,000	<u>6,000,000</u>
	<u>\$ 60,000,000</u>	\$ 60,000,000	\$ 60,000,000
thousands)	5,145,017	5,044,134	4,897,217
Shares issued	\$ 51,450,165	\$ 50,441,338	\$ 48,972,173

The shares issued had a par value of NT\$10 and have the rights of voting and receiving dividends.

b. Capital surplus

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Share issuance in excess of par value Changes in capital surplus from	\$ 932,814	\$ 932,814	\$ 932,814
equity-method investment	3,737,985	3,802,347	-
Others	10,243	8,884	7,672
	\$ 4,681,042	<u>\$ 4,744,045</u>	<u>\$ 940,486</u>

The capital surplus from shares issued in excess of par (additional paid-in capital from issuance of common shares in excess of par, conversion of bonds and treasury stock transactions) and donations may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, the capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's paid-in capital and once a year).

Under Rule No. 10202420460 issued by Ministry of Economic Affair, when the Company adopts to IFRSs, the capital surplus resulting from changes in the Company's ownership interest in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are subject to under Rule No. 241-1 "share issuance in excess of par value."

The capital surplus from long-term investments may not be used for any purpose.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, net income should be used to pay its business income tax and offset deficits. From any remaining net income will be appropriated 10% as legal reserve and a special reserve as required by government regulations. After adding prior years' unappropriated earnings, the Company would retain a certain amount for expansion plans and then make the following appropriations:

	% 0
Dividends	60.0
Bonus for stockholders	33.0
Bonus for employees	4.0
Remuneration for directors and supervisors	3.0

All appropriations are approved by the stockholders in the year, and disclosed in the financial statements of the year, following the year of earnings generation. The Company's dividends should be appropriated at a percentage based on the Company's Articles of Incorporation to have a stable dividend distribution while taking into account the future economic condition, cash demands and taxation. The cash dividends should be at least 10% of total dividends declared, unless cash is required for investments, productivity expansion, any significant future capital expenditures or plans to improve financial structure.

The estimates of the bonuses to employees were NT\$287,678 thousand and NT\$325,428 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and those of the remunerations to directors and supervisors were NT\$215,759 thousand and NT\$244,071 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The bonus to employees and the remuneration are based on the Company's Article of Incorporation. If the actual amounts subsequently resolved by the stockholders differ from the estimates, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate. The management of the Company approved the distribution of the employees' bonus in cash for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. If bonus shares are resolved to be distributed to employees, the number of shares is determined by dividing the amount of bonus by the closing price (after considering the effect of cash and stock dividends) of the shares of the day immediately preceding the stockholders' meeting.

Under Rule No. 1010012865 issued by the FSC on April 6, 2012 and the directive titled "Questions and Answers for Special Reserves Appropriated Following Adoption of IFRSs", on the first-time adoption of IFRSs, a company should appropriate to a special reserve of an amount that was the same as these of unrealized revaluation increment and cumulative translation differences (gains) transferred to retained earnings as a result of the Company's use of exemptions under IFRS 1. However, at the date of transitions to IFRSs, if the increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments is not sufficient for this appropriation, only the increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments will be appropriated to special reserve. The special reserve appropriated as above may be reversed in proportion to the usage, disposal or reclassification of the related assets and thereafter distributed. The special reserve appropriated on the first-time adoption of IFRSs may be used to offset deficits in subsequent years. No appropriated in subsequent years if the Company has earnings and the original need to appropriate a special reserve is not eliminated. Please refer to section d. Special reserves appropriated following first-time adoption of IFRSs.

Appropriation of earnings to legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. Legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

Except for non-ROC resident stockholders, all stockholders receiving the dividends are allowed a tax credit equal to their proportionate shares of the income tax paid by the Company.

The appropriations from the 2012 and 2011 earnings were approved in the stockholders' meetings on June 25, 2013 and June 28, 2012, respectively. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

				Per Share T\$)
	Appropriatio	n of Earnings	For Year	For Year
	For Year 2012	For Year 2011	2012	2011
Legal reserve	\$ 866,789	\$ 1,110,021		
Cash dividends	6,557,374	8,325,270	\$ 1.3	\$ 1.7
Stock dividends	1,008,827	1,469,165	0.2	0.3
	<u>\$ 8,432,990</u>	<u>\$ 10,904,456</u>		

On the appropriation of earnings of the 2012 earnings, a capital increase of NT\$1,008,827 thousand from retained earnings was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission. After this approval, the Company's board of directors set September 2, 2013 as the effective date of this distribution, and finished the capital increase registration on September 10, 2013.

The bonus to employees and the remuneration to directors and supervisors for 2012 and 2011, which were approved in the stockholders' meetings on June 25, 2013 and June 28, 2012, respectively, were as follows:

	For the Year Ended 2012		For the Year Ended 2011	
	Cash Dividends	Stock Dividends	Cash Dividends	Stock Dividends
Bonus to employees Remuneration of directors and	\$ 325,428	\$ -	\$ 421,266	\$ -
supervisors	244,071	-	315,950	-

The appropriations of earnings for 2012 were proposed according to the Company's financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012, which were prepared in accordance with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the Generally Accepted Accounting Standard in the Republic of China ("ROC GAAP"),, and by reference to the balance sheet for the year ended December 31, 2012, which was prepared in accordance with the Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards.

	For the Year Ended December 31		1	
	2012		2011	
	Bonus to Employee Bonus	Remuneration to Directors and Supervisors	Bonus to Employee Bonus	Remuneration to Directors and Supervisors
Amounts approved in stockholders' meetings Amounts recognized in respective financial	\$ 325,428	\$ 244,071	\$ 421,266	\$ 315,950
statements	325,428	244,071	421,266	315,950
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>

The approved amounts of the bonus to employees and the remuneration to directors and supervisors were the same as the accrual amounts reflected in the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. The total bonus to employees was paid in cash.

The appropriations and distribution of the 2013 earnings had been proposed by the board of directors on March 19, 2014. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	Appropriation and Distribution	Dividends Per Share (NT\$)
Legal reserve	\$ 720,708	
Cash dividends	6,688,522	\$1.3

In order to refine company's financial and capital structures the Company's board of directors resolved to issue share dividends from capital surplus of NT\$1,029,033 thousand of par value at NT\$0.2 in the board of director's meeting on March 19, 2014.

In calculating the weighted average number of share outstanding for EPS, the Company recognized the number of shares held by associates as treasury shares and retained the number of treasury shares in the weighted average number of outstanding shares in the current period. The earnings per share of 2013 used by above - mentioned computation were NT\$1.4.

The proposed amount of the appropriation of the 2013 earnings, including the distribution of the bonus to employees and the remuneration to directors and supervisors, will be presented to the stockholders for their approval in their meeting on June 26, 2014.

Information on the bonus of employees approved at stockholders' meetings can be accessed online through the Market Observation Post System on the Web site of the Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation (http://emops.tse.com.tw).

d. Special reserves appropriated following the first-time adoption of IFRSs

The Company's special reserves appropriated following the first-time adoption of IFRSs were as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Special reserve	<u>\$ 22,273,492</u>	\$ 22,287,098	\$ 22,287,929

Information on the above special reserve appropriated or reversed on elimination of the original need to appropriate a special reserve is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2012
Balance at January 1, 2012 Reversed on elimination of the original need to appropriate a	\$ 22,287,929
special reserve Depreciation of investment properties	(831)
Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 22,287,098

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2013
Balance at January 1, 2013 Reversed on elimination of the original need to appropriate a special reserve	\$ 22,287,098
Depreciation of investment properties	(802)
Disposal of investment properties	(28)
Disposal of associates	(12,776)
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$ 22,273,492

e. Other equity items

The changes in other equity items are as follow:

	Exchange Differences on Translating Operations	Unrealized Gain on Financial Instruments	Cash Flow Hedges	Total
Balance at January 1, 2012 Unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial	\$ -	\$ 3,500,409	\$ (4,963)	\$ 3,495,446
assets	-	67,003	-	67,003
Disposal of partial interests in subsidiaries Share of the other comprehensive loss of	-	(824)	-	(824)
associates	(2,534,967)	1,472,091	(68,324)	(1,131,200)
Balance at December 31, 2012	<u>\$ (2,534,967)</u>	\$ 5,038,679	<u>\$ (73,287)</u>	\$ 2,430,425
Balance at January 1, 2013 Unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial	\$ (2,534,967)	\$ 5,038,679	\$ (73,287)	\$ 2,430,425
assets Share of the other	-	97,628	-	97,628
comprehensive income of associates	2,814,699	(663,575)	(45,076)	2,106,048
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 279,732</u>	<u>\$ 4,472,732</u>	<u>\$ (118,363)</u>	<u>\$ 4,634,101</u>

f. Treasury shares

The Company's shares held by its subsidiary, Yuan Ding Co., Ltd. (Yuan Ding), at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Number of Shares Held (In Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Market Price
<u>December 31, 2013</u>			
Yuan Ding	749	<u>\$ 25,063</u>	\$ 25,769
<u>December 31, 2012</u>			
Yuan Ding	734	\$ 25,063	<u>\$ 24,309</u>
January 1, 2012			
Yuan Ding	713	\$ 25,063	<u>\$ 25,063</u>

The Company consolidated its subsidiary, Yuan Ding, on December 28, 2011. As of December 31, 2011, the Company's shares held by Yuan Ding had a carrying value of NT\$25,063 thousand.

The Company's shares held by the subsidiary are recognized as treasury stock. The subsidiaries holding treasury shares, however, retain stockholders' rights, except the rights to participate in any share issuance for cash and to vote.

21. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2013	2012
Basic earnings per share Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 1.50</u>	<u>\$ 1.02</u>
Diluted earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 1.49</u>	<u>\$ 1.02</u>

The earnings and weighted average number of common shares outstanding that were used in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

Net Profit for the Period

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2013	2012
Profit for the period attributable to owners of the Company	<u>\$ 7,207,081</u>	<u>\$ 4,917,568</u>

Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding

Unit: In Thousand Shares

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2013	2012
Weighted average number of common shares used in the		
computation of basic earnings per share	4,808,282	4,812,565
Effect of dilutive potential common shares: Bonus issue to employee	13.951	17,619
Bonus issue to employee	13,931	17,019
Weighted average number of common shares used in the		
computation of diluted earnings per share	4,822,233	4,830,184

In calculating the weighted average number of share outstanding for consolidated EPS, the Company recognized the number of the shares held by associates as treasury shares and deducted the number of treasury shares from the weighted average number of outstanding shares in the current period.

If the Company decides to settle the employee bonus in cash or stock, it should presume that the entire amount of the bonus would be settled in shares, and if the resulting potential shares would have a dilutive effect, these shares should be included in the weighted-average number of shares outstanding to be used in the calculation of the diluted EPS. The number of shares is estimated by dividing the entire amount of the bonus by the closing price of the shares at the balance sheet date. The dilutive effect of the potential shares should be included in the calculation of the diluted EPS until the stockholders resolve the number of shares to be distributed to employees at their meeting in the following year.

22. NET PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Interest expense

Capitalized interests on properties were NT\$40,324 thousand and NT\$40,118 thousand in the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and the capitalization rates were from 1.27% to 1.35% and from 1.28% to 1.36% for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

b. Depreciation and amortization

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2013	2012
Property, plant and equipment Investment properties Intangible assets	\$ 1,611,414 7,206 9,223	\$ 1,405,478 8,551 8,910
	<u>\$ 1,627,843</u>	\$ 1,422,939
An analysis of deprecation by function Operating costs Operating expenses Other expense Expenses shared by other related parties	\$ 1,466,083 118,091 32,056 2,390	\$ 1,296,017 98,255 15,831 3,926
	<u>\$ 1,618,620</u>	\$ 1,414,029 (Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	-	2013	2	2012
An analysis of amortization by function Operating costs Operating expenses	\$	1,774 7,449	\$	1,185 7,725
	<u>\$</u>	9,223	<u>\$</u> ((8,910 Concluded)

c. Operating expenses directly related to investment properties

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2013	2012	
Direct operating expenses from investment property that generated rental income	\$ 4,766	\$ 2,007	
Direct operating expenses from investment property that did not generate rental income	2,834	6,675	
	<u>\$ 7,600</u>	\$ 8,682	

d. Employee benefit expense

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2013	2012	
Post-employment benefits			
Defined contribution plans	\$ 100,574	\$ 96,175	
Defined benefit plans	(63,991)	(86,409)	
Other employee benefits	4,427,323	4,481,815	
Total employee benefit expense	<u>\$ 4,463,906</u>	<u>\$ 4,491,581</u>	
Analysis of employee benefit expense by function			
Operating costs	\$ 3,122,115	\$ 3,133,655	
Operating expenses	1,341,791	1,357,926	
	<u>\$ 4,463,906</u>	<u>\$ 4,491,581</u>	

23. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

The major components of tax expense were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2013	2012	
Current tax			
Current tax	\$ -	\$ -	
Deferred tax	28,704	(133,195)	
In respect of prior periods	44,767	54,052	
Additional tax effects of the Company and subsidiaries' using			
the linked-tax system for filing return		(482)	
	<u>\$ 73,471</u>	<u>\$ (79,625)</u>	

A reconciliation of accounting profit and current income tax expenses is as follows:

	For the Year End	ded December 31
	2013	2012
Profit before tax from continuing operations	<u>\$ 7,280,552</u>	<u>\$ 4,837,943</u>
Income tax expense at the 17% statutory rate	\$ 1,237,694	\$ 822,450
Tax effect of adjusting items		
Permanent difference	(1,375,598)	(1,674,544)
Temporary difference	137,904	852,094
Current income tax expense	-	-
Additional tax effects of the Company and subsidiaries' using the		
linked-tax system for filing returns	-	(482)
Deferred income tax expense	28,704	(133,195)
Adjustment for prior year's tax	44,767	54,052
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	\$ 73,471	<u>\$ (79,625)</u>

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Year Ended December 3		
	2013	2012	
Current tax	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	
<u>Deferred tax</u>			
Actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plan	(10,332)	98,081	
Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ (10,332)</u>	<u>\$ 98,081</u>	

c. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2013

	pening Salance	ognized in it or Loss	Ot Compre	nized in her ehensive ome	Closi	ing Balance
Deferred tax assets						
Temporary difference Inventory write-off Onerous contract	\$ 20,753 196	\$ 4,450 813	\$	- -	\$	25,203 1,009
Unrealized foreign exchange loss Impairment loss	13,386 115,221	(13,386) 7,064		-		122,285 (Continued)

	0 .	.	Recognized in Other	
	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Comprehensive Income	Closing Balance
Defined benefit				
obligation Others	\$ 155,874	\$ (19,470)	\$ (10,332)	\$ 126,072
Investment credits	15,111 24,369	1,382 (24,369)	-	16,493
			\$ (10,332)	e 201.062
	<u>\$ 344,910</u>	<u>\$ (43,516)</u>	<u>\$ (10,332)</u>	<u>\$ 291,062</u>
Deferred tax liabilities				
Share of profit of				
associates accounted for using equity method Unrealized foreign	\$ 495,601	\$ (17,063)	\$ -	\$ 478,538
exchange gain Provision of land value	-	2,251	-	2,251
incremental tax	1,519,895			1,519,895
	<u>\$ 2,015,496</u>	<u>\$ (14,812)</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,000,684 (Concluded)
For the year ended December	: 31, 2012			
			Recognized in Other	
	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Comprehensive Income	Closing Balance
Deferred tax assets				
Temporary difference				
Inventory write-off Onerous contract	\$ - 3,068	\$ 20,753 (2,872)	\$ -	\$ 20,753 196
Unrealized foreign	3,008	(2,672)	-	190
exchange loss	-	13,387	-	13,387
Impairment loss	82,686	32,534	-	115,220
Defined benefit obligation	100,797	(43,004)	98,081	155,874
Others	11,687	3,424	-	15,111
Investment credits	43,314	(18,945)	_	24,369
	<u>\$ 241,552</u>	\$ 5,277	\$ 98,081	\$ 344,910 (Continued)

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Other Comprehensive Income	Closing Balance
Deferred tax liabilities	Datance	1 Tollt of Loss	mcome	Closing Dalance
Share of profit of associates accounted for using equity method Unrealized foreign exchange gain Provision of land value incremental tax	\$ 622,916 603 1,519,895 \$ 2,143,414	\$ (127,315) (603) 	\$ - - <u>-</u> <u>\$</u> -	\$ 495,601
Items for which no deferred t	ax assets have bee	en recognized		
		December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Investment credits Purchase of machinery and Research and development Personnel training expendi		\$ - - -	\$ 408 28,617 	\$ 483 78,138 3,432
		<u>\$</u>	\$ 30,181	<u>\$ 82,053</u>
Deductible temporary differe	nces	<u>\$ 1,799,347</u>	\$ 2,335,318	<u>\$ 2,209,053</u>
Integrated income tax				
		December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
Unappropriated earnings Unappropriated earnings go January 1, 1998 Unappropriated earnings go		\$ 129,377	\$ 191,505	\$ 236,793
after January 1, 1998		13,826,563	14,909,267	21,400,486
		\$ 13,955,940	<u>\$ 15,100,772</u>	<u>\$ 21,637,279</u>

d.

e.

Recognized in

The actual creditable ratio for the distribution of the 2013 and 2012 earnings were 3.97% and 6.62%, respectively.

549,339

259,904

256,961

Balance of imputation credits accounts (ICA)

Under the Income Tax Law, for distribution of earnings generated after January 1, 1998, the imputation credits allocated to ROC resident stockholders of the Company is calculated on the basis of the creditable ratio as of the date of dividend distribution. The actual imputation credits allocated to stockholders of the Company was based on the balance of the Imputation Credit Accounts (ICA) as of the date of dividend distribution. Therefore, the expected creditable ratio for the 2013 earnings may differ from the actual creditable ratio to be used in allocating imputation credits to the stockholders.

According to legal interpretation No. 10204562810 announced by the Taxation Administration of the Ministry of Finance, when calculating imputation credits in the year of first-time adoption of IFRSs, the cumulative retained earnings include the net increase or net decrease in retained earnings arising from first-time adoption of IFRSs.

f. Income tax assessments

The tax authorities completed the review of and cleared the 2008 income tax return of the Company as of December 31, 2013.

24. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Company will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to stockholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

25. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments

1) Fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the management of the Company considered the financial assets and financial liabilities recognized in the financial statements as having carrying amounts that approximate their fair values or as having fair values that cannot be reliably measured.

	Decembe	r 31, 2013	December	r 31, 2012	January	1, 2012
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Financial liabilities						
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost Bonds payable	\$ 42,036,601	\$ 42,192,247	\$ 34,723,579	\$ 35,608,757	\$ 23,222,645	\$ 23,444,065

2) Fair value measurements recognized in the balance sheets

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured after initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- a) Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- b) Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- c) Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

<u>December 31, 2013</u>

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Guarantee of cotton futures				
contracts Forward exchange contracts Combined exchange options	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 26,010 16,194 4,312	\$ 26,010 16,194 4,312
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 46,516</u>	<u>\$ 46,516</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets Marketable equity securities	\$ 902,112	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 902,112</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Option	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$ 272</u>	<u>\$ 272</u>
<u>December 31, 2012</u>				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Guarantee of cotton futures contracts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 25,345	<u>\$ 25,345</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets Marketable equity securities	\$ 804,484	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 804,484</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 619</u>	<u>\$ 619</u>
<u>January 1, 2012</u>				
Financial assets at FVTPL	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Guarantee of cotton futures contracts Forward exchange contracts	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ 46,209 2,099	\$ 46,209 2,099
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 48,308	<u>\$ 48,308</u>
Available-for-sale financial assets Marketable equity securities	<u>\$ 737,481</u>	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 737,481</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL Exchangeable bonds-exchange rights	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,708</u>	<u>\$ 4,708</u>

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

3) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

<u>December 31, 2013</u>

	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss - Held for Trading
Balance at January 1, 2013 Total gains	\$ 24,726
In profit or loss	21,518
Balance at December 31, 2013	<u>\$ 46,244</u>
<u>December 31, 2012</u>	
	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss - Held for Trading
Balance at January 1, 2012	\$ 43,600
Total losses In profit or loss	(18,874)

4) Valuation techniques and assumptions applied to measure fair value

Balance at December 31, 2012

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

a) The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded in active liquid markets are determined by referring to quoted market prices. If these prices are not available, valuation techniques are applied. The estimates and assumptions used by the Company are consistent with those that market participants use in setting prices for financial instruments.

\$ 24,726

- b) The fair values of derivative instruments are calculated using quoted prices. If these prices are not available, a discounted cash flow analysis is made using the applicable yield curve for the duration of the instruments for non-optional derivatives, and option pricing models for optional derivatives. The estimates and assumptions used by the Company are consistent with those that market participants use in setting prices for financial instruments.
- c) The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (i.e., excluding those described above) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

b. Categories of financial instruments

<u>Financial assets</u>		cember 31, 2013	De	ecember 31, 2012	January 1, 2012		
FVTPL							
Held for trading	\$	46,516	\$	25,345	\$	48,308	
Loans and receivables (Note 1)		23,256,512		14,537,551		13,553,320	
Available-for-sale financial assets (Note 2)		902,112		858,151		791,148	
Financial liabilities							
FVTPL							
Held for trading		272		619		4,708	
Amortized cost (Note 3)		85,013,309		71,872,890		65,670,048	

- Note 1: The balances included loans and receivables measured at amortized cost, which comprised cash and cash equivalents, bond investments with no active market, notes and accounts receivable (including those from related parties), other receivables (including those from related parties), other financial assets, and refundable deposits. Those reclassified to held-for-sale disposal groups are also included.
- Note 2 The balances included the carrying amounts of available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets carried at cost.
- Note 3 The balances included financial liabilities measured at amortized cost, which comprised short-term borrowings, notes and accounts payables and other payables (including those to related parties), payables to suppliers of machinery and equipment, provisions, bonds payable, long-term borrowings and guarantee deposits.

c. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's Corporate Treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the nonoperating activities of the Company through internal risk reports that analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company seeks to minimize the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Company's policies approved by the board of directors, which provide written principles on foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity.

1) Market risk

The Company's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in exchange rates (see (1) below) and interest rates (see (2) below).

a) Foreign currency risk

Several subsidiaries of the Company had foreign currency sales and purchases, which exposed the Company to exchange rate risk. Exchange rate exposures were managed within approved policy parameters through forward exchange contracts.

The carrying amounts of the Company's significant foreign currency-denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

Monetary financial assets	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012
USD	\$ 7,894,572	\$ 7,701,633	\$ 8,834,223
Monetary financial liabilities			
USD	7,621,166	7,967,283	7,315,949

Sensitivity analysis

The Company was mainly exposed to U.S. dollars.

The following table details the Company's sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in New Taiwan dollars (the functional currency) against the U.S. dollar. The 5% sensitivity rate is used when foreign currency risk is reported internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible changes in exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis included only outstanding foreign currency-denominated monetary items, and the translation of these items at the end of the reporting period was adjusted for a 5% change in exchange rates. A positive number below indicates an increase in pretax profit and other equity associated with New Taiwan dollars that strengthen 5% against the relevant currency. For a 5% weakening of New Taiwan dollars against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pretax profit and other equity, and the balances below would be negative.

	Decemb	December 31				
	2013	2012				
5% change in profit or loss USD	<u>\$ 13,670</u>	<u>\$ (13,282)</u>				

b) Interest rate risk

The Company was exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Company borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. It managed the risk by maintaining an appropriate mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period were as follows.

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2012	
Fair value interest rate risk			• ,	
Financial assets	\$ 5,679,327	\$ 2,060,558	\$ 841,747	
Financial liabilities	63,410,275	62,454,567	55,311,115	
Cash flow interest rate risk				
Financial assets	3,049,594	1,876,720	1,007,219	
Financial liabilities	12,848,398	1,245,917	1,833,729	

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below was determined on the basis of the Company's exposure to interest rates for financial assets and financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period. An increase or decrease of 25 basis points is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates. For the financial assets and financial liabilities with fixed interest rate, their fair value will change as the market interest rates change. For the financial assets and financial liabilities with floating interest rate, their effective interest rates will change as the market interest rates change.

For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, had interest rates been 25 basis points higher/lower and all other variables had been held constant, the fair value of the Company's financial assets with fixed interest rate would have decreased/increased by NT\$14,163 thousand and NT\$5,139 thousand, respectively, and the cash flows on the Company's financial assets with floating interest rate would have increased by NT\$7,624 thousand and NT\$4,692 thousand, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, had interest rates been 25 basis points higher/lower and all other variables had been held constant, the fair value of the Company's financial liabilities with fixed interest rate would have decreased by NT\$158,130 thousand and NT\$155,747 thousand, respectively, and the cash flows on the Company's financial liabilities with floating interest rate would have increased by NT\$32,121 thousand and NT\$3,115 thousand, respectively.

c) Other price risks

The Company was exposed to equity price risk because of its investments in domestic quoted stocks and mutual funds.

Sensitivity analysis

The following sensitivity analysis was based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 5% lower, the fair value of held-for-trading and available-for-sale financial assets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 would have decreased by NT\$45,106 thousand and NT\$40,224 thousand, respectively.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counter-parties will default on its contractual obligations, resulting in a financial loss to the Company. As of the end of a reporting period, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk that will cause the Company a financial loss due to (a) the counter-parties' failure to discharge their obligations and (b) financial guarantees provided by the Company could arise from:

- 1) The carrying amounts of the recognized financial assets as stated in the balance sheets; and
- 2) The amounts of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Company.

The Company has a policy of dealing with only creditworthy counter-parties and obtaining sufficient collateral, where appropriate, to mitigate the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The Company uses other publicly available financial information and its own trading records to rate its major customers. The Company's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continually monitored.

3) Liquidity risk

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Company's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the use of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The maturity dates of financial liabilities (except financial liabilities - current, i.e., with maturities of less than one year) are as follows:

	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	Over 3 Years	Total
<u>December 31, 2013</u>				
Long-term borrowings Bonds payable	\$ 25,061,684 5,750,000	\$ 900,000 <u>9,899,000</u>	\$ 2,000,000 	\$ 27,961,684 34,849,000
	\$ 30,811,684	<u>\$ 10,799,000</u>	<u>\$ 21,200,000</u>	\$ 62,810,684
<u>December 31, 2012</u>				
Long-term borrowings Bonds payable	\$ 18,860,462 1,500,000	\$ 4,000,000 11,500,000	\$ - 	\$ 22,860,462 32,400,000
	\$ 20,360,462	\$ 15,500,000	<u>\$ 19,400,000</u>	\$ 55,260,462
January 1, 2012				
Long-term borrowings Bonds payable	\$ 25,150,000 <u>880,000</u>	\$ 3,300,000 3,000,000	\$ - <u>17,500,000</u>	\$ 28,450,000 21,380,000
	\$ 26,030,000	<u>\$ 6,300,000</u>	<u>\$ 17,500,000</u>	\$ 49,830,000

26. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company had significant transactions with related parties. Besides the transactions mentioned in the other notes, the transactions for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the related balances as of the balance sheet dates are summarized in the accompanying Schedules A and B.

27. ASSETS PLEDGED OR MORTGAGED

In addition to those disclosed in the other notes, the following assets had been pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for short-term borrowings, short-term bills payable, tariff duties, and long-term borrowings; as construction warranties; as guarantees for related parties; and as administrative tax remedies for meeting requirements for certain projects.

	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012		January 1, 2012		
Other financial assets - current							
Pledged time deposits	\$	34,381	\$	34,381	\$	34,381	
Investment accounted for using the equity method		355,730		369,480		390,469	
Property, plant and equipment, net		6,404,034	,	7,005,719		6,636,343	
Investment properties		77,849		77,849		77,849	
	\$	<u>6,871,994</u>	<u>\$</u>	7,487,429	\$	7,139,042	

28. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Significant commitments and contingencies of the Company as of December 31, 2013:

- a. Issued but unused letters of credit aggregated approximately NT\$1,688,527 thousand.
- b. Of (a) unpaid building construction and equipment installation contracts amounting to approximately NT\$995,747 thousand.
- c. There were undelivered cotton contracts amounting to NT\$544,021 thousand and have been recognized NT\$12,171 thousand on purchasing contract payable as of December 31, 2013.
- d. Endorsements and guarantees provided to the related parties are shown in Schedule D (attached).
- e. On December 29, 2005, the board of directors of Tai Ya International Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (TYIT) resolved to merge TYIT with Mobitai Communications Ltd. ("Mobitai") in accordance with Article 19 of the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act and set January 1, 2006 as the record date of the merger. TYIT was the survivor entity after the merger. Under a resolution of TYIT's board, the Company received NT\$167,863 thousand from Mobitai in exchange for Mobitai's 11,469 thousand common shares (NT\$14.68 per share) held by the Company. For its disposal of its investment in Mobitai, the Company recognized a gain of NT\$31,814 thousand. However, the Company regarded Mobitai's purchase price as too low and raised an objection to Mobitai. Afterwards, the Company filed a lawsuit against TYIT. As of March 19, 2014, the lawsuit was pending before the Taipei District Court.
- f. Ming-Chiung Chang filed an incidental civil suit, in connection with the criminal case of forgery, against Ming-chung Kuo (an FENC employee) and Hua-de Lin, Hung-Long Li and Yung-gi Lai (the fiduciaries of Pacific Liu Tung Investment Co. or PLT, an equity-method investee of the Company). Chang claimed that Kuo and Hua-de Lin, Hung-Long Li and Yung-gi Lai colluded and used their positions to carry out transactions that resulted in his losses and asked the Taiwan High Court to declare that the ownership of PLT held by FEDS, FEDS's subsidiaries, the Company and its subsidiaries was just a fabrication, i.e., it never existed. In October 2009, Chang lost the suit and then appealed to a higher court. The Supreme Court did not adjudicate this case and remanded the case to the Taiwan High Court for reexamination and as of March 19, 2014, the lawsuit was pending before the Taipei High Court.

g. The registered capital of PLT, an investee of the Company, was originally NT\$4,010,000 thousand, representing 401,000 thousand shares at a par value of NT\$10.00. On February 3, 2010, following a letter from the Taiwan High Prosecutors Office (THPO), the Department of Commerce (DOC) decided to nullify PLT's registrations of the amendments of its Articles of Incorporation, the PLT registrations of the elected and appointed members of its Board of Directors and Supervisors as well as registrations of several tranches of capital increases given to PLT on November 13, 2002; May 1, 2003; August 8, 2005; August 3, 2006; June 6, 2007; and July 16, 2008. As a result, the capital amount of PLT reverted to the original NT\$10,000 thousand, representing 1 million common shares.

On January 27, 2010, PLT filed an administrative appeal with the THPO and pleaded for the revocation of the letter sent to the DOC on the registration nullifications and requested the stay of execution of registration cancellation. On March 9, 2010, referencing Article 77-8 of the Administrative Appeal Act, the Petitions and Appeals Committee (PAC) of the Executive Yuan declared that the letter was not subject to administrative disposition and thus beyond the scope of administrative appeal. On May 18, 2010, PLT filed a suit against THPO with the Taipei High Administrative Court. Later, however, the former PLT chairman, Heng-lung Lee withdrew this lawsuit.

On February 10, 2010, PLT filed an administrative appeal against the DOC for the revocation of the decision on administrative disposition and requested the stay of execution of registration cancellation. On May 20, 2010, referencing Article 79-1 of the Administrative Appeal Act, PAC dismissed the administrative appeal. On July 26, 2010, referencing Article 4-1 of the Administrative Procedure Law, PLT filed a suit against the DOC with the Taipei High Administrative Court. Later, however, the former PLT chairman, Heng-lung Lee withdrew this lawsuit.

Referencing Article 4-3 of the Administrative Procedure Law, Far Eastern Department Stores (FEDS, an equity-method investee of the Company), as an interested party of PLT, filed a lawsuit against THPO with the Taipei High Administrative Court on July 27, 2010. On November 30, 2010, the Taipei High Administrative Court dismissed the lawsuit, commenting that this lawsuit was the same case as the suit FEDS filed against the DOC on June 15, 2010 and thus did not conform to Article 4-3 of the Administrative Procedure Law.

On February 24, 2010, FEDS filed an administrative appeal with the DOC for the withdrawal of the administrative disposition and requested the stay of execution of registration cancellation. On April 14, 2010, referencing Article 77-3 of the Administrative Appeal Act, PAC decided that the appeal had no merit because FEDS was not a party to whom an administrative disposition was issued nor was it an interested party at stake. Thus, on June 15, 2010, referencing Article 4-1 of the Administrative Procedure Law, FEDS filed a suit against the DOC with the Taipei High Administrative Court (THAC). On November 29, 2012, the THAC (Court Reference Number: Year 2010 Letter Su No. 1258 verdict) ruled in favor of FEDS, and the capital increase registrations referencing letter shang No. 09901000210 nullified by DOC was invalidated and the subsequent rejection of an administrative review was revoked. However, the DOC did not conform to the THAC's decision and filed a lawsuit with the Supreme Administrative Court on December 25, 2012. On May 9, 2013, the Supreme Administrative Court issued its final and non-appealable decision, which rejected DOC's appeal and ruled that the nullification by DOC of capital increase registrations and other relevant registrations in DOC's referencing letter Shang No. 09901000210 was invalid and ordered DOC to reinstate the registration. Thus, on September 18, 2013, DOC canceled the nullification of the capital increase registrations and relevant amendment registrations in conformity with the Court's decision. Based on the updated company registration of FEDS, recognized as chairman was Shu-ton Hsu, as members of the Board of Directors were Mao-te Huang (representative of Far Eastern Department Store Asia Pacific Development Co., Ltd.) and Shih-ching Lo (representative of Far Eastern Department Store New Century Development Co., Ltd.) and as supervisor was Sze-ching Du (representative of Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd.), who were elected on August 1, 2011.

Heng-lung Lee and Ming-Chiung Chang filed a lawsuit to counter the Supreme Administrative Court's (SAC) decision, declaring that the application of improper regulations invalidated this decision. However, on September 6, 2013, the Taipei High Administrative Court rejected this lawsuit (Court

Reference Number: Year 2013 Letter Pan No. 569 verdict). In addition, Ming-Chiung Chang filed a separate lawsuit to counter the same SAC decision, claiming that the verdict was invalidated by the omission of evidences that may affect the final SAC decision. The lawsuit was filed with the THAC. However, THAC rejected this lawsuit (Court Reference Number: Year 2013 Letter Zai No. 94 verdict). Ming-Chiung Chan did not agree with the THAC's decision and filed a lawsuit with the Supreme Administrative Court on February 19, 2014.

On February 10, 2010, FEDS filed a suit against PLT to affirm the existence of FEDS's rights as PLT stockholder and secure the interests of FEDS. However, because the SAC already invalidated the DOC's nullification of capital increase registrations and of the amended registration of the board of directors, and because the members of the Board of Directors and supervisors reelected on August 1, 2011 had been reinstated, there was no need to file a lawsuit to affirm the existence of FEDS's rights as PLT stockholder. Thus, FEDS withdraw its lawsuit.

The percentage ownership of PLT held by the Company reached 39.68%. Based on the local GAAP, this investment was accounted for by the equity method.

29. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- a. The board of directors of the Company decided to issue unsecured bonds on March 19, 2014. The bonds will have an aggregate face value of not more than NT\$8,000,000 thousand with a par value of NT\$1,000 thousand or the divsor of NT\$1,000 thousand and a term of less than 10 years.
- b. In order to present fair value of Company's investment properties in the financial statements fairly and conform with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the board of directors of the Company resolved to change their accounting policy for investment properties effective January 1, 2014 and subsequently measured investment properties using the fair value model. The information of impacts and results of this retrospectively application of accounting policy will be publicly released after finishing relevant procedures in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

30. EXCHANGE RATE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated foreign currencies were as follows:

<u>December 31, 2013</u>

	Foreign urrencies	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (NT\$)		
Financial assets					
Monetary items USD	\$ 265,453	29.74	\$ 7,894,572		
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items USD	255,401	29.84	7,621,166		

December 31, 2012

	Foreign Currencies		Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (NT\$)	
Financial assets	Cu	irreneies	Lachunge Rute	πιουπ (141φ)	
Monetary items USD	\$	265,711	28.985	\$ 7,701,633	
Financial liabilities					
Monetary items USD		273,931	29.085	7,967,283	
<u>January 1, 2012</u>					
	Foreign Currencies		Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount (NT\$)	
<u>Financial assets</u>				12220 (1 (2 4)	
Monetary items USD	\$	292,282	30.225	\$ 8,834,223	
Einemaial liabilities					
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					

31. FIRST-TIME ADOPTION OF IFRSs

a. Reconciliation of the consolidated balance sheet on January 1, 2012 was as follows:

	DOC CAAD	IEDC.	N. A		
	ROC GAAP	IFRSs	IFRSs	Note	
Asset					
Investments accounted for using the equity method	\$ 138,817,863	\$ 112,186	\$ 138,930,049	12)	
Investment properties	-	231,699	231,699	2), 4)	
Property, plant and equipment, net	19,024,998	(145,465)	18,879,533	2), 3), 4), 11)	
Nonoperating properties, net	230,300	(230,300)	-	2)	
Deferred charges	92,670	(92,670)	-	3)	
Prepayment for equipment	-	505,097	505,097	11)	
Farmland	276,661	(276,661)	-	4),	
Long-term prepayment for lease - noncurrent	-	241,552	241,552	6), 13)	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accrued expenses (other payables)	3,344,427	88,197	3,432,624	7)	
Provisions - current	-	44,795	44,795	8)	
Provision - noncurrent	1,519,896	(1,519,896)	-	5)	
Deferred tax liabilities - noncurrent	457,960	1,685,454	2,143,414	5), 13)	
Accrued pension liabilities	994,021	447,021	1,441,042	6)	
				(Continued)	

		Effect of Transition to ROC GAAP IFRSs			IFRSs	Note	
Stockholders' equity							
Capital surplus - long-term investments Special reserve	\$	9,421,242 3,152,529	\$	(9,421,242) 22,320,076	\$ 25,472,605	12) 12), f	
Unappropriated earnings		13,709,450		7,927,829	21,637,279	//	
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations		2,915,415		(2,915,415)	-	10)	
Unrecognized net loss on pension cost		(130,034)		130,034	-	12)	
Unrealized gain and loss on available-for-sale/cash flow hedges financial assets		2,716,548		778,898	3,495,446	9), 12)	
Unrealized revaluation increment on properties		19,167,218		(19,167,218)	-	1)	
* *						(Concluded)	

1) Deemed cost

Under ROC GAAP, an entity may use as deemed cost the sum of the carrying value and revaluation increment resulting from the revaluation of property, plant, and equipment based on certain regulations. The recognized amount of the revaluation increment is net of land revaluation increments and land reserve for land value increment tax. On January 1, 2012, the date of transition to IFRSs, the Company treated the carrying amount in ROC GAAP by reference to the revaluation amount established at the date revalued the property, plant, and equipment, as the deemed cost of the property, plant, and equipment.

Thus, the adjustment of unrealized revaluation increments on properties decreased by NT\$19,167,218 thousand for the year ended January 1, 2012, and unrealized revaluation increments increased by NT\$19,167,218 thousand each.

2) Fixed, leased and idle properties

Under ROC GAAP, the Company's properties and buildings held to earn rentals are fixed assets for operating purposes and are thus classified under property, plant and equipment. In addition, the Company recognized idle properties and part of rental properties as nonoperating assets. Under IFRSs, fixed assets are classified as property, plant and equipment or investment properties in accordance with their nature. Thus, the Company decreased property, nonoperating properties by NT\$230,300 thousand and increased investment properties by NT\$193,468 thousand, and plant and equipment by NT\$36,832 thousand

3) Deferred charges

Under ROC GAAP, deferred charges are classified under other assets. Under IFRSs, deferred charges are classified under investment properties, property, plant and equipment and long-term prepayments in accordance with their nature. Thus, the Company decreased deferred charges by NT\$92,670 thousand and increased investment properties, property, plant and equipment and long-term prepayment NT\$84,370 thousand and NT\$8,300 thousand, respectively.

4) Farmland

Under ROC GAAP, farmland is accounted for under other assets - farmland. Under IFRSs, agricultural land is classified under investment properties or property, plant and equipment in accordance with their nature. Thus, the Company reclassified farmland amounting to NT\$38,231 thousand and NT\$238,430 thousand to investment properties and property, plant and equipment, respectively.

5) Reserve for the land value increment tax

Under Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the reserve for the land revaluation increment tax resulting from land revaluation is classified as reserve for land value increment tax. Under IFRS, the Company chose to use book value after land revaluation as deemed cost and reclassified the reserve for land value increment tax to deferred income tax liability - noncurrent. As of January 1, 2012, the Company reclassified NT\$1,519,896 thousand from the reserve for land value increment tax to deferred income tax liabilities - noncurrent.

6) Employee benefits

Under ROC GAAP, unrecognized net transition obligation on the first-time adoption of SFAS No. 18 "Accounting for Pensions" should be amortized by the straight-line method over expected average remaining service lives of the employees who are still in service and expected to receive pension benefits and recorded in net pension cost. Under IFRSs, the Company is not subject to the transition requirements of IAS 19 "Employee Benefits." Thus, unrecognized net transition obligation should be recognized immediately to unappropriated earnings.

Under ROC GAAP, actuarial gains and losses are recognized under then corridor approach. The portion of those actuarial gains and losses to be recognized is calculated as the excess divided by the expected average remaining service lives of the employees who are still in service and expected to receive pension benefits. Under IFRSs, actuarial gains and losses should be recognized immediately in other comprehensive income and unappropriated earnings, in statement of changes in equity, and should not be reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period.

In addition, under ROC GAAP, minimum pension liability is the present value of the defined benefit obligation in excess of the fair value of the plan assets. The entity should make up the deficit portion when the pension liabilities are less than the minimum pension liabilities. However, there is no provision on minimum pension liability under IFRSs.

As of January 1, 2012, the Company had performed actuarial valuation under IAS No. 19 "Employee Benefits" and recognized the valuation difference directly to unappropriated earnings under the requirement of IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards." Unappropriated earning was adjusted for decreases of NT\$371,027 thousand. Accrued pension liabilities, deferred income tax assets - noncurrent and deferred income tax liabilities - noncurrent were adjusted for increases of NT\$447,021 thousand, NT\$241,552 thousand and NT\$165,558 thousand, respectively.

7) Short-term accumulating compensated absences

Short-term accumulating compensated absences are not specifically addressed under ROC GAAP and are usually recognized as salary expense when employees actually go on leave. Under IFRSs, accumulating compensated absences are recognized as salary expense when the employees render services that increase their entitlements to future compensated absences. As of January 1, 2012, the Company accrued NT\$88,197 thousand as short-term accumulating compensated absences and decreased of unappropriated earnings by NT\$88,197 thousand, respectively.

8) Onerous contracts

As of January 1, 2012, the Company had reclassified onerous contracts amounting to NT\$44,795 thousand from other current liabilities to provision -current in accordance with their theirs nature and the estimated repayment dates.

9) Loss of significant influence

Under ROC GAAP, if the Company loses the significant influence over an investee because of a decrease in ownership or any other reasons, the Company should stop using the equity method and, at the same time, recognize the carrying value as the investment cost. If there is additional capital surplus or other equity items arising from the equity-method investment, the Company should consider the related items in calculating the gain or loss on disposal of the investments.

Under IFRS, the Company needs to compare the fair value of the remaining investments plus proceeds from disposal of equity-method investments with the book value of the investment before disposal and recognize the gain or loss on the disposal. The Company should account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate using the same accounting treatment as would have been required had the associate directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities

The Company accounted for equity-method investments on which significant influence had been lost under available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent. Thus, the Company increased unrealized gain on financial instruments and decreased unappropriated earnings by NT\$61,674 thousand each on January 1, 2012.

10) Cumulative translation adjustments

On January 1, 2012, the Company elected to recognize all cumulative translation adjustments arising from foreign operations as unappropriated earnings. Thus, the Company deducted the cumulative translation adjustment from other adjustments included in stockholders' equity on the transition date while calculating the gain or loss on any foreign operations after the transition date. As of January 1, 2012, the Company had decreased cumulative translation adjustments 2,915,415 thousand and increased unappropriated earnings by NT\$2,915,415 thousand each.

11) Prepayment for equipment disclosure

Under ROC GAAP, the prepayment for equipment is classified as prepayment for equipment under property, plant and equipment. Under IFRS, the prepayment for equipment is classified as long-term prepayment. As of January 1, 2012, the Company reclassified NT\$505,097 thousand from prepayment for equipment to long-term prepayments.

12) Adjustment of long-term equity investments

The evaluation of significant differences between current accounting policies and future IFRS adoption used in the Company are also adopted in the equity investments.

Under ROC GAAP, the changes in investment percentage arising from an investor company's subscribing for new shares issued by the investee at a percentage different from its current investment percentage, the resulting increase or decrease in the investment company's equity in the investee is adjusted in "capital surplus - from long-term investments" and "equity-method investment."

Under IFRSs, changes in equity in associates in which significant influence over the associates is retained, are regarded as the acquisition or disposal of shares in associates; however, changes in equity in subsidiaries in which control over the subsidiaries is retained are regarded as equity transactions. In addition, under IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" and "Q&A for adopting IFRSs" issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange, the Company does not need to adjust related accounts retroactively if retroactive account adjustment is not feasible; but, it should reclassify capital surplus - from long-term investment to unappropriated earnings. As of January 1, 2012, capital surplus - from long-term investments decreased by NT\$9,421,242 thousand and unappropriated earnings increased by NT\$9,421,242 thousand.

As of January 1, 2012, the foregoing reclassification resulted in an increase of NT\$112,186 thousand in equity-method investments and decreased, unappropriated earnings and unrecognized net loss on pension cost by NT\$767,219 thousand and NT\$130,034 thousand, respectively. The special reserve and unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets increased by NT\$32,147 thousand, and NT\$717,224 thousand, respectively.

13) Deferred income tax assets or liabilities and valuation allowance

Under ROC GAAP, valuation allowances are provided to the extent, if any, that it is more likely than not that deferred income tax assets will not be realized. Under IFRSs, deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be used. Thus, valuation allowance is not needed.

In addition, a deferred income tax asset and liability is classified as current or noncurrent on the basis of the classification of the related assets and liabilities for financial reporting under ROC GAAP. A deferred asset or liability that cannot be related to an asset or a liability in the financial statements is classified as current or noncurrent in accordance with the expected realization date of the temporary difference. Under IFRSs, a deferred income tax asset and liability is always classified as noncurrent.

Under ROC GAAP, deferred current income tax liabilities and assets belonging to the same taxable entity should be offset and settled; these offset and settlement on a net basis were also applied to deferred noncurrent income tax liabilities and assets. Under IFRS, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities should be offset only if the entity has a legally enforceable right to settle on a net basis and if the income taxes on the deferred tax assets and liabilities are levied by the same taxing authority on the same taxable entity (or different taxable entities which intend either to settle material current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered).

Thus, the Company increased deferred income tax assets - noncurrent by NT\$165,558 thousand and deferred income tax liabilities - noncurrent by NT\$165,558 thousand.

b. Reconciliation of the balance sheet on December 31, 2012 was as follows:

	Effect of Transition to ROC GAAP IFRSs		IFRSs	Note
Asset				
Investments accounted for using the equity method	\$ 142,335,329	\$ 499,521	\$ 142,834,850	12)
Investment properties	-	816,604	816,604	2), 4)
Property, plant and equipment, net	19,833,482	129,300	19,962,782	2), 3), 4), 11)
Nonoperating properties, net	906,338	(906,338)	-	2)
Deferred charges	67,367	(67,367)	-	3)
Deferred income tax assets - noncurrent	-	344,910	344,910	6), 14)
Prepayment for equipment	-	298,135	298,135	11)
Farmland	276,661	(276,661)	-	4)
Liabilities				
Accrued expenses (other payables)	3,688,991	88,197	3,777,188	7)
Provisions - current	3,000,771	2,581	2,581	8)
Reserve for the land value increment tax	1,519,896	(1,519,896)	2,361	5)
Deferred tax liabilities - noncurrent	322,820	1,692,676	2,015,496	5), 14)
Deferred credits - gains on intercompany	117,876	(62,026)	55,850	13)
accounts		, , ,		·
Accrued pension liabilities	764,899	1,012,526	1,777,425	6)
Stockholders' equity				
Capital surplus - long-term investments	9,138,169	(9,138,169)	-	12), 13)
Capital surplus - difference between	, , , <u>-</u>	3,802,347	3,802,347	12), 13)
acquisition price and carrying amount from		, ,	, ,	,, ,
equity transaction				
Special reserve	3,152,365	22,319,229	25,471,594	12), f.
Unappropriated earnings	11,472,883	3,627,889	15,100,772	1), 6), 7), 9),
5 Tr 1 8	, . ,	-,,	-,,	10), 12),
				13), f.
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	186,739	(2,721,706)	(2,534,967)	10), 12), 13),
Unrecognized net loss on pension cost	(166,360)	166,360	_	12), 13)
Unrealized gain and loss on	4,221,652	743,740	4,965,392	9), 12)
available-for-sale/cash flow hedges financial assets	4,221,032	743,740	4,703,372)), 12)
Unrealized revaluation increment on	19,166,737	(19,166,737)	_	1), 12), 13)
properties	17,100,737	(17,100,737)	_	1,, 12,, 13)

c. Reconciliation of the statements of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2012.

		ROC GAAP Effect of Transition to				IFRSs	Note		
Gain on disposal of investments, net	\$	86,185	\$	(86,149)	\$	36	13)		
Income tax expense		81,570		(1,945)		79,625	6)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale						66,179			
financial assets									
Actuarial loss on defined benefit plan						(576,948)			
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint venture						(1,160,461)			
Income tax relating to comprehensive income						(98,081)			

1) Deemed cost

Under ROC GAAP, an entity may use as deemed cost the sum of the carrying value and revaluation increment resulting from the revaluation of property, plant, and equipment based on certain regulations. The recognized amount of the revaluation increment is net of land revaluation increments and land reserve for land value increment tax. On January 1, 2012, the date of transition to IFRSs, the Company treated the carrying amount in ROC GAAP by reference to the revaluation amount established at the date revalued the property, plant, and equipment, as the deemed cost of the property, plant, and equipment.

Thus, the adjustment of unrealized revaluation increments on properties decreased by NT\$19,167,218 thousand and unappropriated earning increased by NT\$19,167,218 thousand.

2) Fixed, leased and idle properties

Under ROC GAAP, the Company's properties and buildings held to earn rentals are fixed assets for operating purposes and are thus classified under property, plant and equipment. In addition, the Company recognized idle properties and part of rental properties as nonoperating assets. Under IFRSs, fixed assets are classified as property, plant and equipment or investment properties in accordance with their nature. Thus, the Company increase property, plant and equipment by NT\$127,956 thousand and investment properties by NT\$778,373 thousand and decrease nonoperating properties by NT\$906,338 thousand.

3) Deferred charges

Under ROC GAAP, deferred charges are classified under other assets. Under IFRSs, deferred charges are classified under investment properties, property, plant and equipment and long-term prepayments in accordance with their nature. Thus, the Company decreased deferred charges by NT\$67,367 thousand and increased, property, plant and equipment and long-term prepayment by NT\$61,040 thousand and NT\$6,327 thousand, respectively.

4) Farmland

Under ROC GAAP, farmland is accounted for under other assets - farmland. Under IFRSs, agricultural land is classified under investment properties or property, plant and equipment in accordance with their nature. Thus, the Company reclassified farmland amounting to NT\$38,231 thousand and NT\$238,430 thousand to investment properties and property, plant and equipment, respectively.

5) Reserve for the land value increment tax

Under Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the reserve for the land revaluation increment tax resulting from land revaluation is classified as reserve for land value increment tax. Under IFRS, the Company chose to use book value after land revaluation as deemed cost and reclassified the reserve for land value increment tax to deferred income tax liability - noncurrent. As of December 31, 2012, the Company reclassified NT\$1,519,896 thousand from the reserve for land value increment tax to deferred income tax liabilities - noncurrent.

6) Employee benefits

Under ROC GAAP, unrecognized net transition obligation on the first-time adoption of SFAS No. 18 "Accounting for Pensions" should be amortized by the straight-line method over expected average remaining service lives of the employees who are still in service and expected to receive pension benefits and recorded in net pension cost. Under IFRSs, the Company is not subject to the

transition requirements of IAS 19 "Employee Benefits." Thus, unrecognized net transition obligation should be recognized immediately to unappropriated earnings.

Under ROC GAAP, actuarial gains and losses are recognized under then corridor approach. The portion of those actuarial gains and losses to be recognized is calculated as the excess divided by the expected average remaining service lives of the employees who are still in service and expected to receive pension benefits. Under IFRSs, actuarial gains and losses should be recognized immediately in other comprehensive income and unappropriated earnings, in statement of changes in equity, and should not be reclassified to profit or loss in a subsequent period.

In addition, under ROC GAAP, minimum pension liability is the present value of the defined benefit obligation in excess of the fair value of the plan assets. The entity should make up the deficit portion when the pension liabilities are less than the minimum pension liabilities. However, there is no provision on minimum pension liability under IFRSs.

As of December 31, 2012, the Company had performed actuarial valuation under IAS No. 19 "Employee Benefits" and recognized the valuation difference directly to unappropriated earnings under the requirement of IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards." Unappropriated earning, were decreased by NT\$840,396 thousand. Accrued pension liabilities deferred income tax liabilities - noncurrent and deferred income tax assets - noncurrent were adjusted for increases of NT\$1,012,526 thousand, NT\$172,780 thousand and NT\$344,910 thousand, respectively.

7) Short-term accumulating compensated absences

Short-term accumulating compensated absences are not specifically addressed under ROC GAAP and are usually recognized as salary expense when employees actually go on leave. Under IFRSs, accumulating compensated absences are recognized as salary expense when the employees render services that increase their entitlements to future compensated absences. As of December 31, 2012, the Company accrued NT\$88,197 thousand as short-term accumulating compensated absences and decreased of unappropriated earnings by NT\$88,197 thousand.

8) Onerous contracts

As of December 31, 2012, the Company had reclassified NT\$2,581 thousand warranties from other current liabilities to provision -current in accordance with their nature and the estimated repayment dates.

9) Loss of significant influence

Under ROC GAAP, if the Company loses the significant influence over an investee because of a decrease in ownership or any other reasons, the Company should stop using the equity method and, at the same time, recognize the carrying value as the investment cost. If there is additional capital surplus or other equity items arising from the equity-method investment, the Company should consider the related items in calculating the gain or loss on disposal of the investments.

Under IFRS, the Company needs to compare the fair value of the remaining investments plus proceeds from disposal of equity-method investments with the book value of the investment before disposal and recognize the gain or loss on the disposal. The Company should account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate using the same accounting treatment as would have been required had the associate directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities

The Company accounted for equity-method investments on which significant influence had been lost under available-for-sale financial assets-noncurrent. Thus, the Company increased unrealized gain on financial instruments and decreased unappropriated earnings by NT\$61,674 thousand each on January 1, 2012.

10) Cumulative translation adjustments

On January 1, 2012, the Company elected to recognize all cumulative translation adjustments arising from foreign operations as unappropriated earnings. Thus, the Company deducted the cumulative translation adjustment from other adjustments included in stockholders' equity on the transition date while calculating the gain or loss on any foreign operations after the transition date. As of January 1, 2012, the Company had decreased cumulative translation adjustments and increased unappropriated earnings by NT\$2,915,415 thousand each.

11) Prepayment for equipment disclosure

Under ROC GAAP, the prepayment for equipment is classified as prepayment for equipment under property, plant and equipment. Under IFRS, the prepayment for equipment is classified as long-term prepayment. As of December 31, 2012, the Company reclassified NT\$298,135 thousand from prepayment for equipment to long-term prepayments.

12) Adjustment of long-term equity investments

The evaluation of significant differences between current accounting policies and future IFRS adoption used in the Company are also adopted in the equity investments.

Under ROC GAAP, the changes in investment percentage arising from an investor company's subscribing for new shares issued by the investee at a percentage different from its current investment percentage, the resulting increase or decrease in the investment company's equity in the investee is adjusted in "capital surplus - from long-term investments" and "equity-method investment."

Under IFRSs, changes in equity in associates in which significant influence over the associates is retained, are regarded as the acquisition or disposal of shares in associates; however, changes in equity in subsidiaries in which control over the subsidiaries is retained are regarded as equity transactions. In addition, under IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" and "Q&A for adopting IFRSs" issued by the Taiwan Stock Exchange, the Company does not need to adjust related accounts retroactively if retroactive account adjustment is not feasible; but, it should reclassify capital surplus - from long-term investment to unappropriated earnings. As of December 31, 2012, capital surplus - from long-term investments decreased by NT\$9,421,242 thousand and unappropriated earnings increased by NT\$9,421,242 thousand.

As of December 31, 2012, the foregoing reclassification resulted in an increase of NT\$499,521 thousand in equity-method investments and NT\$262,703 thousand in capital surplus - from long-term investment and decreased unappropriated earnings, unrecognized net loss of pension cost, and unrealized revaluation increments on properties by NT\$4,511,291 thousand, NT\$166,453 thousand and NT\$704 thousand, respectively. The capital surplus - difference between acquisition price and carrying amount from equity transaction, special reserve, unrealized gain on available-for-sale financial assets and cumulative translation adjustments increased by NT\$3,679,776 thousand, NT\$31,300 thousand, NT\$682,066 thousand and NT\$189,216 thousand, respectively. In addition, the Company decreased the shares of profit by NT\$3,718,957 thousand and increased the unrealized loss on defined benefit plan by NT\$29,261 thousand.

13) Changes in parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary

Under ROC GAAP, the parent company does not need to identify whether the controls over subsidiaries are retained or not when recognizing any difference arising between the fair value of disposing of the interest in the subsidiaries and the carrying amount of the investment as disposal gain or loss. Under IFRSs, changes in equity in subsidiaries in which control over the subsidiaries is retained are regarded as equity transactions.

Thus, on December 31, 2012, the Company increased capital surplus - the difference between the fair value of the ownership interest disposed of and the carrying amount of the subsidiary, by NT\$122,571 thousand; capital surplus - from long-term investments, by NT\$20,370 thousand; cumulative translation adjustments, by NT\$4,493 thousand, unrecognized net loss of pension cost, by NT\$93 thousand, unrealized revaluation increments on properties, by NT\$1,185 thousand.

The unappropriated earnings and deferred income decreased by NT\$3,691,403 thousand, NT\$86,500 thousand and NT\$62,026 thousand, respectively. In addition, for the year ended December 31, 2012, gain on disposal of investments decreased by NT\$86,149 thousand.

14) Deferred income tax assets or liabilities and valuation allowance

Under ROC GAAP, valuation allowances are provided to the extent, if any, that it is more likely than not that deferred income tax assets will not be realized. Under IFRSs, deferred income tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be used. Thus, valuation allowance is not needed.

In addition, a deferred income tax asset and liability is classified as current or noncurrent on the basis of the classification of the related assets and liabilities for financial reporting under ROC GAAP. A deferred asset or liability that cannot be related to an asset or a liability in the financial statements is classified as current or noncurrent in accordance with the expected realization date of the temporary difference. Under IFRSs, a deferred income tax asset and liability is always classified as noncurrent.

Under ROC GAAP, deferred current income tax liabilities and assets belonging to the same taxable entity should be offset and settled; these offset and settlement on a net basis were also applied to deferred noncurrent income tax liabilities and assets. Under IFRS, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities should be offset only if the entity has a legally enforceable right to settle on a net basis and if the income taxes on the deferred tax assets and liabilities are levied by the same taxing authority on the same taxable entity (or different taxable entities which intend either to settle material current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered).

Thus, the Company increased deferred income tax assets - noncurrent by NT\$172,780 thousand and deferred income tax liabilities - noncurrent by NT\$172,780 thousand.

d. Explanation of material adjustments to the statement of cash flows.

According to ROC GAAP, interest paid and received, income tax and dividends received are classified as operating activities. Additional disclosure is required for interest expenses when reporting cash flow using indirect method. However, under IAS 7" Statement of Cash Flow", cash flows from interest and dividends received and paid shall each be disclosed separately. Therefore, for the year ended December 31, 2012, interests and dividends received by the Company were NT\$8,828 thousand and NT\$7,380,414 thousand, respectively, and income tax and interest paid by the Company wereNT\$25,092, NT\$674,016 thousand, respectively, presented separately at the date of transition to IFRSs.

Except for the above differences, there are no other significant differences between ROC GAAP and IFRSs in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

e. Exemptions from IFRS 1

IFRS 1 establishes the procedures for the Company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRSs. According to IFRS 1, the Company is required to determine the accounting policies under IFRSs and retrospectively apply those accounting policies in its opening balance sheet at the date of transition to IFRSs, January 1, 2012; except for optional exemptions and mandatory exceptions to such retrospective application provided under IFRS 1. The major optional exemptions the Company adopted are summarized as follows:

Business combinations

The Company elected not to apply IFRS 3, "Business Combinations," retrospectively to business combinations that occurred before the date of transition. Therefore, in the opening balance sheet, the amount of goodwill generated from past business combinations remains the same compared with the one under ROC GAAP as of December 31, 2011.

The exemption of not elected to apply IFRS 3 "Business Combinations" also applied to investments in associates acquired in the past.

Employee benefits

The Company elected to recognize all cumulative actuarial gains and losses in retained earnings as of the date of transition. In addition, the Company elected to apply the exemption disclosure requirement provided by IFRS 1, in which the experience adjustments are determined for each accounting period prospectively from the transition date.

Cumulative translation differences

The Company elected to reset the cumulative translation differences to zero at the date of transition to IFRSs and adjusted retained earnings accordingly. Gains or losses of a subsequent disposal of any foreign operations will exclude the translation differences that arose before the date of transition to IFRSs.

f. Special reserve recognized at the date of transition

According to Rule No. 1010012865 issued by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) on April 6, 2012, on the first-time adoption of IFRSs, the Company is required to record special reserve equal to the amount of unrealized revaluation increments and cumulative translation adjustments (gain) under stockholders' equity reclassified to unappropriated earnings in accordance with IFRS 1; however, if the increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments is not enough for this appropriation, only the increase in retained earnings that resulted from all IFRSs adjustments will be appropriated to special reserve. The special reserve may be reversed to retained earnings in proportion to the use, disposal or reclassification of the related assets and thereafter distributed. On January 1, 2011, unrealized revaluation increments, cumulative translation adjustments and unappropriated earnings arising from the investment properties of equity-method investees which used revalued fair value as deemed cost amounted to NT\$2,915,415 thousand, NT\$19,167,218 thousand, and NT\$205,296 thousand, respectively; and, the Company recorded these amounts under special reserve.

32. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

- a. Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company and investees and b. Reinvestment information:
 - 1) Financing provided: Schedule C (attached)
 - 2) Endorsement/guarantee provided: Schedule D (attached)
 - 3) Marketable securities and investments in share of stock held: Schedule E (attached)
 - 4) Securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: Schedule F (attached)
 - 5) Acquisition of individual real states at costs of at least NT\$30 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
 - 6) Disposal of individual real states at prices of at least NT\$30 million or 20% of the capital stock: None
 - 7) Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$10 million or 20% of the capital stock: Schedule G (attached)
 - 8) Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$10 million or 20% of the capital stock: Schedule H (attached)
 - 9) Names, locations, and related information of investees on which the Company exercises significant influence: Schedule I (attached)
 - 10) Derivative financial transactions: Note 7
- c. Investments in Mainland China
 - 1) Investee company name, the description of the primary business activity and products, issued capital, nature of the relationship, capital inflow or outflow, ownership interest, gain or loss on investment, amounts received on investment, and the limitation on investment: Schedule J and J-1 (attached)
 - 2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee company, prices, payment terms, and unrealized gain or loss: Note 35 and Schedules J and J-1 (attached)

RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31 2013 AND 2012

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		For the	Year End	ded December 31	
		2013		2012	
	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%
Sales					
Subsidiaries		\$ 2,696,908	4	\$ 2,144,264	4
Related parties		901,344	2	538,789	1
Others		380,078	<u>1</u>	403,107	
		Φ 2.070.220	-	A. Q. 00 (1 (0	_
		\$ 3,978,330	<u>7</u>	\$ 3,086,160	5
Operating cost and expense					
Purchase					
Subsidiaries		\$ 12,340,506	29	\$ 10,586,656	24
Related parties		163,862	-	1,111,340	2
Others		260,837	1	223,187	1
		\$ 12,765,205	_30	\$ 11,921,18 <u>3</u>	27
Manufacturing overhead - processing					
Subsidiaries		<u>\$ 1,559,126</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>\$ 997,886</u>	<u> 58</u>
Contract costs					
Subsidiaries		\$ 15,820	5	\$ 16,495	5
Related parties		13,841	5	14,282	5
Others		124,624	42	110,131	<u>36</u>
		\$ 154,285	52	\$ 140,908	46
		<u>9 134,263</u>	<u> 32</u>	<u>\$ 140,508</u>	<u> 40</u>
Computer processing expense					
Subsidiaries	c.	\$ 396	1	\$ 98	-
Others		67,435	<u>63</u>	59,394	60
		\$ 67,831	64	\$ 59,492	_60
					
Rental expense	1	Φ 107.212	0.5	Φ 102.055	0.7
Subsidiaries	d.	\$ 185,312	85	\$ 182,957	85
Others		16,268	7	16,226	8
		<u>\$ 201,580</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>\$ 199,183</u>	<u>93</u>
					ntinued)

			For the	Year End	ded De	ecember 31	
			2013			2012	
	Notes	A	mount	%	A	mount	%
Nonoperating revenue Rental revenue							
Subsidiaries		\$	16,055	73	\$	6,085	51
Others			5,551	<u>25</u>		5,524	<u>47</u>
		\$	21,606	<u>98</u>	\$	11,609	<u>98</u>
Other revenue - commission revenue Subsidiaries		<u>\$</u>	163,291	28	<u>\$</u>	102,025	44
Nonoperating expenses Other expenses - endorsement/guarantee expense							
Subsidiaries		\$	18,877	4	\$	17,415	5

Notes:

- a. The terms of sales to and purchases from the related parties were based on agreements.
- b. The Company had donated NT\$1,050 thousand to Far Eastern Memorial Foundation as of December 31, 2013 and NT\$1,773 thousand to Yuan Ze University as of December 31, 2012.
- c. As of December 31, 2013, the Company rented the office building and factories from Yuan Ding Co., Ltd. and Far Eastern Resource Development Co., Ltd. and rental expense were paid by monthly and quarterly. All the terms of lease contract had been agreed upon by the lessor and the tenants.
- d. The Company had revenue incurred from renting out factories and land in Xinpu, Guanyin, Neili and Hukou to Yuan Ze University, Far EasTone, Fu-Ming Transport Corporate, Oriental Resources Development Ltd, Oriental Petrochemical Corp and YDT Technology International Co., Ltd. Rent was received or paid quarterly or monthly, and the amount of rent was based on market conditions in nearby locations.
- e. Compensation of key management personnel:

	For the Year Ended December 31					
	2013	2012				
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits (Note)	\$ 332,152 (845)	\$ 350,362 (1,368)				
	<u>\$ 331,307</u>	\$ 348,994				

Note: The post-employment benefits were gains for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 based on the results of the actuarial valuations made in accordance with IAS 19 "Employee Benefits".

RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2013 AND 2012 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		December 31,	2013	December 31	. 2012	January 1,	2012
		Carrying		Carrying		Carrying	
	Notes	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
			, -		, ,		, ,
Notes receivable							
Subsidiaries		\$ 27,968	3	\$ 20,543	3	\$ 8,589	2
Related parties		2,283	-	63,287	8	27,783	6
Others		28,527	3			31,056	6
		<u>\$ 58,778</u>	6	<u>\$ 83,830</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>\$ 67,428</u>	<u>14</u>
Accounts receivable							
Subsidiaries		\$ 936,901	89	\$ 590,195	75	\$ 335,300	71
Related parties		7,926	-	70,937	9	13,665	3
Others		56,806	5	44,804	5	53,747	<u>12</u>
		<u>\$ 1,001,633</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>\$ 705,936</u>	<u>89</u>	\$ 402,712	<u>86</u>
Other receivables		Φ. 440.073		Φ 260.076	0.0	Φ 220 410	0.5
Subsidiaries		\$ 448,052	9	\$ 269,876	80	\$ 239,419	85
Related parties		38,451	1	33,666	10	24,214	8
Others		15,982		34,652	<u>10</u>	19,286	7
		¢ 502.495	10	¢ 229 104	100	¢ 292.010	100
		<u>\$ 502,485</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>\$ 338,194</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 282,919</u>	<u>100</u>
Refundable deposits							
Subsidiaries		\$ 34,318	55	\$ 33,887	50	\$ 33,887	63
Others		8,260	13	8,260	12	8,21 <u>5</u>	<u> 16</u>
Officis		0,200			12		
		\$ 42,578	<u>68</u>	\$ 42,147	<u>62</u>	<u>\$ 42,102</u>	<u>79</u>
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Accounts payable							
Subsidiaries		\$ 927,123	98	\$ 922,286	99	\$ 1,007,473	91
Related parties		17,649	2	3,872	-	89,042	8
Others		3,403		7,819	1	11,873	<u> </u>
		<u>\$ 948,175</u>	100	<u>\$ 933,977</u>	100	\$ 1,108,388	100
Other payables							
Subsidiaries		\$ 319,783	9	\$ 408,911	11	\$ 289,821	9
Related parties		3,512	-	4,143	-	3,705	-
Others		<u>27,186</u>	1	35,340	1	27,769	1
		\$ 350,481	<u>10</u>	\$ 448,394	<u>12</u>	\$ 321,295	<u>10</u>
						(Co	ntinued)

		 cember 31	, 2013	_	ecember 31	, 2012	 anuary 1, 2	2012
	Notes	arrying .mount	%		arrying Amount	%	arrying Amount	%
Deferred income Sale of securities								
Subsidiaries	a., b.	\$ 33,467	66	\$	38,522	69	\$ 38,558	69
Others Sale of land	c.	2,579	5		2,579	5	2,579	5
Subsidiaries	d.	 14,749	<u>29</u>		14,749	<u>26</u>	 14,749	<u>26</u>
		\$ 50,795	100	\$	55,850	100	\$ 55,886	100

Financing to affiliates

Loans to related parties (recognized as other payables - related parties)

	December 31	, 2013	December 31	, 2012	January 1, 2	2012
	Carrying Amount	%	Carrying Amount	%	Carrying Amount	%
Investors that have significant influence over the subsidiaries	\$ 3,899,000	<u>90</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>

Note:

- a. The terms of sales to and purchases from the related parties were based on the agreement.
- b. The Company subscribed for 17,500 new common shares issued by Air Liquide Far Eastern Ltd.'s amounted to NT\$174,997 thousand in September 2013.
- c. To expedite the development of multimedia services, mobile advertising and mobile commerce business, the Company acquired 2,786 thousand shares of Hiiir amounting to NT\$54,000 thousand from other related parties in 2013.
- d. To expand the Company's future business, Far EasTone subscribed for the shares of Alliance Digital Technology Co., Ltd. shares for NT\$30,000 thousand in 2013 and acquired 19.23% ownership.

FINANCING PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		_	Financial	Related	Maximum	Amounts Allowed	Actual Borrowing	<u> </u>	Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	ollateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
No.	Lender	Borrower			Amounts Allowed for the Period	for Ending Period	Amount	Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss Iten	Value	for Each Borrower		Note
0	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	\$ 1,926,210	\$ 1,926,210	\$ 1,926,210	3.35	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$ - Promise note	ory \$ -	\$ 5,641,587	\$ 56,415,865	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note B); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
		Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	2,078,270	1,972,790	1,972,790	1.6428-3.35	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promise note	ory -	5,641,587	56,415,865	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note B); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
1	Far EasTone Telecommunicati ons Co., Ltd.	Q-Ware Communication Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	250,000	250,000	241,000	1.24-1.63	2	-	For revolving fund		-	7,279,321	10,918,981	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note E).
2	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	50,000	50,000	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promiss note	ory -	4,011,049	20,055,246	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
		Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	170,000	170,000	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promiss note	ory -	4,011,049	20,055,246	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
		Far Eastern Resources Development Co.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	500,000	500,000	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promiss note	ory -	4,011,049	20,055,246	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
		An Ho Garment Co. Ltd.	, Receivables from affiliates	Yes	230,000	230,000	-	1.66-1.79	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promiss note	ory -	4,011,049	20,055,246	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
		Kai Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	400,000	400,000	-	1.66-1.79	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promise note	ory -	4,011,049	20,055,246	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
		Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	460,000	460,000	-	1.66-1.79	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promise note	ory -	4,011,049	20,055,246	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
		Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd	affiliates	Yes	400,000	245,000	245,000	1.66-1.79	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promise note	ory -	4,011,049	20,055,246	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
3	Far Eastern Resources Development Co.	Ding Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	200,000	-	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund		-	2,574,046	12,870,229	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).

Lender	Borrower	Financial	Related	A MOUNTS A HOWAR		Actual Borrowing	Internal D. 4	Nature of	T	Cl4 4	Allowance for	Collateral Financing Limit Aggregate		. iggi egan		
		Statement Account	Parties	Amounts Allowed for the Period	for Ending Period		Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower		Note
Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ -	-	2	-	For revolving fund	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ 791,114	\$ 3,955,569	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Resources Development Co.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	200,000	-	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	-	-	791,114	3,955,569	(Note C). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	155,000	155,000	155,000	1.20-1.45	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	791,114	3,955,569	(Note C). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	118,960	118,960	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	4,244,269	4,244,269	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	297,400	297,400	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	5,305,336	9,549,605	(Note F). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	Far Eastern Industries (Yangzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	4,223,080	4,223,080	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	5,305,336	9,549,605	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Ishizuka Green Pet Corporation	Receivables from related parties	Yes	451,840	451,840	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	4,244,269	4,244,269	(Note H). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,962,840	1,962,840	208,180	-	1	6712318	-	-	Promissory note	-	6,712,318	7,427,470	(Note F). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note M); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,040,900	1,040,900	820,824	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	5,305,336	9,549,605	(Note I). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	2,914,520	2,914,520	2,141,280	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	5,305,336	9,549,605	(Note H). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
Far Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd.	Malaysia Garment Manufactures Pte. Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	297,400	297,400	-	0-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	2,764,114	2,764,114	period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	594,800	297,400	-	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	3,455,142	6,219,256	(Note F). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	594,800	297,400	-	1.5145	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	3,455,142	6,219,256	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).

		Financial	Related	Maximum	Amounts Allowed	Actual Borrowing		Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for Colla	teral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
No. Lender	Borrower	Statement Account		Amounts Allowed for the Period	for Ending Period	Amount	Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss Item	Value	for Each Borrower		Note
	Oriental Fetrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	\$ 892,200	\$ 743,500	\$ -	-	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$ - Promissory note	\$ -	\$ 2,764,114	\$ 2,764,114	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern F Polychem Industries Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	2,379,200	297,400	98,142	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	3,455,142	6,219,256	(Note F). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,070,640	1,070,640	234,351	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	2,764,114	2,764,114	(Note H). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Apparel F (Vietnam) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	267,660	267,660	236,730	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	3,455,142	6,219,256	(Note F). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	PET Far Eastern (M) F Sdn. Bhd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	297,400	297,400	263,675	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	2,764,114	2,764,114	period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Apparel F (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,487,000	446,100	362,828	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	3,455,142	6,219,256	(Note F). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,933,100	1,933,100	1,754,660	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	3,455,142	6,219,256	(Note H). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	2,379,200	2,081,800	1,837,932	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	3,455,142	6,219,256	(Note H). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
8 PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Oriental F Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,249,080	1,249,080	972,498	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	2,611,293	2,611,293	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note F).
9 Kai Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Ding Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	100,000	-	-	1.20-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund		-	485,477	2,427,383	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	200,000	-	-	1.20-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund		-	485,477	2,427,383	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	600,000	-	-	1.20-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund		-	485,477	2,427,383	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd. F	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	400,000	281,000	281,000	1.20-1.53	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	485,477	2,427,383	(Note C). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).

	_	Financial	Related	Maximum	Amounts Allowed	Actual Borrowing		Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for Colla	ateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
No. Lender	Borrower			Amounts Allowed for the Period	for Ending Period	Amount	Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss Item	Value	for Each Borrower		Note
Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	\$ 297,400	\$ 297,400	\$ -	1.5145	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$ - Promissory note	\$ -	\$ 4,108,825	\$ 7,395,884	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	356,880	356,880	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	4,108,825	7,395,884	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	3,866,200	3,866,200	1,891,464	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	4,108,825	7,395,884	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
11 Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	YDT Technology International Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	50,000	50,000	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	1,719,686	4,299,216	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note G); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Far Eastern Techical Consultants Co, Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	50,000	50,000	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	1,719,686	4,299,216	
	FET Consulting Engineers Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	50,000	50,000	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	1,719,686	4,299,216	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note G); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Far Eastern Electronic Commerce Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	100,000	100,000	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	1,719,686	4,299,216	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note G); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Ding Ding Integrated Marketing Services Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	100,000	100,000	-	1.26	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	1,719,686	4,299,216	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note G); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Yuan Ding Integrated Information Service (Shanghai) Inc.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	119,700	118,960	29,740	1.32	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$ - Promissory note	\$ -	1,719,686	4,299,216	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note G); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
13 Ding Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	100,000	-	-	1.20-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund		-	267,526	1,337,632	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	250,000	-	-	1.20-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund		-	267,526	1,337,632	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	100,000	100,000	100,000	1.18-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	267,526	1,337,632	(Note C). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
	Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	140,000	140,000	140,000	1.18-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	267,526	1,337,632	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).

	_	Financial	Related	Maximum	Amounts Allowed	Actual Borrowing		Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for Coll	lateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
No. Lender	Borrower	Statement Account	Parties	Amounts Allowed for the Period	for Ending Period	Amount	Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss Item	Value	for Each Borrower		Note
An Ho Garment Co., Ltd.	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	\$ 280,000	\$ -	\$ -	1.2	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$	\$ -	\$ 167,658	\$ 838,290	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	50,000	-	-	1.20-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund		-	167,658	838,290	(Note C). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd	. Receivables from affiliates	Yes	80,000	-	-	1.20-1.21	2	-	For revolving fund		-	167,658	838,290	(Note C). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	230,000	-	-	1.20-1.49	2	-	For revolving fund		-	167,658	838,290	(Note C). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
15 FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,272,872	565,060	499,632	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	y -	429,021	772,238	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
20 Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,427,520	1,427,520	-	-	1	2160789	-	- Promissory note		2,160,789	4,518,848	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note M); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note I).
	Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	178,440	178,440	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	3,227,748	5,809,947	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	1,930,126	1,930,126	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note		3,227,748	5,809,947	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	4,104,120	2,676,600	2,230,500	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	3,227,748	5,809,947	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
21 Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	594,800	594,800	-	-	1	938446	-	- Promissory note	-	938,446	1,628,957	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note M); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note I).
	Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	2,974,000	892,200	321,192	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note		1,163,541	2,094,374	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	892,200	892,200	535,320	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	1,163,541	2,094,374	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
FETG Investment Antilles N.V.	Waldorf Services B.V.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	29,740	29,740	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	319,876	575,777	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
															(Continued)

		Financial	Related	Maximum	Amounts Allowed	Actual Borrowing		Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for Coll	ateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
No. Lender	Borrower			Amounts Allowed for the Period	for Ending Period	Amount	Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss Item	Value	for Each Borrower	Financing Limits	Note
30 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	\$ 512,182	\$ -	\$ -	5.6	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$ - Promissory note	\$ -	\$ 4,225,241	\$ 7,605,434	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Martens Beers Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	34,142	34,142	-	3	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	_	4,225,241	7,605,434	(Note H). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	97,547	97,547	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory	-	845,048	1,267,572	(Note H). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note E).
34 Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	487,795	487,795	1	2.98035-3.37500	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	1,901,309	4,225,131	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note L).
36 Waldorf Services B.V.	Malaysia Garment Manufactures Pte Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	148,700	148,700	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	5,641,587	16,924,760	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note J); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note K).
	Far Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	148,700	148,700	144,685	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	5,641,587	16,924,760	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note J); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note K).
	Chuang Yuan Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	No	297,400	297,400	189,741	1.42250-1.51450	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	5,641,587	16,924,760	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note J); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note K).
38 Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	Martens Beers Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	107,064	-	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	-	-	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note N); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note N).
	FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	594,800	-	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	-	-	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note N); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Receivables from related parties	Yes	880,304	-	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	-	-	(Note N). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note N); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note N).
41 Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	48,774	48,774	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	478,810	1,436,430	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note B); maximum amounts allowed for the period
	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	97,547	97,547	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory	-	478,810	1,436,430	(Note E). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note B); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note E).
	Far Eastern Union Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	487,795	-	-	4	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissory note	-	478,810	1,436,430	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note B); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note E).

		_	Financial	Related	Maximum	Amounts Allowed	Actual Borrowing		Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	Colla	teral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
No.	Lender	Borrower	Statement Account	Parties	Amounts Allowed for the Period	for Ending Period		Interest Rate	Financing	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower		Note
43	Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	\$ 731,693	\$ 731,693	\$ -	2.79869-3.37500	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$ -	Promissory note	\$ -	\$ 3,073,372	\$ 6,829,716	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period
		Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	975,591	975,591	487,795	3.6	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	3,073,372	6,829,716	(Note L). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note L).
44	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	1,463,357	975,591	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	3,305,520	7,345,601	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note L).
45	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	731,693	731,693	81,160	2.84692-3.37500	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	570,859	1,268,575	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note L).
46	Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	48,774	48,774	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	379,183	379,183	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note F).
47	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	731,693	439,022	-	3.57332-3.63548	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	1,161,227	2,580,505	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note L).
		Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	390,219	292,671	100,878	3.57332-3.63979	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	1,161,227	2,580,505	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period
		Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	731,693	536,569	139,035	3.57332-3.63979	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	1,161,227	2,580,505	(Note L). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period
		Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	390,219	390,219	229,593	3.57332-3.63979	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	1,161,227	2,580,505	(Note L). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period
		Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	1,463,357	975,591	618,830	3.57332-3.63979	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	1,161,227	2,580,505	(Note L). Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note L).
49	Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd.	Yuan Ding Enterprise (Shanghai) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	160,983	160,983	1,457	5.8	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	972,468	1,750,442	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note C); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
51	Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Other receivables - loans to affiliates	Yes	243,898	146,351	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund	-	Promissory note	-	58,753	130,563	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note H); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note L).
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No.	Lender	Borrower	Financial Statement Account	Related Parties	Maximum Amounts Allowed for the Period	Amounts Allowed for Ending Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Interest Rate	Nature of Financing	Business Transaction Amounts	Reasons for Short-term Financing	Allowance for Impairment Loss Item	lateral Value	Financing Limit for Each Borrower	Aggregate Financing Limits	Note
55	YDT Technology International Co., Ltd.	Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 120,000	1.25-1.40	2	\$ -	For revolving fund	\$ - Promissor note	у \$ -	\$ 150,487	\$ 188,109	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
56	Far Eastern Techical Consultants Co, Ltd.	Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	12,000	-	-	-	2	-	For revolving fund		-	13,238	33,096	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note G); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
57	FET Consulting Engineers Co., Ltd.	Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	150,000	100,000	98,000	1.25-1.40	2	-	For revolving fund	- Promissor note	y -	223,076	278,846	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
64	New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunicati ons Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	2,200,000	2,200,000	2,200,000	1.14	2	-	For revolving fund		-	2,299,160	3,448,740	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note D); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note E).
		Far EasTone Telecommunicati ons Co., Ltd.	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	1.14	1	3392474	-		-	3,392,474	11,495,800	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note M); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).
83	Far Eastern Tech-Info Ltd. (Shanghai)	Far Eastern New Century Information Technology (Beijing) Limited	Receivables from affiliates	Yes	61,589	-	-	6.56	2	-	For revolving fund		-	21,309	26,636	Amounts allowed for ending period (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note C).

Notes: A. Reasons for financing are as follows:

- 1. Business relationship.
- 2. For short-term financing.
- B. The limit is equal to 5% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- C. The limit is equal to 50% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- D. The limit is equal to 10% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- E. The limit is equal to 15% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- F. The limit is equal to 40% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- G. The limit is equal to 20% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- H. The limit is equal to 90% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- I. The limit is equal to 70% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- J. The limit is equal to 5% of the net value of FENC (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- K. The limit is equal to 15% of the net value of FENC (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- L. The limit is equal to 200% of the net value of the financier (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- M. The limit is equal to business transaction amount.
- N. There was no credit as the balance sheet date; thus, there was no need to calculate the financing limit.

ENDORSEMENT/GUARANTEE PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

		Endorsee/G	uarantee						Ratio of		E1		E-1	
No.	Endorser/ Guarantor	Name	Relationship	Limits on Each Counter-party's Endorsement/ Guarantee Amounts	Maximum Amounts Allowed for the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collaterals	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries (Note N)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent (Note N)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China (Note N)	Note
0	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	(Note A)	\$ 56,415,865	\$ 10,001,125	\$ 3,247,600	\$ 1,200,000	\$ -	2.88	\$ 112,831,730	Yes	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
1	Far EasTone Telecommunicatio ns Co., Ltd.	Q-Ware Communication Co., Ltd. KGEx.com Co., Ltd.	(Note A)	36,396,603 36,396,603	161,020 45,000	45,000	6,166	-	0.06	72,793,206 72,793,206	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G). Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum
2	Yuan Ding	Far Eastern Apparel	(Note A)	20,055,246	135,000	130,000	-	-	0.32	40,110,492	-	-	-	amounts allowed for the period (Note G). Limits on each counter-party's
	Investment Co., Ltd.	Co., Ltd.												endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Oriental Resources Development Ltd.	(Note A)	20,055,246	219,000	200,000	-	-	0.50	40,110,492	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	(Note C)	20,055,246	300,250	298,400	-	-	0.74	40,110,492	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period
		PET Far Eastem (Holding) Ltd.	(Note C)	20,055,246	1,050,875	1,044,400	-	-	2.60	40,110,492	-	-	-	(Note G). Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd.	(Note B)	20,055,246	394,000	394,000	88,000	-	0.98	40,110,492	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Far Eastem Apparel (Holding) Ltd.	(Note A)	20,055,246	1,801,500	1,790,400	626,992	-	4.46	40,110,492	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).

		Endorsee/Gu	<u>iarantee</u>						Ratio of		Endorsement/		Endorsement/	
No.	Endorser/ Guarantor	Name	Relationship	Limits on Each Counter-party's Endorsement/ Guarantee Amounts	Maximum Amounts Allowed for the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collaterals	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit	Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries (Note N)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent (Note N)	Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China (Note N)	Note
		Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	(Note B)	\$ 20,055,246	\$ 7,266,050	\$ 2,685,600	\$ 458,263	\$ -	6.70	\$ 40,110,492	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	(Note A)	20,055,246	3,603,000	2,685,600	749,393	-	6.70	40,110,492	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note D)	20,055,246	2,000,300	300,000	-	-	0.75	40,110,492	-	Yes	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note A)	20,055,246	300,250	298,400	-	-	0.74	40,110,492	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note A)	20,055,246	620,474	620,474	441,434	-	1.55	40,110,492	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
		Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	(Note A)	20,055,246	596,800	596,800	-	-	1.49	40,110,492	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
3	Far Eastern Resources Development Co.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note D)	12,870,229	7,721,448	6,271,448	5,601,370	6,271,448	5.56	25,740,458	-	Yes	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
4	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	(Note A)	3,955,569	500,517	-	-	-	-	7,911,137	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).
8	PET Far Eastem (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Union Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	(Note A)	56,415,865	250,238	250,238	250,238	-	0.22	112,831,730	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note I); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
11	Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	Ding Ding Hotel Co., Ltd.	(Note A)	4,299,216	503,000	503,000	38,000	50,000	0.45	8,598,432	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note F); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note G).

		Endorsee/G	uarantee						Ratio of					
No.	Endorser/ Guarantor	Name	Relationship	Limits on Each Counter-party's Endorsement/ Guarantee Amounts	Maximum Amounts Allowed for the Period	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collaterals	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)		Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries (Note N)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent (Note N)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China (Note N)	Note
12	Far Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd	(Note A)	\$ 13,175,037	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 95,000	\$ -	6.83	\$ 13,175,037	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note J); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note J).
15	FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note A)	56,415,865	244,718	-	-	-	-	112,831,730	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note I); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
20	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note A)	56,415,865	543,118	-	-	-	-	112,831,730	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note I); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).
30	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.	(Note C)	8,450,483	391,531	391,531	-	-	0.35	16,900,966	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note G); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note E).
33	Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd	Far Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	(Note D)	5,626,320	-	-	-	-	-	5,626,320	-	-	-	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note J); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note J).
44	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note C)	56,415,865	1,081,491	885,711	-	-	2.21	112,831,730	-	-	Yes	Limits on each counter-party's endorsement/guarantee amounts (Note I); maximum amounts allowed for the period (Note H).

Notes: A. Parent company's direct or indirect subsidiary.

- B. Equity-method investee.
- C. The guarantee provider and counter-party have the same ultimate parent company.
- D. Parent company of the investee.
- E. The amount of the collateral/guarantee is equal to 200% of the net value of the guarantor (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- F. The amount of the collateral/guarantee is equal to 50% of the net value of the guarantor (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- G. The amount of the collateral/guarantee is equal to the net value of the guarantor (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- H. The amount of the collateral/guarantee is equal to the net value of the ultimate parent company (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- I. The amount of the collateral/guarantee is equal to 50% of the net value of the ultimate parent company (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.

- J. The amount of the collateral/guarantee is equal to 300% of the net value of the guarantor (based on audited financial statements) as of December 31, 2013.
- K. The ratio of accumulated endorsement/guarantee to net equity in latest financial statements is calculated in accordance with Regulations Governing Loaning of Funds and Marketing of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies.
- L. The tariff guarantee maximum amount allowed for FENC during the period was NT\$160,000 thousand, and the actual appropriation as of period end was NT\$160,000 thousand.
- M. The tariff guarantee maximum amounts allowed for a subsidiary in Mainland China for the period and the actual appropriation as of period end are as follows:
 - 1) Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.: RMB0 (NT\$0); the actual remittance was this same amount.
 - 2) Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.: RMB0 (NT\$0); the actual remittance was this same amount.
 - 3) Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.: RMB11,182 thousand (NT\$54,728 thousand); the actual remittance was this same amount.
- N. There will be a "Yes" if the situation meets any with endorsement/guarantee given by parent on behalf of subsidiaries, endorsement/guarantee given by subsidiaries on behalf of parent and endorsement/guarantee given on behalf of companies in Mainland China.

MARKETABLE SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS IN SHARES OF STOCK HELD DECEMBER 31, 2013 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

with the Shares or Units			Relationship			December 3	31, 2013		
Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	with the Holding	Financial Statement Account	(All Common Shares Unless Stated	Carrying Amount			Note
Family and Scoke Exchange Corp. Family assess a finite value through profit or loss 1,000 1,10	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	Far Eastern International Bank	(Note C)	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	72,459	\$ 902,112	3.08	\$ 902,112	
Universal Venture Cipital Investment Corp. Overseas Foresterin and Developerate Co. Had. Chain Investment and London Investment Investment Control Investment Inve	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Chung Nan Textile Co., Ltd.	-		2,985			119,327	
Over-sear Investment and Development Co., Inc.			-						
Chrona fovestment and Development Co., Lid.			-						
Oriental Scartifies Presented Consultant Cos., Ltd. Galley Management Limits of Section Francisia assets carried at cost - noncurrent 1 10 - 11 1.66			-						
Callery Management Limited Park Companies Park Comp			-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1,287	8,250	0.80	13,585	
Date Chung Rills Finance Corp. Financial assets a seases carried at cord = noncurrent 2,165 30,669 0.50 32,233 DFE DWS Choled Multi asset Income Plus FOF Uniting Marine Transport Corporation Corp. Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,300 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.83 54,300 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.25 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.25 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.25 Available for-safe financial assets = noncurrent 5,000 54,200 0.25 Available for-safe financial assets at fir value through profit or loss-current 1,210 0.25 Available for-safe financial assets at fir value through profit or loss-current 1,210 0.25 0.25 Available for-safe financial assets at fir value through profit or loss-current 1,210 0.25 0.25 Available for-safe financial assets at fir value through profit or loss-current 1,210 0.		Oriental Securities Investment Consultant Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1	10		11	
DFE DWG Global Multi-asset Income Pits FOF U-Mining Marine Transport Corporation (Note E) Available-for-sule financial assets noncurrent (Note E) Reference of the property of t		Gallery Management Limited	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	914	6,597	9.81	1,626	
DFE DWG Global Multi-asset Income Plus FOF Use Miner Transport Copyration Valuable for self financial assets - current 5,00 54,300 0.83 34,300 228,533 1,227,285 1,227,2		Dah Chung Bills Finance Corp.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	2,165	30,669	0.50	32,233	
U.Ming Marine Transport Corporation (Note B) Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent 5,281 282,533 0.62 282,533 1,227,285 1			-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	5,000	54,300	0.83	54,300	
Far Fastern International Bank (Note C) Available-for-sale financial assets on courrent S8,577 1,227,285 4.19 1,227,285 1,227,225 1,		U-Ming Marine Transport Corporation	(Note B)	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent					
Financial assets under asset management contracts (Note F)									
Current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial asset a		Financial assets under asset management contracts				, .,		, .,	
Current F-Asia Plastic Recycle - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss current Financial assets at fai			-		1,219	24,868	-	24,868	
Current Curr		Taiwan Cement	-	5 1	461	21,321	-	21,321	
CCSB		F-Asia Plastic Recycle	-		179	17,094	-	17,094	
HANPIN		Kinik	-		200	14,700	-	14,700	
FuBon Financial Current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current CTBC Financial Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current CTBC Financial Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Fi		CCSB	-		97	4,976	-	4,976	
CTBC Financial CUrrent Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current CTBC Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		HANPIN	-		254	7,772	-	7,772	
Taiwan Tea		FuBon Financial	-		148	6,453	-	6,453	
Largan Precision - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Faraday - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current eLaser - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Kuenling A/C - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Rechi - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		CTBC Financial	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	877	17,847	-	17,847	
Faraday - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current eLaser - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Kuenling A/C - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Rechi - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		Taiwan Tea	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	297	7,425	-	7,425	
eLaser		Largan Precision	-	<u> </u>	17	20,655	-	20,655	
eLaser - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Kuenling A/C - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Rechi - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		Faraday	-		300	12,510	-	12,510	
Kuenling A/C Rechi Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current F-Cowealth Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current		eLaser	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	194	15,345	-	15,345	
Rechi F-Cowealth F-Cow		Kuenling A/C	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	35	1,003	-	1,003	
F-Cowealth - Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current - 198 16,790 - 16,790		Rechi	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	84	2,684	-	2,684	
		F-Cowealth	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	198	16,790	-	16,790	
current		Ledlink	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	163	16,243	-	16,243	

		Relationship			December 3	31, 2013		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares or Units (All Common Shares Unless Stated Otherwise) (Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
	Daxin	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	191	\$ 12,778	-	\$ 12,778	
	Lanner	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	188	10,378	-	10,378	
	Taiflex	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	203	12,180	-	12,180	
	Arima	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	344	4,678	-	4,678	
	F-Kingcan	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	214	18,404	-	18,404	
	TSH Biopharm	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	69	5,658	-	5,658	
	Hon Chuan	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	187	11,744	-	11,744	
Ding Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern International Bank	(Note D)	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	73,250	911,967	3.10	911,967	
Kai Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern International Bank U-Ming Marine Transport Corporation	(Note D) (Note E)	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	88,929 569	1,107,167 30,441	3.76 0.07	1,107,167 30,441	
Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	Bank of Chungqing Nippon Parison Co., Ltd	- -	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	8,787 4	185,003 65,089	0.76 10.00	185,003 93,287	
Far Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	U-Ming Marine Transport Corporation	(Note E)	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	1,590	85,054	0.19	85,054	
Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd.	U-Ming Marine Transport Corporation Kaohsiung Rapid Transit Co., Ltd. Ya-Li Precast Prestressed Concrete Industries Corp.	(Note E) - -	Available-for-sale financial assets - current Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	746 7,572 3,106	39,937 48,972 25,142	0.09 2.72 16.03	39,937 81,491 9,274	
	Hua Nan Kirin Money Market Fund Taishin Ta Chong Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	9,993 2,894	117,172 40,157	-	117,172 40,157	
	Deutsche Far Eastern DWS Taiwan Flagship Security	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	6,605	75,459	-	75,459	
	Investment Trust Fund Paradigm Pion Money Market Fund	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	2,838	32,052	-	32,052	
	Mega Diamond Money Market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	8,195	100,270	-	100,270	
	Shin Kong Chi-Shin Money - market Fund	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,960	60,004	-	60,004	
Waldorf Services B.V.	Albert & Orient Glycol Ltd. Filsyn Corporation	- -	Financial assets carried at cost - current Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	20,513	34,692	25.00 9.95	539,301 (37,007)	
An Ho Garment Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern International Bank	(Note D)	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	18,241	227,094	0.77	227,094	
Yuan Faun Ltd.	Far Eastern International Bank Yi Tong Fiber Co., Ltd.	(Note D)	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	3,865 3,504	48,122 28,519	0.17 3.56	48,122 38,420	
Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern DWS Global Agribusiness Fund Far Eastern International Bank Ding Shen Investment Co., Ltd. Bockhold N.V - stock Bockhold N.V - conversion option embedded into convertible bonds Bockhold N.V - convertible bonds	- (Note D) - - -	Available-for-sale financial assets - current Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - current Bond investments with no active market - current	9,862 17,627 39,600 1	103,747 219,455 396,000 108,533 7,895	0.75 18.00 12.51	103,747 219,455 446,016 55,724	
			Janone Santone		,			(Continued)

		Relationship			December	31, 2013		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares or Units (All Common Shares Unless Stated Otherwise) (Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
	Financial assets under asset management contracts							
	(Note F) FuBon SS ETF	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	1,322	\$ 26,969	-	\$ 26,969	
	Taiwan Cement	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	492	22,755	-	22,755	
	F-Asia Plastic Recycle	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	191	18,241	-	18,241	
	CCSB	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	104	5,335	-	5,335	
	HANPIN	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	291	8,905	-	8,905	
	FuBon Financial	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	158	6,889	-	6,889	
	CTBC Financial	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	939	19,109	-	19,109	
	Taiwan Tea	-	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	367	9,175	-	9,175	
	Largan Precision	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	19	23,085	-	23,085	
	eLaser	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	192	15,187	-	15,187	
	Kuenling A/C	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	46	1,318	-	1,318	
	Rechi	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	98	3,131	-	3,131	
	F-Cowealth	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	189	16,027	-	16,027	
	Ledlink	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	230	22,880	-	22,880	
	Daxin	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	209	13,982	-	13,982	
	Lanner	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	171	9,439	-	9,439	
	Taiflex	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	216	12,960	-	12,960	
	Arima	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	349	4,746	-	4,746	
	F-Kingcan	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	255	21,930	-	21,930	
	TSH Biopharm	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	64	5,248	-	5,248	
	Hon Chuan	-	current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	188	11,806	-	11,806	
Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note A)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss -	749	25,769	0.01	25,769	
	Far Eastern International Bank	(Note D)	current Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent	6,896	85,851	0.29	85,851	
Ding Ding Integrated Marketing Services Co., Ltd.	Pacific SOGO Department Stores	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1	12	-	17	
Far Eastern Techical Consultants Co, Ltd.	Yuantai Foreign Trade	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	480	4,800	4.00	8,295	
YDT Technology International Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern International Bank Oriental Securities Investment Consultant Co., Ltd.	(Note D)	Available-for-sale financial assets - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	2,425 1	30,190 10	0.10	30,190 11	

		Relationship			December 3	31, 2013		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares or Units (All Common Shares Unless Stated Otherwise) (Thousands)	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value	Note
Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Stocks Asia Cement Corporation Beneficial certificate - overseas fund	(Note B)	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	1,556	\$ 60,047	-	\$ 60,047	
	Opas Fund Segregated Portfolio Tranche D	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	5	165,695	-	165,695	
	Bonds 98 Asia Cement 1 Corporate Bond	(Note B)	Held-to-maturity financial assets - current	-	99,962	-	100,757	
Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	Stocks THI consultants Inc.		Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1,214	12,190	18.32	12,190	
	VIBO Telecom Inc.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	1,214	1,385		1,385	
	Chunghwa Int'l Communication Network Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	2.087	6,714	3.98	6,714	
	Web Point Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	161	1,618	3.98 0.63	1,618	
	web Point Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	101	1,018	0.03	1,018	
	Beneficial certificate Franklin Templeton SinoAm Global High Yield Bond Fund	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	899	10,125	-	10,125	
New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	Stocks Kaohsiung Rapid Transit Co., Ltd. BankPro E-service Technology Co., Ltd.	- -	Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent Financial assets carried at cost - noncurrent	8,858 450	50,000 4,500	3.18 3.33	50,000 4,500	
	Beneficial certificate - overseas fund Opas Fund Segregated Portfolio Tranche B	-	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	11	470,443	-	470,443	

Notes: A. Parent company.

B. Investor company and investee have the same chairman.

C. The vice chairman of investee is the chairman of FENC.

D. The chairman of FENC is the vice chairman of the investee company.

E. The chairman of the investee is FENC's chairman.

F. Financial assets under asset management contracts and the financial assets can be sold in the open market by the investee, Oriental Securities Corp.

G. Relevant information about investment of subsidiaries, affiliates and joint venture. Please refer Schedule I and J.

SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE CAPITAL STOCK FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

					Beginnin	g Balance	Acqui	isition		Disp	oosal		Investment	Ending	Balance
Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Financial Statement Account	Counterparty	Relationship	Shares (Thousands)/ Thousand Units	Amount	Shares (Thousands)/ Thousand Units	Amount	Shares (Thousands)/ Thousand Units	Price	Book Value	Disposal Gain	Income under the Equity Method	Shares (Thousands)/ Thousand Units	Amount
Far Eastern New Century Corporation	Oriental Petrochemical (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Equity-method investments	Cash capital increase	(Note A)	578,846	\$ 4,528,216	302,232	\$ 3,022,326	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (940,806)	881,078	\$ 6,609,736
	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Equity-method investments	Cash capital increase	(Note A)	228	4,927,478	36	824,600	-	-	-	-	33,858	264	5,785,936
Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Yangzhou) Ltd.	Equity-method investments	Cash capital increase	(Note A)	(Note B)	986,816	(Note B)	435,267	-	-	-	-	81,503	(Note B)	1,503,586
	Far Eastern Ishizuka Green Pet Corporation	Equity-method investments	Cash capital increase	(Note A)	-	-	120	367,500	-	-	-	-	(64,374)	120	303,126
PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Union Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	Equity-method investments	Cash capital increase	(Note A)	(Note B)	400,828	(Note B)	1,002,580	-	-	-	-	2,562	(Note B)	1,405,970
Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	FET Consulting Engineers Co., Ltd.	Equity-method investments	Cash capital increase	(Note A)	39,000	275,854	46,000	460,000	-	-	-	-	(174,358)	85,000	561,496
		Equity-method investments	Cash capital increase	(Note A)	17,572	(6,250)	61,994	619,937	15,064 (Note D)	-	-	-	(92,829)	64,502	520,858
New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	Overseas fund														
	Opas Fund Segregated Portfolio Tranche D	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	-	-	10	318,300 (Note C)	-	-	10	343,547	318,300 (Note C)	25,247	-	-	-
	Opas Fund Segregated Portfolio Tranche B	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	-	-	-	-	11	445,500	-	-	-	-	-	11	445,500 (Note C)
	Opas Fund Segregated Portfolio Tranche E	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	-	-	28	812,657 (Note C)	6	208,428	34	1,093,564	1,021,085 (Note C)	72,479	-	-	-
	Opas Fund Segregated Portfolio Tranche C	Available-for-sale financial assets - current	-	-	15	477,750 (Note C)	-	-	15	580,621	477,750 (Note C)	102,871	-	-	-

Notes: A. Subsidiary.

B. A private company.

C. The ending balances were shown as their investment cost without the adjustment of fair value.

D. The shares owned by Yuan Ding Company Ltd. were decreased since Ding Ding Hotel Co., Ltd. reduced its capital to offset its accumulated loss in November 2013.

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE CAPITAL STOCK FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Nature of		Transaction Detai	ls		Abnormal Tra	nsaction	Notes Payable or R	eceivable	Accounts Payable or	Receivable	
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Purchase/Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	Ending Balance	% to Total	Note
E Et N Ct C	Esperature Industria (Chanakai) I Ad	(N-4- D)	C-1	¢ (424.267)	(1)	D1	\$ -		s -		¢ 06.265	1	
Far Eastern New Century Corporation	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	(Note D) (Note D)	Sales Sales	\$ (424,367)	(1)	Based on contract Based on contract	5 -	-	\$ -	-	\$ 96,265 36,985	1	
	` ,			(342,029)	(1)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-		(16)	
	Oriental Petrochemical (Taiwan) Co., Ltd. Oriental Resources Development Ltd.	(Note D) (Note D)	Purchase Purchase	11,636,655 258,796	24	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(821,008)	(16)	
	Worldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd.	(Note D)	Sales	(1,689,648)	(2)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(23,860)	8	
					(3)		-	-	-	-	716,128	_	
	Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note D)	Purchase	252,315	1	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(68,903)	(1)	
	Everest Textile Co., Ltd.	(Note A)	Sales	(439,190)	(1)	Based on contract	-	-	2,283	1	7,926	-	
	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	(Note A)	Sales	(462,154)	(1)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Freudenberg Far Eastern Spunweb Co., Ltd.	(Note F)	Sales	(368,550)	(1)	Based on contract	-	-	28,527	11	56,806	1	
	Pet Far Eastern (M) Sdn. Bhd.	(Note D)	Sales	(105,423)	-	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	45	-	
	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note D)	Purchase	114,118	-	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(9,912)	-	
	Fu-Da Transport Corporation	(Note J)	Purchase	114,931	-	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(903)	-	
	Fu-Ming Transport Corporate	(Note J)	Purchase	105,678	-	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(1,790)	-	
Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note D)	Purchase	1,053,734	100	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(125,709)	(100)	
Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	586,627	23	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(221,417)	(26)	
	An Ho Garment (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note D)	Purchase	360,229	14	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(112,039)	(13)	
	Suqian Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd.	(Note D)	Purchase	121,516	5	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing	Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd.	(Note C)	Sales	(1,053,734)	(36)	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	125,709	21	
(Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(586,627)	(20)	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	221,417	37	
	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	183,219	11	Based on contract	-	_	_	_	(42,762)	(12)	
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)	Sales	(252,315)	(9)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	68,903	11	
Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(494,360)	(2)	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	41,648	1	
//	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)	Purchase	424,367	2	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	(96,265)	(3)	
	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	(Note C)	Sales	(8,757,059)	(32)	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	1,392,168	41	
	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	(Note E)	Purchase	7,650,573	28	Based on contract	_	_	(945,083)	(82)	(895,374)	(24)	
	Oriental Petrochemical (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	1,559,656	6	Based on contract	_	_	-	-	(324,613)	(9)	
	Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(1,624,036)	(6)	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	453,421	13	
	Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	119,571	-	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	(19,996)	(1)	
	Worldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(511,007)	(2)	Based on contract	_	_	_	_	137,780	4	
	Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(183,219)	(1)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	42,762	1	
Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)	Purchase	342,029	9	Based on contract	-	_	_	_	(36,985)	(55)	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	(Note C)	Sales	(793,679)	(20)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	102,305	34	
Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	494,360	11	Based on contract	-	_	_	_	(41,648)	(5)	
(2.11.11)	Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical (Yangzhou)	(Note E)	Purchase	821,279	19	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(253,877)	(33)	
	Corporation Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	(Note E)	Purchase	655,886	15	Based on contract	_	_	(161,935)	(100)	_	_	
	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghar) Corp. Oriental Petrochemical (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	976,384	23	Based on contract		_	(101,333)	(100)	(183,274)	(24)	
	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(3,359,635)	(83)	Based on contract		_	395,769	96	378,061	75	
			Duico	(2,227,022)	(02)	Dasca on Contract	_	_	373,107		3/0,001	13	1

Company Name Comp			Nature of		Transaction Deta			Abnormal Tra		Notes Payable or R		Accounts Payable or		
Park For Fastern (M) Self, Brid. Cross Fr. Sales (1,178,0,144) (14) Based on contract	Company Name	Related Party		Purchase/Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price		Ending Balance	% to Total	Ending Balance		Note
Park For Fastern (M) Self, Brid. Cross Fr. Sales (1,178,0,144) (14) Based on contract	Far Factorn Polychem Industries I td	Far Factorn Industries (Shanghai) I td	(Note D)	Durchasa	\$ 8.757.050	05	Rased on contract	\$		\$		\$ (1.302.168)	(95)	
Wathar File Eastern New Material Lail. Color School Sales (307,511) (4) Saust on countrad Saustrad Saus	a Lastern i oryenem madstres Eta.	` ' ' '						ψ - -	_	φ - -		, , ,		
Water Fr. Eastern New Material Lab. CNOR Declared Sales CNOR Declared CN		` ,						- -	_	_	_			
Trail								-	-	-	-			
Comparison Oriental Pernochemical (Shanghal) Comparison Compar	YDT Technology International Co., Ltd.	TECO Electric and Machinery Co., Ltd.	(Note I)	Sales	(163,466)	(60)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	32,519	28	
Comparison Oriental Pernochemical (Shanghal) Comparison Compar	Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(821,279)	(100)	Based on contract	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	253.877	100	
Cop. Far Eastern Manufaction (Studing) Lad. Far Eastern Manufaction (Manufaction) (Margha) Eastern Manufaction (Manufaction) Eastern Manufaction) Eas	(Yangzhou) Corporation							-	-	-	-		(19)	
Cop. Far Eastern Manufaction (Studing) Lad. Far Eastern Manufaction (Manufaction) (Margha) Eastern Manufaction (Manufaction) Eastern Manufaction) Eas	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai)	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(7,650,573)	(31)	Based on contract	-	_	945,083	35	895,374	43	
Far Eastern (Hodding) Ltd. Cover C Purchase Purchase Cover C Purchase Purchase Cover C Purchase	, ,			Sales			Based on contract	-	-	161,935	6	_	-	
PFF For Fusterin (Inding) 1 al. (Note C) Durchase 5,77(0.21 22 Hased on contract 1,200 Hased on co	•	Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical (Yangzhou)						-	-	-	-	34,169	2	
Lid. for Lastern Industries (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Price (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century Corporation of Note CO Surbou (Surbou) Lid. for Lastern My Century			(Note C)	Purchase	5,170,021	22	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(1,638,756)	(66)	
Factor F	Oriental Petrochemical (Taiwan) Co.,	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(1,559,656)	(7)	Based on contract	-	-	-	_	324,613	17	
Par Fastern New Century Corporation Par Fastern New Century Corporation Par Fastern New Century Corporation Par Fastern Spanweb Co., Ltd. Note C) Sales (258,796) (45) Based on contract 15,442 99 19,154 31	Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Sales	(976,384)	(4)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	183,274	9	
Freudesherg Far Eastern (Mother) Lid. For Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Lid. For Eastern Reverties Lid. For Eastern Polychem Industries Lid. For Eastern Polychem Industries Lid. For Eastern Reverties Lid. For Eastern Reverties Lid. For Eastern Reverties Lid. For Eastern Reverties Lid. For Eastern Industries Lid. For Eastern Reverties Lid. For Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Lid. For Eastern Reverties (Shanghai) Lid. For Eastern Industries Lid. For Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Lid. For Eastern Indu		Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)	Sales	(11,636,655)	(49)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	821,008	42	
Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. Oriental Facility (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. Oriental Corp. Oriental Petrolemical (Shanghai) Ltd. Oriental Petrolemical (Sh	Oriental Resources Development Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)		(258,796)	(45)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	23,860	38	
Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Weekentry Corporation (Note C) Sales (114,118) Coriental Indistries (WaXi) Ltd. Oriental Union Chemical Corp. Oriental Petrohemical (Shanghai) Ltd. Oriental Petrohemi		Freudenberg Far Eastern Spunweb Co., Ltd.	(Note H)	Sales	(183,492)	(32)	Based on contract	-	-	15,842	99	19,154	31	
Far Eastern New Material Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Starbou) Ltd. (Note D) Purchase 79,36.79 24 Based on contract - - - (102,305) (18)	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	3,359,635	70	Based on contract	-	-	(395,769)	(100)	(378,061)	(70)	
riental Textile (Holding) Ltd. Griental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note D) (Note D) Purchase 2,522,385 76 Based on contract		Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	(Note C)		(2,522,385)	(38)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	463,260	41	
Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note D) Purchase 2,522,385 76 Based on contract (463,260) (82) ar Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Union Chemical Corp. (Note H) Sales (177,611) (7) Based on contract (463,260) (82) ET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp. (Note D) Sales (5,170,021) (100) Based on contract 1,638,756 100 et Far Eastern My Sdn. Bhd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase (105,423) 7 Based on contract (453,433) (64) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase (105,423) 7 Based on contract (463,260) (45) Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (105,423) 7 Based on contract (453,421) (89) Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note E) Sales (115,516) (100) Based on contract		Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)	Sales	(114,118)	(2)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	9,912	1	
ar Fastern Investment (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Union Chemical Corp. (Note H) Sales (177,611) (7) Based on contract	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.					24	Based on contract	-	-	-	-		(18)	
ET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp. (Note D) Sales (5,170,021) (100) Based on contract 1,638,756 100 et Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Sales (360,229) (100) Based on contract 112,039 100 uqian Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note C) Sales (360,229) (100) Based on contract 112,039 100 uqian Far Eastern New Material Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Sales (119,571) (5) Based on contract (453,421) (89) Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Sales (19,571) (5) Based on contract (75,229) 40 (56,837) (11) /orldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase (18,64,648) (70 Based on contract (137,780) (16) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase (18,64,648) (70 Based on contract (137,780) (16) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase (18,64,648) (70 Based on contract (118,906) (32) (716,128) (33) Purchase (18,64,648) (70 Based on contract (118,906) (32) (716,128) (716		Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note D)	Purchase	2,522,385	76	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(463,260)	(82)	
et Far Eastern (M) Sdn. Bhd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase 1,338,064 105,423 7 Based on contract	Far Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd.	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	(Note H)	Sales	(177,611)	(7)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase 105,423 7 Based on contract (45) (12,039) 100 uqian Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note C) Sales (360,229) (100) Based on contract 112,039 100 Vuhan Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note C) Sales (121,516) (100) Based on contract (45) 112,039 100 Vuhan Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Polychem Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Sales (119,571) (5) Based on contract (453,421) (89) Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Sales (484,416) (20) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Polychem Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (387,613) 17 Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (387,613) 17 Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Polychem Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Polychem Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) 40 Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Purchase (16,000) Based on contract (57,529) A0 Far Eastern New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	(Note D)	Sales	(5,170,021)	(100)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	1,638,756	100	
In Ho Garment (Suzhou) Ltd. Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. (Note C) Sales (121,516) (100) Based on contract 112,039 100 Ltd. Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem (HK) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem (HK) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern Polychem (Note C) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern Relectronic Toll Collection Far Eastern Rele	Pet Far Eastern (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	1,338,064	93	Based on contract	-	-	-	_	(363,483)	(64)	
Luqian Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd. Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Sales (119,571) (5) Based on contract - - - - - - - - -		Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)	Purchase	105,423	7	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(45)	-	
Auhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Far Eastern New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co., Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co., Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co., Ltd. (Note I) Far Eastern Electronic Technology Corp. (Note I) Far Easte	An Ho Garment (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note C)	Sales	(360,229)	(100)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	112,039	100	
Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Sales (119,571) (5) Based on contract Co., Ltd. (Note E) Purchase Based on contract Co., Ltd. (Note I) Purchase Co.,	Suqian Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note C)	Sales	(121,516)	(100)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Purchase 387,613 17 Based on contract 67,529 40 (11) For Idwide Polychem (HK) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase 511,007 23 Based on contract (137,780) (16) (Note C) Purchase 1,689,648 77 Based on contract (716,128) (83) Far Eastern New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd. (Note E) Purchase 167,522 7 Based on contract (118,906) (32) TECO Electric and Machinery Co., Ltd. (Note I) Purchase 167,522 7 Based on contract (Note I) Purchase 160,973 4 Based on contract (Note I) Purchase 100,973 4 Based on contract	Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.		(Note E)			71		-	-	-	-	(453,421)	(89)	
Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. (Note E) Purchase 387,613 17 Based on contract (56,837) (11) For Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. (Note E) Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase 1,689,648 77 Based on contract (137,780) (16) Far Eastern New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd. (Note E) Purchase 167,522 7 Based on contract (118,906) (32) TECO Electric and Machinery Co., Ltd. (Note I) Purchase 167,522 7 Based on contract (118,906) (32) MiTAC Information Technology Corp. (Note I) Purchase 100,973 4 Based on contract		Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.						-	-	-	-		12	
Vorldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note E) Far Eastern New Century Corporation Are Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. MiTAC Information Technology Corp. (Note E) Purchase 511,007 1,689,648 77 Based on contract Co., Ltd. Co.								-	-	-	-			
Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) Purchase 1,689,648 77 Based on contract (716,128) (Note C) Purchase 1,689,648 New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd. (Note E) Purchase Co., Ltd. (Note I) Purchase 1,689,648 77 Based on contract (118,906) 1,689,648 78 Based on contract (118,906) 1,689,648 79 Based on contract		Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	387,613	17	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(56,837)	(11)	
Far Eastern New Century Corporation (Note C) New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. (Note I) (N	Worldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd.							-	-	-	-			
Co., Ltd. TECO Electric and Machinery Co., Ltd. (Note I) Purchase 167,522 7 Based on contract		Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C)	Purchase	1,689,648	77	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(716,128)	(83)	
Co., Ltd. TECO Electric and Machinery Co., Ltd. (Note I) Purchase 167,522 7 Based on contract						19		-	-	-	-	(118,906)	(32)	
	Co., Ltd.					7		-	-	-	-	-	-	
ar Eastern Construction Co., Ltd. Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd. (Note D) Purchase 265,932 41 Based on contract - - (64,026) (18)		MiTAC Information Technology Corp.	(Note I)	Purchase	100,973	4	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Far Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd.	(Note D)	Purchase	265,932	41	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(64,026)	(18)	

		Nature of		Transaction Deta			Abnormal Tra	_	Notes Payable or R		Accounts Payable or		
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Purchase/Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	Ending Balance	% to Total	Note
Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd.	Ya Tung Ready-mixed Concrete Corp. Far Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	(Note J) (Note C)	Purchase Construction revenue	\$ 384,830 (437,669)	10 (11)	Based on contract Based on contract	\$ - -	- -	\$ (24,943)	(12)	\$ (126,183) 64,026 Billingsonconstruction -in-progress	(17) 15	
	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.	(Note H)	Construction revenue	(602,772)	(15)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	1,703,260 23,031 Billingsonconstruction -in-progress	10 5	
	Far Eastern Memorial Hospital	(Note J)	Construction revenue	(147,172)	(4)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	3,055,966 4,983 Billingsonconstruction -in-progress 512,719	17 1 3	
Far Eastern Fibertech Co., Ltd.	Everest Textile Co., Ltd.	(Note H)	Sales	(211,743)	(9)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	9,260	5	
Yuan Cheng Human Resources Consultant Corp.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	Operating revenue	(120,770)	(33)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	9,688	100	
Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd. Pacific SOGO Department Stores	(Note H) (Note J)	Sales Sales	(188,922) (154,813)	(14) (12)	Based on contract Based on contract	-			-	53,687 80,953	22 33	
Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	(Note D)	Cost of telecommunications services, marketing expense and purchase	14,841,805	27	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(1,116,586)	(8)	
		ar 5)	Operating revenue	(306,074)	-	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	220,664	4	
	New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	(Note D)	Operating revenue Cost of telecommunications services	(1,243,727) 2,148,747	(2) 5	Based on contract Based on contract	- -	-	-	-	2,364 (Note B) (419,996)	(3)	
	KGEx.com Co., Ltd. O-music Co., Ltd.	(Note D) (Note D)	Operating revenue Cost of telecommunications services	(136,611) 101,429	-	Based on contract Based on contract	-	-	-		36,837 (25,532)		
	Yuan Cheng Human Resources Consultant Corp.	(Note E)	Professional services fee	120,770	1	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(9,688)	-	
New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	(Note C)	Operating revenue	(2,148,747)	(16)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(Note G) 419,996	35	
			Cost of telecommunications services	1,243,727	13	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(2,364)	-	
	KGEx.com Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	Cost of telecommunications	181,635	2	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(17,030)	(2)	
	Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co.,	(Note E)	services Operating revenue	(454,970)	(3)	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	118,906	10	
	Sino Lead Enterprise Ltd.	(Note D)	Cost of telecommunications services	131,123	1	Based on contract	-	-	-	-	(60,399)	(8)	
Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	(Note C)	Operating revenue Purchase and Cost of telecommunications services	(14,841,805) 306,074	(77)	Based on contract Based on contract	-	-	-	-	1,116,586 (220,664)	89 (16)	
	Linkwell Tech Co., Ltd. Homet Master Technology Co., Ltd.	(Note E) (Note E)	Operating revenue Operating revenue	(177,284) (213,615)	(1) (1)	Based on contract Based on contract	-			-	8,020 25,058	1 2	

		Nature of	Transaction Details				Abnormal Trai	saction	Notes Payable or Receival	ole A	Accounts Payable or I	Receivable	
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Purchase/Sale	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance 7% Tot		Ending Balance	% to Total	Note
KGEx.com Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	(Note C)	Cost of telecommunications services	\$ 101,429	15	Based on contract	\$ -	-	\$		\$ (36,837)	(38)	
	New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	Operating revenue	(181,635)	(27)	Based on contract	-	-			17,030	17	
Linkwell Tech Co., Ltd.	Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	177,284	16	Based on contract	-	-			(8,020	(9)	
Homet Master Technology Co., Ltd.	Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	Purchase	213,615	93	Based on contract	-	-			(25,058)	(86)	
O-music Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	(Note C)	Operating revenue	(101,429)	(99)	Based on contract	-	-			25,532	99	

Notes: A. Equity-method investee.

B. All interconnect revenues, costs and collection of international direct dial revenue between Far EasTone and NCIC were settled at net amounts and were included in accounts payable - related parties.

C. Parent company.

D. Subsidiary.

E. Same ultimate parent company.

F. Equity-method investee equity-method of FENC's subsidiary.

G. The receivables collected by Far EasTone for NCIC.

H. Equity-method investee equity-method of FENC.

I. The board of directors of are the board of directors of FENC's subsidiary, Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co., Ltd.

J. The chairman of the ultimate parent company is the chairman of FENC.

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE CAPITAL STOCK FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

				Turnover	Ove	rdue	Amounts Received	Allowance for
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	in Subsequent Period	Bad Debts
Far Eastern New Century Corporation	Worldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd.	(Note D)	\$ 716,128	2.92	\$ -	-	\$ 483,667	\$ -
Far Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd.	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	(Note C)	537,557	(Note F)	-	-	US\$ 16,960	-
Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd. Worldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd.	(Note E) (Note C) (Note C)	1,392,168 453,421 137,780	7.37 2.97 3.51	- - -	- - -	RMB 283,249 RMB 75,151 RMB 13,931	- - -
Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	(Note E)	102,305	4.87	-	-	RMB 20,360	-
Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note C)	773,830	5.11	-	-	773,830	-
Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	Pet Far Eastern (M) Sdn. Bhd.	(Note C)	363,483	3.54	-	-	HK\$ 72,981	-
Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note C)	253,877	6.47	-	-	RMB 28,157	-
Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note C) (Note C)	1,840,457 161,935	4.29 3.64		- -	1,840,457 161,935	-
Oriental Petrochemical (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation	(Note C) (Note C) (Note E)	324,613 183,274 821,008	2.94 6.23 13.85	- - -	- - -	324,613 183,274 821,008	- - -
Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	(Note E)	463,260	6.27	-	-	463,260	-
PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	(Note D)	1,638,756	2.86	-	-	RMB 115,111 US\$ 20,739	-
Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel Holding Ltd. Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E) (Note C)	125,709 221,417	9.44 3.73		- -	US\$ 3,573 RMB 44,332	-
An Ho Garment (Suzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	(Note E)	112,039	3.27	-	-	RMB 22,795	-
Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd. New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	(Note D) (Note D)	220,664 295,267	8.62 (Note B)		- -	162,663 106,473	-
New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd. Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co., Ltd.	(Note E) (Note C)	5,727,218 118,906	(Note G) 7.59		- -	465,929 48,874	
Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	(Note E)	1,116,586	13.63	-	-	1,094,085	-

Notes:	Α.	For the re	ceivables	from the	financing to	affiliates.	please refe	er to Sc	hedule D.
T TOTOL.		I OI HILO I C	certacies	II OIII tile	IIIIaiiciii, c	, alliliacos,	prouse rer	JI 10 DU	neadle D.

- B. The turnover rate was not calculated because the receivables of Far EasTone were the payment made for NCIC's daily operating expenditures and the management service charges to NCIC.
- C. Same ultimate parent company.
- D. Subsidiary.
- E. Parent company.
- F. The turnover rate was not calculated because the expenses of Pet Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd. were the payments made for its subsidiary, Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.
- G. The turnover rate was not calculated because revenues and the costs due from the Internet hook-up and international phone call services between Far EasTone and NCIC were paid (received) at net amounts, which were recognized under accounts payable to affiliates.

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND OTHER INFORMATION OF INVESTEES ON WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

			Location Main Businesses and Products Dec	Investment Amount Balance as of December 31, 2013				(7) 6.0		Investment
Investor	Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Shares (Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Gain (Loss) Notes
Far Eastern New Century Corporation	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	\$ 2,652,282	\$ 2,652,282	735,795	22.33	\$ 13,152,974	\$ 6,806,043	\$ 1,176,382 Gain or loss recognized under the treasury stock method. 19,900 thousand shares pledged or mortgage.
										as collaterals for loans (Note A)
	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	1,254,158	1,254,158	237,029	16.80	4,669,823	2,165,564	363,815 (Note A)
	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	1,176,211	1,176,211	81,216	9.17	1,468,586	1,265,295	116,142 Including write off and reversed by upstream transactions \$114 (Note A)
	Everest Textile Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Chemical fiber production	1,689	1,689	129	0.03	1,417	229,727	69 (Note A)
	Oriental Securities Corp.	Taiwan	Broker	159,823	159,823	140,278	19.65	2,050,493	342,571	67,315 (Note A)
	Pacific Liu Tong Investment Co., Ltd. (Note E)	Taiwan	Investment	810,000	810,000	67,500	16.83	1,763,666	989,253	166,491 (Note A)
	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment	100,041	100,019	1,822,821	99.40	39,521,606	5,875,625	5,844,998 Including write off and reversed by upstream and sidestream transactions \$4.627 (Note B)
	Far Eastern Resources Development Co.	Taiwan	Real estate leasing and development service	14,931,733	14,931,733	557,354	100.00	25,484,146	(158,586)	(140,255) Including write off and reversed by sidestream transactions NT\$18,331
	Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	7,195,409	7,165,924	116	100.00	8.298.825	(38,653)	(Note B) (38,653) (Note B)
	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	7,193,409	7,103,924	830,815	73.04	7,750,790	(155,313)	(38,033) (Note B) (113,441) (Note B)
	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment	5,850,000	5,850,000	705,147	100.00	7,591,280	279,284	288,874 Including write off and reversed by upstream and sidestream transactions \$9,590 (Note B)
	Kai Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment	999,993	999,993	302,844	100.00	5,037,632	408,187	408,227 Including write off and reversed by upstream transactions \$40 (Note B)
	Far Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	5,833,333	5,833,333	1,700	100.00	6,910,285	497,877	497,877 (Note B)
	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	4,245,203	3,420,603	264	88.35	5,785,936	(341,321)	(287,222) Including premium and discount amortization \$9,727 (Note B)
	Oriental Petrochemical (Taiwan) Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	7,897,641	4,875,315	881,078	75.56	6,609,736	(1,267,186)	(957,350) Including write off and reversed by upstream transactions NT\$136 (Note B)
	Far Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Real estate construction and selling	143,450	143,450	188,875	65.11	2,802,883	386,894	251,907 (Note B)
	Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	Taiwan	Real estate construction and selling	857,511	857,447	186,929	37.13	3,089,946	538,683	199,117 Gain or loss recognized under the treasury stock method (Note B)
	An Ho Garment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment	1,023	1,023	66,346	100.00	1,670,580	210,870	210,871 Including write off and reversed by upstream transactions \$1 (Note B)
	Ding Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment	2,000,062	2,000,062	205,000	100.00	2,664,434	145,908	Including write off and reversed by sidestream transactions \$(10,665) (Note B)
	FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	676,315	676,315	244	50.43	432,711	(315,157)	(158,934) (Note B)
	Fu Kwok Garment Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Garment production	9,129	9,129	3,999	99.99	159,971	11,778	11,777 (Note B)
	Ding Ding Hotel Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Hotel	393,651	249,795	19,772	19.00	159,694	(164,448)	(31,245) (Note B)
	Far Eastern Textile Ltd.	Taiwan	Chemical fiber production	1,000	1,000	100	100.00	1,235	92	92 (Note B)
Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Telecommunications	2,723,598	2,723,598	1,066,658	32.73	23,779,149	11,770,520	- 43,145 thousand shares pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for loans (Note A)
	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	1,041,479	1,169,816	72,915	8.23	1,411,485	1,265,295	- (Note A)
	Everest Textile Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Chemical fiber production	470,103	470,103	118,869	25.23	1,053,103	229,727	- (Note A)
	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	263,935	419,748	9,510	0.29	262,849	6,806,043	- (Note A)
	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	123,123	123,123	5,593	0.40	151,511	2,165,564	- (Note A)
	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. Oriental Securities Corp.	Bermuda Taiwan	Investment Broker	1,392,692 255,424	1,392,692 255,424	306,644 185,247	26.96 25.96	2,860,916 2,814,232	(155,313) 342,571	 (Note A) 78,125 thousand shares pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for loans (Note A)

_	_	_			nt Amount		e as of December	31, 2013	Net Income	Investment
Investor	Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Shares (Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Gain (Loss) Notes
				2013	2012	(Thousands)	Ownership		investee	
	Pacific Liu Tong Investment Co., Ltd. (Note E)	Taiwan	Investment	\$ 796,491	\$ 796,491	59,827	14.92	\$ 1,476,822	\$ 989,253	\$ - (Note A)
	Liquid Air Far East Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Industrial gas production and selling	504,806	329,809	86,615	35.00	1,442,695	577,156	- (Note A)
	Yuan Ding Company Ltd.	Taiwan	Real estate construction and selling	188,846	188,846	64,759	12.86	1,077,243	538,683	- 16,500 thousand shares pledged or
			6			,,,,,		,,,,,,	,	mortgaged as collaterals for loan (Note A)
	Far Eastern International Leasing Corp.	Taiwan	Leasing	1,012,057	1,012,057	75,269	16.87	1,149,053	175,978	- (Note A)
		Taiwan	Investment	673,704	673,704	98,198	18.96	983,313	1,692,651	- (Note A)
	Da Ju Fiber Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Polyester production	263,790	263,790	20,282	41.86	596,475	76,711	- (Note A)
		Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	207,839	203,770	60,590	5.20	448,658	(1,267,186)	- (Note A)
	Yuan Ding Leasing Corp.	Taiwan	Real estate construction and selling	319,380	319,380	36,706	46.20	420,032	21,255	- (Note A)
		Taiwan	Production of nonwoven industrial	144,786	144,797	13,052	29.80	316,540	228,626	- (Note A)
	Ltd.	Tur wuri	fabrics	111,700	111,777	13,032	29.00	310,310	220,020	(Note 11)
	Yue Ming Corp.	Taiwan	Trading	97.852	97.852	1,468	45.50	71,004	54,503	- (Note A)
	Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Real estate construction	14.682	14.682	1,400	1.00	20,103	240,853	- (Note A)
	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	5,842,331	5,606,913	89	100.00	6,592,725	457,939	- (Note B)
	Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Sale of textile, garments, and clothing	2,179,442	2,179,442	111	100.00	2,370,356	(6,526)	- (Note B)
		Taiwan	Nylon production	585,000	585,000	79,241	100.00	1,025,910	203,534	- (Note B)
	Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sale of textile, garments, and clothing	287,984	287,984	24,736	100.00	363,484	11,558	- (Note B)
	Oriental Resources Development Ltd.	Taiwan	Waste recycling and processing	338,188	338,188	34,242	70.00	348,109	16,090	- (Note B)
	Yuan Faun Ltd.	Taiwan	PET bottle production and selling	51,671	51,671	5,000	100.00	122,768	4,305	- (Note B)
			121 bottle production and seming			ŕ			,	
r Eastern Investment (Holding) Ltd.	FETG Investment Antilles N.V.	Netherlands Antilles	Investment	US\$ 6	US\$ 6	6	100.00	639,740	71,384	- (Note B)
	Filsyn Corporation	Philippines	Polychemical products	PESO 225,324	PESO 225,324	45,066	21.85	-	(19,838)	- (Note A)
	PET Far Eastern (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Bottle production	MYR 8,000	MYR 8,000	-	50.00	160,509	69,689	- (Notes B and C)
	Com 2B	Cayman Islands	E-business	US\$ 3,375	US\$ 3,375	9,000	20.00	15,816	(126,621)	- (Note A)
	Far Eastern Apparel (Vietnam) Ltd.	Vietnam	Clothing production	US\$ 9,000	US\$ 9,000	-	100.00	273,889	3,449	- (Note B and D)
	Worldwide Polychem (HK) Ltd.	Hong Kong	Polyester production	US\$ 3,500	US\$ 3,500	2,700	100.00	86,063	(18,694)	- (Note B)
	Opas Fund Segregated Portfolio Company	Cayman Islands	Investment	US\$ 51	US\$ 51	-	34.00	1,549	20	- (Note A)
ng Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	375,512	375,512	12,962	0.39	389,278	6,806,043	- (Note A)
	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	53,506	53,506	2,562	0.18	67,220	2,165,564	- (Note A)
	Everest Textile Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Chemical fiber production	149,480	149,122	8,958	1.90	70,670	229,727	- (Note A)
	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	387,687	387,687	16,183	1.83	444,871	1,265,295	- (Note A)
	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Telecommunications	38,457	38,457	920	0.03	41,430	11,770,520	- (Note A)
	Pacific Liu Tong Investment Co., Ltd. (Note E)	Taiwan	Investment	90,000	90,000	9,000	2.24	215,909	989,253	- (Note A)
	Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	95,624	95,624	9,057	13.20	220,263	94,264	- (Note A)
ai Yuan International Investment Co., Ltd.	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	483,448	576,395	19,811	0.60	536,815	6,806,043	- (Note A)
	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Telecommunications	793,702	702,436	34,149	1.05	1,154,845	11,770,520	 24,868 thousand shares pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for loan (Note A)
	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	526,597	570,251	25,834	2.92	531,704	1,265,295	- (Note A)
		Taiwan	Department store operations	519,473	488,020	20,267	1.44	563,004	2,165,564	- (Note A)
	Kowloon Cement Corp.	Hong Kong	Cement production	226,896	226,896	1,127	49.00	389,516	52,752	- (Note A)
	Far Eastern International Leasing Corp.	Taiwan	Leasing	1,026,489	1,026,489	74,970	16.80	1,149,231	175,978	- (Note A)
	Pacific Liu Tong Investment Co., Ltd. (Note E)	Taiwan	Investment	90,000	90,000	9,000	2.24	215,909	989,253	- (Note A)
r Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	US\$ 17,622	US\$ 17,622	35	11.65	807,754	(341,321)	- (Note A)
•	FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	US\$ 29,240	US\$ 29,240	240	49.57	425,332	(315,157)	- (Note A)
	Far Eastern Ishizuka Green Pet Corporation	Japan	PET bottle production and selling	JPY 1,200,000	-	120	80.00	303,126	(49,985)	- (Note B)
r Eastern Construction Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern General Contractor Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Real estate construction	271,587	271,587	138,507	98.95	1,805,635	240,853	- (Note B)
ar Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd.	Asia Cement Corporation Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Taiwan	Cement production Department store operations	216,959 29	216,959 29	17,379 5	0.53 0.01	461,190 88	6,806,043 94,264	- (Note A) - (Note A)
ar Eastern Apparei Co., Ltd.	Far Eastern Techical Consultants Co, Ltd.	Taiwan	Real estate development business	3,864	3,864	450	9.00	4,236	94,204	- (Note A)
2	Sold Plan		consulting and management	2,301	2,031	.50	7.00	.,255	,,,,,,	(
ETG Investment Antilles N.V.	Waldorf Services B.V.	Netherlands	Investment	US\$19	US\$19	2	100.00	637,497	71,520	- (Note B)
Valdorf Services B.V.	Cemtex Apparel Inc.	Philippines	Clothing O.E.M.	PESO 9,000	PESO9,000	90	50.00	(10,853)	(2,462)	- (Note A)
	Malaysia Garment Manufactures Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Garment production	SGD 3,000	SGD3,000	30	37.92	58,839	5,768	- (Note A)
		Philippines	Garment production	US\$ 290	US\$290	59	41.00	(11,752)	(782)	- (Note A)
	ĺ	1	1	1	1	I	1	1		

_	_				nt Amount		e as of December	31, 2013	Net Income	Investment	
Investor	Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Shares (Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Gain (Loss)	Notes
						Ì	_				
n Ho Garment Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Telecommunications	\$ 748,158	\$ 748,158	40,818	1.25	\$ 1,089,543	\$ 11,770,520	\$ -	26,750 thousand shares pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for loar
		m :		206 551	154.045	5.074	0.10	215.560	6 00 6 0 4 2		(Note A)
	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	206,551	154,847	5,974	0.18	215,568	6,806,043	-	(Note A)
	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	4,814	4,814	154	0.02	4,796	1,265,295	-	(Note A)
	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	10,483	10,483	363	0.03	10,912	2,165,564	-	(Note A)
	Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	111,997	111,997	10,751	15.66	163,202	94,264	-	(Note A)
	Pacific Liu Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment	67,285	67,285	4,841	1.21	121,814	989,253	-	(Note A)
	(Note E) Oriental Securities Corp.	Taiwan	Duolson	95,103	95,103	5,890	0.83	89,825	342,571		(Note A)
	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Broker Investment	148,994	148,994	5,502	0.83	162,999	5,875,625	-	(Note A)
	Tuan Ding investment Co., Ltd.	Taiwaii	mvestment	140,994	140,994	3,302	0.30	102,999	3,673,023	_	(Note A)
an Faun Ltd.	Yuan Cheng Human Resources Consultant Corp.	Taiwan	Personnel recruitment	7,304	7,304	750	55.56	12,686	5,029	-	(Note B)
Kwok Garment Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co.,	Taiwan	Telecommunications	19,663	19,663	520	0.02	19,831	11,770,520	-	(Note A)
	Ltd.										
an Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	Pacific Liu Tong Investment Co., Ltd. (Note E)	Taiwan	Investment	90,000	90,000	9,000	2.24	215,909	989,253	-	(Note A)
	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Telecommunications	2,246,035	2,246,035	100,237	3.08	2,840,643	11,770,520	-	37,500 thousand shares pledged or mortgaged as collaterals for loa (Note A)
	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	888,648	888.648	28,019	0.85	926,190	6,806,043		(Note A)
	Oriental Union Chemical Corp.	Taiwan	Petrochemical materials production	1,350,827	1,217,558	35,939	4.06	1,408,742	1,265,295	-	(Note A)
	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	1,159,521	1,038,926	38,842	2.75	1,221,427	2,165,564	-	(Note A)
	Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co.,		Electronic toll collection service	787,104	787,104	77,257	11.98	382,701	(258,552)	-	(Note A)
	Ltd.										
	Liquid Air Far East Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Industrial gas production and selling	20	17	1	-	21	577,156	-	(Note A)
	Freudenberg Far Eastern Spunweb Co.,	Taiwan	Production of nonwoven industrial	34	-	1	-	33	228,626	-	(Note A)
	Ltd.		fabrics								
	Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	1,874,310	1,615,490	30	92.56	30,320	(221,938)	-	(Note B)
an Ding Company Ltd.	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co.,	Taiwan	Telecommunications	100,412	100,412	4,164	0.13	112,984	11,770,520	-	(Note A)
	Ltd. Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co.,	Taiwan	Electronic toll collection service	977,650	977,650	96,312	14.93	471,643	(258,552)	-	(Note A)
	Ltd.	m :	** . 1	645.001	175 722	64.500	61.00	520.050	(1.64.440)		ar . D
	Ding Ding Hotel Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Hotel	645,021	175,722	64,502	61.99	520,858	(164,448)	-	(Note B)
	YDT Technology International Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic material and relevant by-product sale	100,000	100,000	13,992	100.00	372,207	109,515	-	(Note B)
	Far Eastern Techical Consultants Co, Ltd.	Taiwan	Real estate development business consulting and management	45,182	45,182	4,550	91.00	54,831	9,579	-	(Note B)
	FET Consulting Engineers Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Business consulting	822,701	362,701	85,000	100.00	561,496	(178,702)	-	(Note B)
	Ding Ding Integrated Marketing Services Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Marketing	240,000	240,000	8,577	60.00	115,927	46,864	-	(Note B)
	Far Eastern Electronic Commerce Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic information providing services	239,130	150,250	23,913	53.08	87,334	(125,440)	-	(Note B)
	Yu Yuan Investment Co.	Taiwan	Investment	411,187	411,187	129,637	25.02	2,376,988	1,692,651	-	(Note A)
	FEDS Asia Pacific Development Co., Ltd.		Department store operations	100,000	100,000	10,350	5.00	126,782	168,363		(Note A)
	YDC (Virgin Islands) Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment	US\$ 200	US\$ 200	200	17.7	7,591	(631)	-	(Note B)
	Yue Ming Corp.	Taiwan	Trading	787	787	32	1.00	755	54,503	-	(Note A)
	Yue Ding Industry Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Department store operations	22,676	22,676	1,779	2.59	26,622	94,264	-	(Note A)
	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	136,037	136,037	5,224	0.16	167,855	6,806,043	-	(Note A)
	Yuan Hsin Digital Payment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Other financing and supporting services	60,000	-	6,000	21.05	52,576	(37,119)	-	(Note A)
ng Ding Integrated Marketing Services Co.,	Far Eastern Electronic Commerce Co.,	Taiwan	Electronic information providing	745	289	96	0.18	289	(125,440)	-	(Note B)
Ltd.	Ltd. Yuan Hsin Digital Payment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	services Other financing and supporting services	45,030	-	4,503	15.80	39,482	(37,119)	-	(Note A)
ET Consulting Engineers Co., Ltd.	DDIM (Virgin Islands) Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment	384,970	237,000	-	100.00	81,105	(181,574)	-	(Notes B and D)
DT Technology International Co., Ltd.	YDC (Virgin Islands) Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment	US\$ 930	US\$ 930	930	82.30	35,298	(631)		(Note B)
71 100 miorogy miornational Co., Liu.	Asia Cement Corporation	Taiwan	Cement production	862	862	59	02.30	1,906	6,806,043		(Note A)
	Far Eastern Department Stores Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Taiwan	Department store operations	51,673	51,673	2,710	0.19	94,077	6,806,043 2,165,564		(Note A)
	Everest Textile Co., Ltd.	Taiwan Taiwan	Chemical fiber production	16,173	16,173	793	0.19	6,459	2,165,364 229,727		(Note A)
	ICVERSI LEXIDE CO. LTO	1 1 × 11 M/MII		10.1/3	10.1/3	1 /91	U.I./	n 419	7.7.9.17.1		DINOP A1

				Investmen	nt Amount	Balanc	e as of December	31, 2013	Net Income	Investment		
Investor	Investee	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	Shares (Thousands)	Percentage of Ownership	Carrying Value	(Loss) of the Investee	Gain (Loss)		Notes
Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Type I & II telecommunications services	\$ 22,249,283	\$ 27,243,773	2.100.000	100.00	\$ 25,163,575	\$ 1,853,999	s -	(Note B)	
ar Eastone Telecommunications con, East	ARCOA Communication Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Type II telecommunications services,	1,295,035	1,295,035	82,009	61.07	1,279,810	267,556		(Note B)	
	THEOTI Communication Co., Etc.	Tur war	sales of communications products and	1,275,055	1,275,055	02,009	01.07	1,277,010	207,550		(Frote B)	
			office equipment									
	KGEx.com Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Type II telecommunications services	2.540.442	2.540.315	112,391	99.99	855.232	(12,078)	_	(Note B)	
	Far Eastern Info Service (Holding) Ltd.	Bermuda	Investment	92,616	92,616	1	100.00	5,358	(139,274)	_	(Note B)	
	Yuan Cing Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Call center services	101,371	96,379	19,350	99.99	111,363	10,120	-	(Note B)	
	E. World (Holdings) Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment	82,883	82,883	6,015	85.92	93,188	3,256	-	(Note B)	
	Far EasTron Holding Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment	150,000	150,000	4,487	100.00	25,590	485	-	(Note B)	
	O-music Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic information providing	25,000	25,000	2,500	50.00	(152)	(16,162)	-	(Note B)	
	·		services	,	,	,		` ′	, , ,		,	
	Hiiir Digital Marketing Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Electronic information providing	80,000	-	8,000	80.00	59,580	(20,336)	-	(Note B)	
			services	,		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , ,		,	
	Q-Ware Communication Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Type II telecommunications services	832,038	832,038	33,983	81.46	(29,304)	(42,701)	-	(Note B)	
	Far Eastern Electronic Commerce Co.,	Taiwan	Electronic information providing	80,893	42,020	6,691	14.85	24,064	(125,440)	-	(Note A)	
	Ltd.		services	·					, , ,		l`	
	Far Eastern Electronic Toll Collection Co.,	Taiwan	Electronic toll collection service	2,542,396	2,542,396	254,240	39.42	844,978	(258,552)	-	(Note A)	
	Ltd.										l`	
	Yuan Hsin Digital Payment Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Other financing and supporting services	90,000	-	9,000	31.58	78,330	(37,119)	-	(Note A)	
	Ding Ding Integrated Marketing Services	Taiwan	Marketing	60,000	60,000	2,144	15.00	28,353	46,864	-	(Note A)	
	Co., Ltd.											
	iScreen Corporation	Taiwan	Information services	100,000	100,000	4,000	40.00	15,587	(7,458)	-	(Note A)	
	Alliance Digital Technology	Taiwan	Electronic information providing	30,000	-	3,000	19.23	28,514	(7,729)	-	(Note A)	
			services									
Arcoa Communication Co., Ltd.	DataExpress Infotech Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sale of communications products	141,750	141,750	9,214	70.00	192,236	15,322	-	(Note B)	
lew Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.	New Diligent Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Investment	800,000	800,000	80,000	100.00	691,645	(21,877)	-	(Note B)	
•	Information Security Service Digital	Taiwan	Security and monitoring service via	148,777	148,777	14,878	100.00	98,435	1,265	-	(Note B)	
	United Co., Ltd.		Internet									
	Digital United (Cayman) Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Investment	132,406	102,442	4,320	100.00	50,316	(8,029)		(Note B)	
	Simple InfoComm Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Type II telecommunications services	34,000	34,000	3,400	100.00	20,887	157	-	(Note B)	
	Far Eastern Electronic Commerce Co.,	Taiwan	Electronic information providing	28,922	15,030	2,392	5.31	8,603	(125,440)	-	(Note A)	
	Ltd.		services									
	Ding Ding Integrated Marketing Services	Taiwan	Marketing	20,000	20,000	715	5.00	9,451	46,864	-	(Note A)	
	Co., Ltd.											
lew Diligent Co., Ltd.	Sino Lead Enterprise Limited	Hong Kong	Telecommunication services	125	125	-	100.00	317	(82)		(Note B)	
	Far Eastern New Diligent Company Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Investment	US\$ 4,500	-	-	100.00	84,482	(28,711)	-	(Note B)	
OataExpress Infotech Co., Ltd.	Linkwell Tech. Ltd.	Taiwan	Sale of communications products	10,000	10,000	_	100.00	43,902	1,945	_	(Note B)	
	Home Master Technology Ltd.	Taiwan	Sale of communications products	9,999	9,999	_	99.99	12,889	5,824		(Note B)	
	Jing Yuan Technology Ltd.	Taiwan	Data Processing service	10.000	10,000	_	100.00	9,330	(665)	_	(Note B)	
	g			10,000	10,000		- 30.00	7,550	(005)		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	

Notes: A. Equity-method investee.

B. Subsidiary.

C. Included 5,000 thousand common shares and 3,000 thousand preferred shares.

D. A private company

E. The investor opened a trust account in Shanghai Bank in Taipei on September 26, 2002 to acquire the ownership of Pacific Liu Tung Investment Co., Ltd.

F. Shares in thousand.

G. Investment in mainland china, please refer to Schedule J.

INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Renminbi and U.S. Dollars)

				1	Investme	ent Flows	Accumulated						
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note A)	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2013	Outflow	Inflow	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2013	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note B)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2013 (Note C)	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2013	Note
Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd.	Manufacture and distribution of PET staple, PET filament, polyester top, PET performs, draw textured yarn, spinning yarn, knit fabrics, woven fabrics, knit garments and woven garments.	\$ 9,242,163	2	\$ 3,700,967	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,700,967	\$ 273,883	100.00	\$ 273,883	\$ 8,483,067	\$ 853,493	Notes D and E
Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Manufacture and distribution of knit garments, woven garments, non-knit garments, and nonwoven garments and accessories.	1,005,497	2	1,010,901	-	-	1,010,901	(52,195)	100.00	(52,195)	1,318,906	233,172	Notes F and G
Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	Manufacture and distribution of combed cotton yarn, 60/40 poly/cotton blended yarn, 65/35 poly/cotton blended yarn, spun yarn, woven fabrics, greige woven fabrics, print woven fabrics, piece dyed woven fabrics and bleached woven fabrics.	2,366,428	2	2,018,430	-	-	2,018,430	173,979	100.00	173,979	3,414,857	96,245	Note H and I
Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Manufacture and distribution of PTA and its by-products.	7,381,689	2	2,976,148	-	-	2,976,148	(640,780)	61.35	(393,118)	5,670,548	951,077	Note J
Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	Manufacture and distribution of weaving, dyeing and finishing of novelty fabrics, high-value engineered textiles industrial woven fabrics and scraps.	1,814,977	2	1,342,854	-	-	1,342,854	61,765	100.00	61,765	2,112,558	44,289	Notes H and S
Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Manufacture and distribution of polyester chips, partially oriented yarn, fully oriented yarn, and polyester yarn.	1,938,327	2	1,765,319	-	-	1,765,319	(326,865)	100.00	(326,865)	634,287	-	Note K
Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.	Manufacture and distribution of PET chips, PET performs and garments and its by-products	840,699	2	724,110	-	-	724,110	358	100.00	358	947,958	-	
Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Manufacture and distribution of PET performs and high-value engineered textiles industrial woven fabrics and scraps	4,113,101	2	3,421,559	235,418	-	3,656,977	357,432	100.00	357,432	3,672,809	-	Note H

				1. 1.1	Investme	ent Flows	Accumulated						
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment (Note A)	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2013	Outflow	Inflow	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2013	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss) (Note B)	Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2013 (Note C)	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income as of December 31, 2013	Note
Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd.	Investment	\$ 1,821,900	2	\$ 1,577,040	\$ 29,485	\$ -	\$ 1,606,525	\$ 20,552	100.00	\$ 20,552	\$ 2,094,308	\$ -	
Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Brewery	1,572,569	2	1,446,552	-	-	1,446,552	(171,076)	100.00	(171,076)	65,281	-	Note L
Martens Beers Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	Brewery	355,385	2	168,938	31,535	-	200,473	(16,371)	100.00	(16,371)	17,685	-	Note L
Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	PA and its by-product production and sale	7,143,221	2	4,181,323	-	-	4,181,323	796	60.00	478	4,311,642	-	
Far Eastern Industries (Yangzhou) Ltd.	PA and its by-product production	1,518,255	2	1,436,190	-	-	1,436,190	2,038	100.00	2,038	1,503,586	-	
Far Eastern Union Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	PA and its by-product production	2,927,462	2	592,750	824,600	-	1,417,350	(96,215)	50.00	(48,108)	1,405,970	-	
Shanghai Yuan Zi Information Co., Ltd.	Software development, equipment maintenance and consulting	62,470	3	-	-	-	-	67	100.00	67	65,414	-	
Shanghai Far Eastern Petrochemical Logistic Ltd.	Transportation	93,385	3	-	-	-	-	6,475	100.00	6,475	97,671	-	
An Ho Garment (Suzhou) Ltd.	Garment production	4,915	3	-	-	-	-	6,492	100.00	6,492	43,935	-	
Suqian Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd.	Garment production and accessories	117,960	3	-	-	-	-	(71,020)	100.00	(71,020)	50,295	-	
Yuan Ding Enterprise (Shanghai) Ltd.	Software development	29,485	3	-	-	-	-	-	100.00	-	29,490	-	
Yuan Ding Integrated Information Service (Shanghai) Inc.	Computer software and internet software design and development	396,410	2	240,330	-	-	240,330	(184,100)	100.00	(184,100)	81,178	-	Note M
Speedy (Shanghai) Digital Tech. Co., Ltd.	Intelligent control equipment and security monitoring products and services	32,140	2	24,220	-	-	24,220	1,968	100.00	1,968	40,544	-	Note N
Far Eastern Tech-Info Ltd. (Shanghai)	Computer software, data processing and provision of network information.	74,513	2	92,616	-	-	92,616	(119,963)	100.00	(119,963)	53,278	-	Note O
Digital United Information Technologies (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Research and design of computer system	92,396	2	62,591	29,805	-	92,396	(8,211)	100.00	(8,211)	30,572	-	Note P
Far Eastern New Century Information Technology (Beijing) Limited	Electronic information providing services	154,986	2	-	119,220	-	119,220	(38,961)	79.04	(30,298)	218,320	-	Notes Q and R
New Diligence Corporation (Shanghai)	Consulting services, supporting services, and wholesale of machinery and equipment.	33,590	1	33,590	-	-	33,590	-	-	-	-	-	Note R

	Investee Company	 rd Remittance for Investment a as of December 31, 2013	nts Authorized by Investment mission, MOEA	1.1	he Amount of Investment tment Commission, MOEA
Far East	ern New Century Co., Ltd. (Note, U and V)	\$ 16,420,516	\$ 20,159,599	\$	-

Notes: A. Investment type as follows:

- 1. The Group made the investment directly.
- 2. The Group made the investment through a company registered in a third region. The companies registered in a third region are Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd., PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd., Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd., FEDP (Holding) Ltd., Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd., Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd., YDC (Virgin Islands) Ltd., Far Eastern Info Service (Holding) Ltd., Digital United (Cayman) Ltd., and Far Eastern New Diligent Company Ltd.
- 3. Other.
- B. Recognition of gains/losses was based on the following three information:
 - 1. Financial statements of these companies, which were audited by an international accounting firm with a cooperative relationship with an ROC accounting firm: Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd., Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Limited, Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd., Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp., Far Eastern Spinning Weaving and Dyeing (Suzhou) Ltd., Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd., Far Eastern
- 2. Financial statements of these companies, which were audited by the parent company's accounting firm: Far Eastern Tech-info Ltd. (Shanghai), Digital United Information Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd., New Diligence Tech-info (Shanghai) Ltd. and Far Eastern New Century Information Technology (Beijing) Limited.
- 3. Others: Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd., Martens Beers Trading (Shanghai) Ltd., Yuan Ding Integrated Information Service (Shanghai) Inc., Speedy (Shanghai) Digital Tech. Co., Ltd., Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation, Far Eastern Industries (Yangzhou) Ltd., Far Eastern Union Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation., Shanghai Yuan Zi Information Co., Ltd., Shanghai Far Eastern Petrochemical Logistic Ltd., An Ho Garment (Suzhou) Ltd., Suqian Far Eastern Apparel Co., Ltd. and Yuan Ding Enterprise (Shanghai) Ltd.
- C. The ending balance of investment recognized by parent company.
- D. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan wasNT\$3,700,967 thousand which NT\$3,134,807 thousand where from the Company and the other was from Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.
- E. As of December 31, 2013, the remitted amount of profit of investment was the total cash dividend of Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd received by FENC and Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.
- F. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was NT\$1,010,901 thousand which NT\$509,725 thousand was remitted by FENC the other was by Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.
- G. As of December 31, 2013, the profit of investment was cash dividend paid by Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd. remitted through an FENC subsidiaries, Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. and Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd.
- H. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was remitted by Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.
- I. As of December 31, 2013, the profit of investment was cash dividend paid by Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd. remitted through an FENC subsidiaries, Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.
- J. As of December 31, 2013, the profit of investment was cash dividend paid by Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp. remitted through an FENC subsidiaries, PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.
- K. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was NT\$1,765,319 thousand which NT\$1,099,293 thousand was remitted by FENC, and the other was by subsidiaries, Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. and Yuan Tong Investment Corporation.
- L. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was remitted by an FENC subsidiary, Yuan Tong Investment Corporation.
- M. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was remitted by an FENC subsidiary, YDT Technology International Co., Ltd. and FET Consulting Engineers Co., Ltd.
- N. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was remitted by an FENC subsidiary, YDT Technology International Co., Ltd.
- O. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was remitted by an FENC subsidiary, Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.
- P. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was remitted by an FENC subsidiary, New Century InfoComm Tech Co., Ltd.
- Q. On June 27, 2012, New Diligence Corporation (Shanghai) remitted back to Taiwan US\$73,000, the investment registered with the Investment Commission of the MOEA, and wrote off this same amount.
- R. As of December 31, 2013, the accumulated outflow of investment from Taiwan was remitted by an FENC subsidiary, New Diligent Co., Ltd.
- S. As of December 31, 2013, the profit of investment was cash dividend paid by Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd. remitted through an FENC subsidiaries, Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd.
- T. The accumulated investment in mainland China of US\$551,209 thousand was the actual amount remitted for the investment in Mainland China by FENC.
- U. Investment amounts authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA were included by US\$662,915 thousand, RMB77,000 thousand and RMB6,695 thousand which was the original investment from Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. and approved by Investment Commission under the Ministry of Economic Affairs.
- V. Based on MOEA Approval Letter No. 10001153440, there is no cap on the amount of the Company's investment.

INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA - INVESTMENT TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Auth	orized by Inve	estment Commission	, MOEA			Investment Type	2		
Investee Company	Investor Company	Date	MOEA Approval Letter No.	Through Investor Company in Third Area	Investment Amount (US\$)	Investor Company's Own Capital	Investor Company in Third Area Using Dividends Received from Investee (US\$)	Financed from Financial Institutions in Third Area (US\$)	Comp Third Using I Capi Inv	estor pany in I Area Its Own ital to vest [S\$)
Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd	. Far Eastern New Century Corporation Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern New Century Corporation Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation	1996.07.09 2004.12.29 2004.12.30 2004.11.03 2004.12.29 2004.11.02 2004.12.29 2006.11.01 2008.06.27 2008.04.18	No. 84015136 No. 093032400 No. 093032090 No. 093032240 No. 0930322402 No. 093032239 No. 093032089 No. 09500287850 No. 09700163440 No. 09700045490 No. 09900142680 (Note D)	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	\$ 6,000 24,000 1,712 1,540 3,879 7,014 15,898 6,313 31,779 56,000 4,800 8,198 (Note E) 11,500	\$ 6,000 24,000 31,779 56,000 4,800	\$ 1,712 3,879 7,014 15,898	\$ 1,540 6,313		
Far Eastern Apparel (Suzhou) Ltd.	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern New Century Corporation	1996.10.16 2003.10.30 2006.05.23 2008.03.31	No. 85016219 No. 092033299 No. 09500112650 No. 09700038490	Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	10,000 5,000 11,000 5,000	10,000 5,000 11,000 5,000				
Far Eastern Industries (WuXi) Ltd.	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	2002.06.21 2005.11.03	No. 091011903 No. 094024169	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	19,960 40,000	19,960 40,000				
Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Corp.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2009.11.17	No. 09800408170 (Note B)	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	1,228				\$	1,228
	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2009.11.17 2008.06.27 2008.04.18	No. 09800408160 (Note C) No. 09700163430 No. 09700045500	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd. PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	6,592 49,500 4,800 2,936 (Note F)	49,500 4,800				6,592

	Autho	Investment Type							
Investee Company	Investor Company	Date	MOEA Approval Letter No.	Through Investor Company in Third Area	Investment Amount (US\$)	Investor Company's Own Capital	Investor Company in Third Area Using Dividends Received from Investee (US\$)	Financed from Financial Institutions in Third Area (US\$)	Investor Company in Third Area Using Its Own Capital to Invest (US\$)
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2009.12.25	No. 09800456740	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	\$ 41,171	\$ 41,171			
Far Eastern Dyeing & Finishing (Suzhou) Ltd.	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	2003.10.31 2008.10.13	No. 092033525 No. 09700348610	Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Apparel (Holding) Ltd.	20,000 30,000	20,000 30,000			
Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	2002.11.26	No. 091035216	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	9,352				\$ 9,352
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2004.10.11	No. 093025506	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	1,569			\$ 1,569	
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2004.10.14	No. 093030298	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	713				713
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2010.10.12	No. 09900403430 (Note H)	FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	5,288	5,288			
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2006.11.01	No. 09500287850	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	4,524	4,524			
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2008.04.18	No. 09700045510	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	4,800 754	4,800			
	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2010.12.29	No. 09900470520 (Note I)	FEDP (Holding) Ltd.	(Note G) 18,224	18,224			
Oriental Industries (Suzhou) Ltd.	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.	2005.08.01 2006.02.09 2007.10.02 2008.09.01	No. 094015006 No. 094037416 No. 09600280400 No. 09700172130	Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd. Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	19,800 30,200 23,000 32,500	19,800 30,200 23,000 32,500			
	Yuan Ding Investment Co., Ltd.			Oriental Textile (Holding) Ltd.	8,000	8,000			
Wuhan Far Eastern New Material Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern New Century Corporation Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2006.05.19 2009.06.29 2010.12.21	No. 09500090070 No. 09800135640 No. 09900470530	Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	12,000 10,000 RMB 6,695	12,000 10,000			RMB 6,695
Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd. (Note A)	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2006.08.01	No. 09500124430	Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	48,000	48,000			
Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Ltd.	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	2007.08.02 2008.02.21 2011.10.27	No. 09600248620 No. 09600451060 No. 10000446910 (Note L)	Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd. Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd. Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	18,000 12,000 16,000	18,000 12,000 16,000			
				Bockhold N.V Martens HK Ltd. Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	38	38			

	Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA					Investment Type							
Investee Company	Investor Company	Date	MOEA Approval Letter No.	Through Investor Company in Third Area	Investment Amount (US\$)	Investor Company's Own Capital	Investor Company in Third Area Using Dividends Received from Investee (US\$)	Financed from Financial Institutions in Third Area (US\$)	Comp Third Using Cap	estor pany in d Area Its Own ital to t (US\$)			
Martens Beers Trading (Shanghai) Ltd.	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd. Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	2008.12.10 2010.07.29	No. 09700456110 No. 09900284200	Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd. Bockhold N.V Martens HK Ltd.	\$ 3,800 4,304	\$ 3,800			\$	4,304			
		2011.10.27	No. 10000446910 (Note L)	Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd. Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	1,500	1,500							
				Bockhold N.V Martens HK Ltd.	282	282							
	Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd.	2013.11.28	No. 10200451570 (Note N)	Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd. Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd.	1,100	1,100							
Far Eastern Tech-Info Ltd. (Shanghai)	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	2004.08.26	No. 093018811	Far Eastern Info Service (Holding) Limited	2,500	2,500							
Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2011.06.23	No. 10000021360 (Note J)	Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	166,000	166,000							
Far Eastern Industries (Yangzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2012.03.30	No. 10100043080	Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd.	49,000	49,000							
Far Eastern Union Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2012.08.31	No. 10100115020 (Note M)	PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd.	100,000	100,000							
Yuan Ding Enterprise (Shanghai) Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2013.11.08	No. 10200399280	Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd.	1,000	1,000							
Far Eastern E-Resource (Yangzhou) Ltd.	Far Eastern New Century Corporation	2013.12.26	No. 10200417560 (Note O)	Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd.	RMB 77,000	RMB 77,000							
Yuan Ding Integrated Information	YDT Technology International Co.,	2011.10.19	No. 10000429550	YDC (Virgin Islands) Ltd.	110	110							
Service (Shanghai) Inc.	Ltd. FET Consulting Engineers Co., Ltd.	2011.11.03	No. 10000439470	DDIM (Virgin Islands) Ltd.	8,100	8,100							
Speedy (Shanghai) Digital Tech. Co., Ltd.	YDT Technology International Co., Ltd.	2004.02.11	No. 093003471	YDC (Virgin Islands) Ltd.	300	300							
Far Eastern Tech-Info Ltd. (Shanghai)	Far EasTone Telecommunications Co., Ltd.	2005.02.05 2004.08.26	No. 094003122 No. 093018811	YDC (Virgin Islands) Ltd. Far Eastern Info Service (Holding) Ltd.	500 2,500	500 2,500							

	Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA				Investment Type						
Investee Company	Investor Company I	Date	MOEA Approval Letter No.	Through Investor Company in Third Area	Investment Amount (US\$)	Investor Company's Own Capital	Investor Company in Third Area Using Dividends Received from Investee (US\$)	Financed from Financial Institutions in Third Area (US\$)	Third Area		
Digital United Information Technologies (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.	Ltd.			Digital United (Cayman) Ltd. Digital United (Cayman) Ltd.	\$ 3,100 1,000	\$ 1,000			\$	3,100	
New Diligence Corporation (Shanghai)	New Diligent Co., Ltd. 200'	07.08.08	No. 09600261870	New Diligent Co., Ltd. (Note P)	1,127	1,127					
Far Eastern New Century Information Technology (Beijing) Limited	New Diligent Co., Ltd. 2012	12.11.19	No. 10100496420	Far Eastern New Diligent Company Ltd.	4,000	4,000					

Notes: A. Far Eastern New Century (China) Investment Ltd. invested US\$30,000 thousand in Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. and US\$16,000 thousand in Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Ltd.

- B. Document No. 092035971 has been canceled and replaced with document No. 09800408170.
- C. Document No. 092035970 has been canceled and replaced with document No. 09800408160.
- D. The approved amount of US\$12,000 thousand as stated in document No. 09800283970 dated September 18, 2009 had been changed to US\$11,500 thousand while awaiting the completion of the-review process on April 19, 2010.
- E. The shares offered for the privatization of FEPI had antidilutive effects; thus, FEPI's ownership of and amount invested in Far Eastern Industry (Shanghai) Ltd. increased.
- F. The shares offered for the privatization of FEPI had antidilutive effects; thus, FEPI's ownership of and amount invested in Oriental Petrochemical (Shanghai) Ltd. increased.
- G. The shares offered for the privatization of FEPI had antidilutive effects; thus, FEPI's ownership of and amount invested in Far Eastern Industries (Suzhou) Ltd. Increased.
- H. Under the original investment scheme, the investment in Far Eastern Industry (Suzhou) Ltd. was made indirectly though Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. and FEDP (Holding) Ltd. under the approval stated in Letter No. 09600059830 of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA). After a scheme modification, this investment was made indirectly only though FEDP (Holding) Ltd. under the MOEA's approval (Letter No. 09900403430).
- I. After obtaining MOEA approval (No. 09900470520), FENC received from FEDP (Holding) Ltd the equity of Yuan Tong Investment Co., Ltd. amounting US\$18,224 thousand. (MOEA approval No. 09600243260).
- J. After obtaining MOEA approval (No. 10000021360), FENC made its subsidiary, Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd., indirectly invest US\$166,000 thousand in Far Eastern Yihua Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Corporation. As of September 30, 2013, FENC paid US\$139,400 thousand in this indirect investment.
- K. After obtaining the MOEA's approval (Letter No. 10000380580), FENC made its subsidiary, Far Eastern Polychem Industries Ltd. indirectly invest RMB136,000 thousand in Far Eastern Industries (Shanghai) Ltd. However, as of June 30, 2013, FEPI had remitted this indirect investment of RMB136,000 thousand back to Taiwan and the prior approval of the MOEA had been obtained on August 8, 2013.
- L. After obtaining MOEA approval (No. 10000446910), FENC made its subsidiary, Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd., indirectly invest US\$17,820 thousand in Sino Belgium (Suzhou) Limited and Martens Beers Trading Shanghai) Ltd. As of December 31, 2013, FENC paid US\$17,500 thousand as its indirect investment.
- M. After obtaining MOEA approval (No. 10100115020), FENC made its subsidiary, PET Far Eastern (Holding) Ltd., indirectly invest US\$100,000 thousand in Far Eastern Union Petrochemical (Yangzhou) Ltd. As of December 31, 2013, FENC remitted US\$48,000 thousand to this indirect investment.

 (Continued)

- N. After obtaining MOEA approval (No. 10200451570), FENC made its subsidiary, Sino Belgium (Holding) Ltd. indirectly invest US\$1,100 thousand in Martens Beers Trading (Shanghai) Ltd. As of December 31, 2013, FENC remitted US\$1,065 thousand to this indirect investment.
- O. After obtaining MOEA approval (No. 10200417560), FENC made its subsidiary, Far Eastern Polytex (Holding) Ltd. indirectly invest RMB77,000 thousand in Far Eastern E-Resource (Yangzhou) Ltd. As of December 31, 2013, FENC has yet to make any remittance to this indirect investment.
- P. On June 27, 2012, New Diligence Corporation (Shanghai) remitted back to Taiwan US\$73 thousand, the investment registered with the MOEA's Investment Commission, which then canceled this amount.